

## FIJI ELECTRICITY AUTHORITY

## **BIDDING DOCUMENT**

**TENDER NUMBER: MR09/2017** 

**TENDER NAME:** Replacement of 132kV Transmission Line Lattice Steel Towers

| 1. | Scope of Bid     | The Fiji Electricity Authority (hereinafter referred to as "the Employer"), wishes to receive bids for Replacement of 132kV Transmission Line Lattice Steel Towers, as specified in these bidding documents.  |
|----|------------------|---|
| 2. | Eligible Bidders | This Invitation to Bid is open to bidders who have sound technical and financial background and have relevant previous experience.  Bidders shall provide such evidence of their continued eligibility satisfactory to the Employer as the Employer may reasonably request.  Bidders shall not be under a declaration of ineligibility for corrupt or fraudulent practices.   |
| 3. | Site Visit       | Monday 30 <sup>th</sup> January 2017 and Tuesday 31st January 2017. Interested Bidders are to report to the Reception at FEA Navutu Depot in Lautoka at 09:00hrs for tender discussion, followed by Site Visit.  Bidders are to arrange their own 4x4 vehicles for transportation to site.  FEA Navutu Depot can be located on Google Maps as follows: <a "copy="" -="" 132kv="" 2="" 2017="" 3="" all="" also="" an="" and="" as="" be="" bear="" before="" bid="" bidders="" closing="" comprising="" copies="" copy="" date="" do="" each="" envelope.="" envelopes="" following="" for="" href="https://www.google.com.fi/maps/place/Fiji+Electricity+Authority+-+Navutu+Depot+-+Lautoka/@-17.6278109,177.4286896,17z/data=!4m12!1m6!3m5!1s0x6e176712a626ac13:0xec45c17ac7885ca4!2sFiji+Electricity+Authority+-+Navutu+Depot+-+Lautoka!8m2!3d-17.6278109!4d177.4308783!3m4!1s0x6e176712a626ac13:0xec45c17ac7885ca4!8m2!3d-17.6278109!4d177.4308783?hl=en  Bidders are to contact the following phone numbers for any guidance or directions for site visit: +679 – 8903198 or +679 – 9999299&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;4.&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;Qualification of&lt;br&gt;the Bidder&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;To be qualified for award of Contract, bidders shall submit proposals regarding manufacturing and construction methods, scheduling and resourcing which shall be provided in sufficient detail to confirm the bidder's capability to fulfil the supply contract.&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;5.&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;Cost of Bidding&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;The bidder shall bear all costs associated with the preparation and submission of its bid and the Employer will in no case be responsible or liable for those costs.&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;6.&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;Sealing, Marking and Submission of Bids&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;Bidders are required to submit both Electronic copies of the Bid and hard copies of the Bid.  Tender Submission - Instruction to bidders  Hard Copy Submission Three (3) hard copies of the tender bids in sealed envelope shall be deposited in the tender box located at the Supply Chain Office at the FEA Head Office, 2 Marlow Street, Suva, Fiji.  The bidder shall seal the original hardcopy of the bid comprising of both the technical proposal and the price proposal, in one envelope, and clearly mark the envelope as: " identification:="" individually="" inner="" lattice="" line="" mark="" marking="" mr09="" not="" of="" open="" original="" outer="" proposal="" proposal".="" provide="" replacement="" sealed="" shall="" steel="" tender="" th="" the="" them="" time.<="" towers="" transmission="" within="" •=""></a> |
|    |                  | DO NOT OF LIVIDER CLOSING DATE AND THISE.   |

All envelopes shall also indicate the name and address of the Bidder on the reverse of the envelope.

The inner and outer envelopes shall be addressed to the Employer as follows:

TENDER MR09/2017 – Replacement of 132kV Transmission Line Lattice Steel Towers
The Secretary - Tender Committee,
c/o Supply Chain Office,
Fiji Electricity Authority,
Private Mail Bag, 2 Marlow Street,
Suva, Fiji Islands

All postage or courier charges for delivery of Tender documents must be paid by the bidders. It is the responsibility of the bidder to pay courier chargers and all other cost associated with the delivery of the hard copy of the Tender submission.

#### This tender closes at 4:00pm, on Wednesday 1st of March, 2017.

All late tenders, and inadequately marked envelopes shall be returned to the Tenderers unopened. (Bids via e-mail or fax will not be considered).

For further information or clarification on the submission of bids, please contact our Supply Chain Office on phone (+679) 3224360 or (+679) 9991587

Hard copies of the Tender bid will also be accepted after the closing date and time provided a <u>soft copy is uploaded in the e-Tender Box</u> and it is dispatched before the closing date and time.

#### **Electronic Submission of Bids**

It is mandatory for Bidders to upload an electronic submission their bid in the **TENDER LINK** Electronic Tender Box no later than **4:00pm, on Wednesday 1<sup>st</sup> of March, 2017.** 

To register your interest and tender a response, view 'Current Tenders' at: <a href="https://www.tenderlink.com/fea">https://www.tenderlink.com/fea</a>

For further information contact The Secretary Tender Committee, by e-mail TDelairewa@fea.com.fj

Tenders received after the closing date shall not be considered.

- will not be considered.
- > Lowest bid will not necessarily be accepted as successful bid.

## 7. Deadline for Submission of Bids

Bids must be received by the Employer at the address specified above **4:00pm or 16:00hrs, on Wednesday 1st of March, 2017.** 

The Employer may, at its sole discretion, extend the deadline for submission of bids by issuing an addendum, in which case all rights and obligations of the Employer and the bidders previously subject to the original deadline will thereafter be subject to the deadlines

|     |   | extended.   |  |  |  |
|-----|---|---|--|--|--|
| 8.  | Late Bids   | Any bid received by the Employer after the deadline for submission of bids prescribed will be rejected and returned unopened to the bidder.   |  |  |  |
| 9.  | Modification and<br>Withdrawal of<br>Bids                                 | The bidder may modify or withdraw its bid after bid submission, provided that written notice of the modification or withdrawal is received by the Employer prior to the deadline for submission of bids.  The bidder's modification or withdrawal notice shall be prepared, sealed, marked and delivered, with the outer and inner envelopes additionally marked "MODIFICATION" or "WITHDRAWAL", as appropriate. A withdrawal notice may also be sent by fax but must be followed by a signed confirmation copy.  |  |  |  |
| 10. | Employer's Right<br>to Accept any Bid<br>and to Reject any<br>or all Bids | No bid may be modified by the bidder after the deadline for submission of bids.  The Employer reserves the right to accept or reject any bid, and to annul the bidding process and reject all bids, at any time prior to award of Contract, without thereby incurring any liability to the affected bidder or bidders or any obligation to inform the affected bidder or bidders of the grounds for the Employer's action.  |  |  |  |
| 11. | Notification of Award   | Prior to expiration of the period of bid validity prescribed by the Employer, the Employer will notify the successful bidder by fax/email, confirmed by registered letter, that its bid has been accepted. This letter (hereinafter and in the Conditions of Contract called the "Letter of Award") shall name the sum which the Employer will pay the Bidder in consideration of the execution, completion and maintenance of the Works by the Bidder as prescribed by the Contract (hereinafter and in the Conditions of Contract called "the Contract Price"). The notification of award will constitute the formation of the Contract.  The Employer will promptly notify the other bidders that their bids have been unsuccessful.   |  |  |  |
| 12. | Corrupt or Fraudulent Practices   | The Employer requires that the Bidder observe the highest standard of ethics during the procurement and execution of such contracts. In Pursuance of this policy, the Employer:  (a) defines, for the purposes of this provision, the terms set forth below as follows:  (i) "corrupt practice" means behavior on the part of officials in the public or private sectors by which they improperly and unlawfully enrich themselves and/or those close to them, or induce others to do so, by misusing the position in which they are placed, and it includes the offering, giving, receiving or soliciting of anything of value to influence the action of any such official in the procurement process or in contract execution; and  (ii) "fraudulent practice" means a misrepresentation of facts in order to influence a procurement process or the execution of a contract to the detriment of the Employer, and includes collusive practice among bidders (prior to or after bid submission) designed to establish bid prices at artificial non-competitive levels and to deprive the Employer of the benefits of free and open competition;  (b) will reject a proposal for tender award if it is determined that the bidder has engaged in corrupt or fraudulent practices in competing for the contract in question. |  |  |  |

#### **Tender Submission - Instruction to bidders**

It is mandatory for Bidders to upload a copy of their bid in the TENDER LINK Electronic Tender Box no later than 4:00pm, on Wednesday 1<sup>st</sup> of March, 2017.

To register your interest and tender a response, view 'Current Tenders' at: <a href="https://www.tenderlink.com/fea">https://www.tenderlink.com/fea</a>

For further information contact The Secretary Tender Committee, by e-mail TDelairewa@fea.com.fj

In additional, hard copies of the tender, one original and one copy must be deposited in the tender box located at the FEA Head Office, 2 Marlow Street, Suva, Fiji no later than **4:00pm, on Wednesday 1**<sup>st</sup> of March, **2017** - Addressed as

Tender – MR09/2017
Replacement of 132kV Transmission Line Lattice Steel Towers
The Secretary Tender Committee
Fiji Electricity Authority
Head Office
Suva
Fiji

➤ Hard copies of the Tender bid will also be accepted after the closing date and time provided a <u>soft</u> <u>copy is uploaded in the e-Tender Box</u> and it is dispatched before the closing date and time.

Tenders received after 4:00pm on the closing date of Wednesday 1st of March, 2017.

- > will not be considered.
- Lowest bid will not necessarily be accepted as successful bid.
- ➤ It is the responsibility of the bidder to pay courier chargers and all other cost associated with the delivery of the hard copy of the Tender submission.

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Contract : FEA Tower Replacement 2016 FIDIC Contract No.: MR09/2017 Contents

## PART 1

# FIDIC CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT FOR CONSTRUCTION FOR BUILDING WORKS DESIGNED BY THE EMPLOYER (RED BOOK)

THE FIDIC 'CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT FOR CONSTRUCTION FOR BUILDING WORKS DESIGNED' are available for purchase from <a href="http://fidic.org">http://fidic.org</a>

## PART 2

## TENDER LETTER AND APPENDICES OF SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### **TENDER LETTER AND APPENDICES OF**

#### **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

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#### TENDER LETTER

Contract No.: MR09/2017

Contract Name.: Replacement of 132kV Transmission Line Lattice Steel Towers

TO: Fiji Electricity Authority

Suva FIJI

We have examined the Conditions of Contract, Specification, Drawings, Price Schedule, the other Schedules, the attached Appendix and Addenda Nos (list Addenda Nos if applicable) for the execution of the abovenamed Works. We offer to execute and complete the Works and remedy any defects therein in conformity with this Tender which includes all these documents, for the sum of (insert amount) or such other sum as may be determined in accordance with the Conditions of Contract.

We accept your suggestions for the appointment of the DAB, as set out in Schedule

[We have completed the Schedule by adding our suggestions for the other Member of the DAB, but these suggestions are not conditions of this offer ].\*

We agree to abide by this Tender until 60 days from the date of this letter and it shall remain binding

upon us and may be accepted at any time before that date. We acknowledge that the Appendix forms part of this Letter of Tender.

If this offer is accepted, we will provide the specified Performance Security, commence the Works as soon as is reasonably practicable after the Commencement Date, and complete the Works in accordance with the abovenamed documents within the Time for Completion.

Unless and until a formal Agreement is prepared and executed this Letter of Tender, together with your written acceptance thereof, shall constitute a binding contract between us.

We understand that you are not bound to accept the lowest or any tender you may receive.

Signature (sign) in the capacity of (insert position)

duly authorised to sign tenders for and on behalf of

(name and address of Contractor)

Date: (date)

\* If the Tenderer does not accept, this paragraph may be deleted and replaced by:

We do not accept your suggestions for the appointment of the DAB. We have included our suggestions in the Schedule, but these suggestions are not conditions of this offer. If these suggestions are not acceptable to you, we propose that the DAB be jointly appointed in accordance with Sub-Clause 20.2 of the Conditions of Contract.

#### APPENDIX TO TENDER LETTER

[Note: with the exception of the items for which the Employer's requirements have been inserted, the following information must be completed before the Tender is submitted ]

| ltem                             | Sub-Clause    | Data  |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---|
| Employer's name and address      | 1.1.2.2 & 1.3 | Fiji Electricity Authority<br>2 Marlow Street<br>Suva<br>FIJI   |
| Contractor's name and address    | 1.1.2.3 & 1.3 | (name and address of Contractor)  |
| Engineer's name and address      | 1.1.2.4 & 1.3 | LineTech Consulting NZ Limited (or any other competent engineer, to be finalised prior to contract signing)   |
| Time for Completion of the Works | 1.1.3.3       | <ul> <li>De-energized periods of works:</li> <li>132kV Wailoa-Nadarivatu-Vuda Line, maximum of One         <ul> <li>(1) Line Outage of 14 hours duration</li> </ul> </li> <li>132kV Nadarivatu Power         <ul> <li>House to Switchyard Double Circuit Transmission Line:</li></ul></li></ul> |
| Defects Notification Period      | 1.1.3.7       | 180 days  |
| Electronic transmission systems  | 1.3           | 365 days  |
| Governing Law                    | 1.4           | Laws of Fiji  |
| Ruling language                  | 1.4           | English   |
| Language for communications      | 1.4           | English   |
| Time for access to the Site      | 2.1           | From 1 <sup>st</sup> May 2017<br>to 30 <sup>th</sup> November, 2017<br>24 hours a day   |
| Amount of Performance Security   | 4.2           | 28 days after Commencement Date 10% of the Accepted Contract Amount, in the currencies and proportions in which the Contract Price is payable   |

| Normal working hours            | 6.5             | 8am to 6pm Monday to Saturday  |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Delay damages for the Works     | 8.7 & 14.15(b). | FJ\$50,000 per hour for the 132kV Wailoa-Nadarivatu-Vuda Line that the de-energized work exceeds the periods specified above as Time for Completion of the Works  FJ\$30,000 per hour for the 132kV Nadarivatu Power House to Switchyard Double Circuit Transmission Line, that the de- energized work exceeds the periods specified above as Time for Completion of the Works  1% per day for each day that any pending works exceeds 30th November, 2017 |
| Maximum amount of delay damages | 8.7             | 25% of Contract Price  |
| Initials of signatory of Tender |                 |  |

| Total advance payment  | 14.2               | 10% of the Accepted Contract Amount against Bank Guarantee from approved Bank  |
|--|--------------------|--|
| Number and timing of instalments   | 14.2               | One payment within 30 days of Acceptance of the Contract   |
| Currencies and proportions   | 14.2               | (insert agreed currency)   |
| Repayment of advance payment   | 14.2(a)            | The advance payment shall be deducted from the Payment Certificate Amounts in proportion of those amounts relative to the Accepted Contract Amount |
| Percentage of retention  | 14.3               | 10% of the Payment Certificate Amounts   |
| Limit of Retention Money   | 14.3               | 10% of the Accepted Contract Amount  |
| Minimum amount of Interim Payment<br>Certificates                                    | 14.6               | 10% of the Accepted Contract Amount  |
| If payments are only to be made in a currency/o                                      | currencies named o | on the first page of the Letter of Tender:   |
| Currency/currencies of payment   | 14.15              | as named in the Letters of Tender  |
| Periods for submission of insurance: (a) evidence of insurance (b) relevant policies | 18.1<br>18.1       | Within 7 days after Commencement Date OR Within 7 days after Commencement Date of Signing of Contract (Whichever is earlier)                       |
| Maximum amount of deductibles for insurance of the Employer's risks                  | 18.2(d)            | FJD \$5000   |
| Minimum amount of third party insurance  | 18.3               | Contractor's All Risk Insurance: FJD \$2M<br>Public Liability Insurance: FJD \$2M<br>Workers Compensation: FJD \$1M                                |
| Date by which the DAB shall be appointed   | 20.2               | 28 days after the Commencement Date  |
| The DAB shall be   | 20.2               | One sole Member/adjudicator  |
| Appointment (if not agreed) to be made by  | 20.3               | The President of FIDIC or a person appointed by the President  |

Initials of signatory of Tender

#### **APPENDIX TO THE TENDER LETTER**

#### 1.0 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The following information shall be submitted with the Tender:

#### 1.1 Form A - Exceptions and Deviations

The Tenderer shall detail each exception to or deviation from the Tender Document including Part 4 General Conditions of Contract

#### 1.2 Form B - Contract Programme

The Tenderer shall provide a programme for the Contract.

#### 1.3 Form C - Sub-contractor Listing

The Tenderer shall provide a full list of sub-contractors and suppliers proposed for involvement in the Works.

#### 1.4 Form D – Contract Specific Systems Information

The Tenderer shall answer questions on Form D detailing contract specific compliance with the safety, quality and environmental requirements of the Contract.

#### 1.5 Form E - Labour, Plant and Equipment Rates

The Contractor shall provide a list of all labour, plant and equipment that will be utilised in executing the Works, indicating thereon the net hourly rates to apply in the format provided in Form E.

#### 1.6 Form F - Overheads and Profit

The Contractor shall indicate the percentage additions required to net rates and costs of labour, plant and equipment, sub-contractors and materials supplied, where used in formulation of prices to relate to variations and for dayworks, in the format provided in Form F.

#### 1.7 Form G – Project Methodology

The Tenderer shall provide a method statement in the format provided in Form G.

#### 1.8 Form H – Organisation Structure

The Tenderer shall provide details on its proposed resources and Contract structure in the format provided in Form H.

#### 1.9 Form I – Schedule of Prices

The Tenderer shall complete the Schedules of Prices indicating the make up of the Tender sum. The Schedules shall be completed in the format provided in Form I.

#### **FORM A - EXCEPTIONS AND DEVIATIONS**

| Tenderer's Name   |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| List below any exceptions and deviations proposed to any part of the Tender Documents. Precise reference to appropriate clauses or sub-clauses is essential. No amendments to the Tender Document will be recognise unless expressly listed herein. If no exceptions or deviations are proposed by the Tenderer, enter "None pelow. |  |  |  |  |  |
| If any modification to the original Tender is proposed after submission of the Tender, but before the closing date, a revised Form A should be submitted if appropriate.  |  |  |  |  |  |
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#### **FORM B - CONTRACT PROGRAMME**

The Tenderer shall submit with the Tender a proposed Programme for carrying out the Works, incorporating the required key dates indicated in Part 2 - Scope and Programme of Works and showing the activities necessary throughout the Contract period. The response required will depend upon the price tendered for the work.

The Programme should include as a minimum, a logic diagram of approximately 20 activities, scheduled barchart, manpower histogram and cost `S' curves.

The logic network and respective barchart should include:

- (i) The scheduled start and finish dates for each activity.
- (ii) The float associated with the scheduled dates.
- (iii) The identification of all milestone dates.
- (iv) The critical path clearly shown.
- (v) The key dates as listed in Part 2.
- (vi) Material procurement delivery dates.

Additional information required is:

- (i) Manpower histograms and cumulative `S' curves.
- (ii) Details on holidays and/or shutdown work patterns.
- (iii) And any other information the Tenderer considers will assist in understanding the Tenderers proposal and methodology.

#### **FORM C - SUB-CONTRACTOR LISTING**

| Name and address of Sub-<br>contractor | Description of Sub-contractor's<br>Work Scope | Comments and Quality Assu<br>Standard |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|
|  |   |                                       |
|  |   |                                       |
|  |   |                                       |
|  |   |                                       |

**Sub-contractor** means suppliers of materials, equipment or services that the Tenderer intends to use if awarded the Contract.

\_\_\_\_

#### **FORM D – CONTRACT SPECIFIC SYSTEMS INFORMATION**

| Tenderer's Name |  |
|-----------------|--|
|                 |  |

Tenderers should enter information on their safety, quality and environmental management systems that are specific to this particular project, and any recognized independent accreditation for safety/quality/ etc.

#### **SAFETY**

1. Who will be the site representative responsible for local safety co-ordination?

#### **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

For the overall Contract e.g. coordination of all phases of the Works including design, procurement and installation

1. For this Contract, who has the responsibility for the quality of the work being carried out?

#### For Design

- 2. Which Company will have overall responsibility and control during the design phase?
- 3. Who has the overall responsibility for the achievement of quality during the design phase?

#### **For Construction**

- 4. Who has the day-to-day on-site responsibility for the quality of work?
- 5. Who has the responsibility for controlling and issuing of all documents required for use in the inspection, checking, and carrying out of Site Works?
- 6. Who is responsible for preparation and issue of the Work Instructions to your staff on Site?
- 7. Who has responsibility for the determination and submission to the Principal's Representative for approval of the necessary inspection plans for purchased materials, work in progress, and the finished work?
- 8. What specialist equipment will you be using to determine the finished quality of your work for this contract?

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROCEDURES**

For the overall Contract e.g. coordination of all phases of the Works including design, procurement and installation

1. Who has the responsibility for compliance with Fiji Environmental Policies, for this Contract?

#### For Design

2. Who has the overall responsibility for compliance with the spirit and letter of the Act during the design phase?

#### **For Construction**

- 3. On this Contract, who will be your site representative with day-to-day responsibility for compliance with requirements of the Act?
- 4. What are the areas of responsibilities of individuals within your site organisation for compliance with requirements of the Act?

#### **FORM E - LABOUR, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT RATES**

| Tenderer's Name |  |  |  |
|-----------------|--|--|--|
|                 |  |  |  |
|                 |  |  |  |
|                 |  |  |  |

#### **GENERAL**

The rates given below will be used in the evaluation of variation prices and when a portion of the Works is to be completed on a daywork basis during the Contract period.

#### **PLANT AND EQUIPMENT RATES**

The Contractor should list below all plant, equipment and vehicles including sub-contractor's plant, equipment and vehicles to be used on the Site in carrying out the Works, together with net hourly rates required for use. The rates should be for the **NET** running costs inclusive of fuel, lubricants, repairs, parts and service, maintenance, labour and applicable taxes, but **EXCLUSIVE** of overhead charges, profit and GST. If an operator is required, this labour rate shall be included in the hourly rate for the equipment.

|    | Plant and Equipment Type<br>(Indicate whether an operator<br>is included) | Net Hourly Rate for Operating<br>Equipment |
|----|---|--|
| 1. |   |  |
| 2. |   |  |
| 3. |   |  |
| 4. |   |  |
| 5. |   |  |
| 6. |   |  |
| 7. |   |  |
| 8. |   |  |
| 9. |   |  |
|    |   |  |

#### **LABOUR RATES**

The Contractor should indicate below the **NET** hourly rates for all trades to be engaged on the Works. These rates should be the **NET** cost to the Contractor of all labour, tradesmen, foreman, sub-contractors, design staff, and management and should **EXCLUDE** overhead charges, profit and GST.

| Trade                           | Rate Per Hour |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| 1.                              | \$            |  |  |  |
| 2.                              | \$            |  |  |  |
| 3.                              | \$            |  |  |  |
| 4.                              | \$            |  |  |  |
| <ul><li>5.</li><li>6.</li></ul> | \$            |  |  |  |
| 6.                              | \$            |  |  |  |
| 7.                              | \$            |  |  |  |
| 8.                              | \$            |  |  |  |
| 9.                              | \$            |  |  |  |

#### **FORM F - OVERHEADS AND PROFIT**

| Contrac | ctor's Name:  |  |                            |  |
|---------|---|--|----------------------------|--|
|         | entractor should indicate entative in evaluating vari |  |                            | be applied by the Principal's ause 13: |
| (a)     |   | dded to the net Cost of lite and off-site overhead |                            |  |
| (b)     | The percentages to be a the variation.                | added to the total Costs i                         | in respect of profit, to o | derive the prices applicable for       |
|         |   | (a) Overheads % (b)                                | Profit %                   |  |
|         | Labour (Design)                                       | NA   | NA                         |  |
|         | Labour (Site)   |  |                            |  |
|         | Materials   |  |                            |  |
|         | Plant and equipment                                   |  |                            |  |
|         | Sub-contractors                                       |  |                            |  |
|         |   |  |                            |  |
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#### **FORM G – PROJECT METHODOLOGY**

| Tenderer's Name |      |      |      |
|-----------------|------|------|------|
|                 |      |      |      |
|                 |      |      |      |
|                 | <br> | <br> | <br> |

The Tenderer should to list below an outline of the proposed construction method. The outline should include such items as:

- 1. A step by step narrative of the proposed method of construction of the Works.
- 2. An indication of number and type of vehicles and plant required to be on site during the contract period.
- 3. An indication of other objects, structures, platforms that will be brought onto site to complete the Works.
- 4. For each tower, the procedures to minimise the time required for works during the de-energised period.
- 5. For each tower, the procedures prior to the de-energised period to mitigate the risks of unforeseen delays during the de-energised period.
- 6. For tower steel fabrication, the manufacture, sort, dispatch and quality control checks to ensure that the steel pieces are of the correct sizes and specifications.
- 7. For conductor, earthwire and OPGW stringing operations.

#### FORM H – ORGANISATION STRUCTURE

| Tende  | rer's Name   |
|--------|--|
| The Te | enderer should provide the following details:  |
| 1.0    | Personnel  |
|        | Give details of the proposed organisation structure including key personnel.   |
|        | Competencies records and CV's for key staff to be involved with this project, as well as competenc approval procedures for staff to be engaged for this project. |
|        | Training, as appropriate for site staff to be engaged for this project.  |
| 2.0    | Facilities   |
|        | Gives details on the following:  |
|        | Specialist test equipment required for the Works Site installation, staff accommodation, offices, etc.   |
|        |  |
|        |  |
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|        |  |
|        |  |

#### **FORM I - SCHEDULE OF PRICES**

| Tenderer's Name |  |  |  |
|-----------------|--|--|--|
|                 |  |  |  |
|                 |  |  |  |
|                 |  |  |  |

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF PRICES

#### 1.0 The Tender is for a Fixed Price Lump Sum

- (a) The Schedule of Prices should be completed and will be used to assess payments due to the Contractor in accordance with the terms of the Contract and where appropriate, will be used in valuation of the variations.
- (b) The quantities and items included in the Schedule of Prices are not warranted as complete or accurate.
- (c) Detailed descriptions of works and materials required have not been repeated in the Schedule of Prices.
- (d) Anything not specifically listed in the Schedule of Prices but necessary to complete the Works in accordance with the Contract, shall be deemed to be included in the rates and prices listed against the appropriate item of the Schedule of Prices.
- (e) The Schedule of Prices will be read in conjunction with the remainder of the documents comprising the Contract, including pricing information already supplied to the Principal by the Tenderer as required by the General Conditions of Contract TPWks4.
- (f) The rates and prices indicated in the Schedule of Prices should include for labour, materials, subcontractors, constructional plant and equipment, preliminary and general items, including clearance of site during the Works and on completion and making good, for all on-site and off-site overheads, other costs of whatever nature and profit.
- (g) A rate or price should be entered against each item within the Schedule of Prices.
  - In the event that a price is not entered against any item, the cost of that item is deemed to be included elsewhere in the Schedule of Prices.
- (h) All rates and prices should be exclusive of Goods and Services Tax.
- (i) Where Milestone payments are the method of payment, the Tenderer may propose an alternative list of milestones, provided it can demonstrate some advantage to the Principal by way of lower Tender price or otherwise. However, the schedules below should be completed for Tender evaluation purposes.

Tenderer's Name:

Contract Name: FEA 132kV Tower Replacement

Contract No.: MR09/2017

|     |  |     | Cost Amounts (FJ\$) |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
|-----|--|-----|---------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------|-------|--|--|
| tem | Description  | Qty | Labour Cost         | Subcontractor | Materials & Plant | Indirect | Total |  |  |
| ı   | Project Management and Engineering Support   | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 2   | Establishment  | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 3   | Staff Accommodation  | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 4   | Safety Procedures and Monitoring   | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 5   | Temporary works - barriers, protection, guys etc.  | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| i ( | Pre-work and as-build location survey  | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
|     | Provision of access and reinstatement to all sites   | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 3   | Allowance for risk to cover liquidated damages for time over run                             | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| )   | Foundation construction - Wailoa-Vuda Tower 82   | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 10  | Tower Baseplate Connection - Nadarivatu Tower 1, 12 and 14 - Design, Supply and Installation | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 11  | Tower 1 (Nadarivatu) - Design, Fabrication and Supply  | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 12  | Tower 12 (Nadarivatu) - Design, Fabrication and Supply                                       | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 13  | Tower 14 (Nadarivatu) - Design, Fabrication and<br>Supply                                    | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 14  | Tower 82 (Wailoa-Vuda) - Design, Fabrication and<br>Supply                                   | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 15  | Load testing of one tower to 95% ULS Loading   | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 16  | Tower 1 (Nadarivatu) - Installation  | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 17  | Tower 12 (Nadarivatu) - Installation   | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 18  | Tower 14 (Nadarivatu) - Installation   | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 19  | Tower 82 (Wailoa-Vuda) - Installation  | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 20  | Supply and Install Insulators and Hardware - Wailoa-<br>Vuda                                 | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 21  | Supply and Install Dampers - Wailoa-Vuda   | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 22  | Supply and Install Conductor - Wailoa-Vuda   | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 23  | Supply and Install Earthwire - Wailoa-Vuda   | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 24  | Supply and Install Insulators and Hardware -<br>Nadarivatu                                   | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 25  | Supply and Install Dampers - Nadarivatu  | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 26  | Supply and Install Conductor - Nadarivatu  | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 27  | Supply and Install OPGW - Nadarivatu   | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 28  | Disestablishment   | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |
| 29  | Preparation and Submission of As-built Documentation   | LS  |                     |               |                   |          |       |  |  |

Contract: Replacement of 132kV Transmission Line Lattice Steel Towers

FIDIC Contract No.: MR09/2017 Part 2

## PART 3

ANNEX FORMS A, B, C, D, E, F, G, CONTRACT AGREEMENT & DISPUTE ADJUDICATION AGREEMENT

Contract : Replacement of 132kV Lattice Steel Towers Contract No.: MR09/2017

## Annex A EXAMPLE FORM OF PARENT COMPANY GUARANTEE

[See page 3, and the comments on Sub-Clause 1.14]

Contract No.: MR09/2017

Contract Name.: Replacement of 132kV Transmission Line Lattice Steel Towers

Fiji Electricity Authority
2 Marlow Street, Suva
FIJI

(together with successors and assigns).

We have been informed that (name and address of Contractor) (hereinafter called the "Contractor") is submitting an offer for such Contract in response to your invitation, and that the conditions of your invitation require his offer to be supported by a parent company guarantee.

In consideration of you, the Employer, awarding the Contract to the Contractor, we (name of parent company) irrevocably and unconditionally guarantee to you, as a primary obligation, the due performance of all the Contractor's obligations and liabilities under the Contract, including the Contractor's compliance with all its terms and conditions according to their true intent and meaning.

If the Contractor fails to so perform his obligations and liabilities and comply with the Contract, we will indemnify the Employer against and from all damages, losses and expenses (including legal fees and expenses) which arise from any such failure for which the Contractor is liable to the Employer under the Contract.

This guarantee shall come into full force and effect when the Contract comes into full force and effect. If the Contract does not come into full force and effect within a year of the date of this guarantee, or if you demonstrate that you do not intend to enter into the Contract with the Contractor, this guarantee shall be void and ineffective. This guarantee shall continue in full force and effect until all the Contractor's obligations and liabilities under the Contract have been discharged, when this guarantee shall expire and shall be returned to us, and our liability hereunder shall be discharged absolutely.

This guarantee shall apply and be supplemental to the Contract as amended or varied by the Employer and the Contractor from time to time. We hereby authorise them to agree any such amendment or variation, the due performance of which and compliance with which by the Contractor are likewise guaranteed hereunder. Our obligations and liabilities under this guarantee shall not be discharged by any allowance of time or other indulgence whatsoever by the Employer to the Contractor, or by any variation or suspension of the works to be executed under the Contract, or by any amendments to the Contract or to the constitution of the Contractor or the Employer, or by any other matters, whether with or without our knowledge or consent.

This guarantee shall be governed by the law of the same country (or other jurisdiction) as that which governs the Contract and any dispute under this guarantee shall be finally settled under the Rules of Arbitration of the International Chamber of Commerce by one or more arbitrators appointed in accordance with such Rules. We confirm that the benefit of this guarantee may be assigned subject only to the provisions for assignment of the Contract.

Date Signature(s)

Contract : Replacement of 132kV Lattice Steel Towers FIDIC Contract No.: MR09/2017 FIDIC Part 3

#### Annex B EXAMPLE FORM OF TENDER SECURITY

[See page 4]

Contract No.: MR09/2017

Contract Name.: Replacement of 132kV Transmission Line Lattice Steel Towers

Fiji Electricity Authority 2 Marlow Street, Suva FIJI

(whom the tender documents define as the Employer).

We have been informed that (name and address of Contractor) (hereinafter called the 'Principal') is submitting an offer for such Contract in response to your invitation, and that the conditions of your invitation (the 'conditions of invitation', which are set out in a document entitled Instructions to Tenderers) require his offer to be supported by a tender security.

At the request of the Principal, we (name of bank) hereby irrevocably undertake to pay you, the Beneficiary/Employer, any sum or sums not exceeding in total the amount of (5% of the contract value) upon receipt by us of your demand in writing and your written statement (in the demand) stating that:

- (a) the Principal has, without your agreement, withdrawn his offer after the latest time specified for its submission and before the expiry of its period of validity, or
- (b) the Principal has refused to accept the correction of errors in his offer in accordance with such conditions of invitation, or
- (c) you awarded the Contract to the Principal and he has failed to comply with sub-clause 1.6 of the conditions of the Contract, or
- (d) you awarded the Contract to the Principal and he has failed to comply with sub-clause 4.2 of the conditions of the Contract.

Any demand for payment must contain your signature(s) which must be authenticated by your bankers or by a notary public. The authenticated demand and statement must be received by us at this office on or before (the date 35 days after the expiry of the validity of the Letter of Tender) , when this guarantee shall expire and shall be returned to us.

This guarantee is subject to the Uniform Rules for Demand Guarantees, published as number 458 by the International Chamber of Commerce, except as stated above.

Date Signature(s)

Contract : Replacement of 132kV Lattice Steel Towers FIDIC Contract No.: MR09/2017 Fart 3

## Annex C: EXAMPLE FORM OF PERFORMANCE SECURITY - DEMAND GUARANTEE

[See comments on Sub-Clause 4.2]

Contract No.: MR09/2017

Contract Name.: Replacement of 132kV Transmission Line Lattice Steel Towers

Fiji Electricity Authority 2 Marlow Street, Suva FIJI

(whom the Contract defines as the Employer).

We have been informed that (*name and address of Contractor*) (hereinafter called the 'Principal') is your contractor under such Contract, which requires him to obtain a performance security.

At the request of the Principal, we (name of bank) hereby irrevocably undertake to pay you, the Beneficiary/Employer, any sum or sums not exceeding in total the amount of (10% of the contract value) (the 'guaranteed amount') upon receipt by us of your demand in writing and your written statement stating:

- (a) that the Principal is in breach of his obligation(s) under the Contract, and
- (a) the respect in which the Principal is in breach.

[Following the receipt by us of an authenticated copy of the taking-over certificate for the whole of the works under clause 10 of the conditions of the Contract, such guaranteed amount shall be reduced by 50 % and we shall promptly notify you that we have received such certificate and have reduced the guaranteed amount accordingly.]

Any demand for payment must contain your [minister's/directors'] (1) signature(s) which must be authenticated by your bankers or by a notary public. The authenticated demand and statement must be received by us at this office on or before (the date 70 days after the expected expiry of the Defects Notification Period for the Works) (the 'expiry date'), when this guarantee shall expire and shall be returned to us.

We have been informed that the Beneficiary may require the Principal to extend this guarantee if the performance certificate under the Contract has not been issued by the date 28 days prior to such expiry date. We undertake to pay you such guaranteed amount upon receipt by us, within such period of 28 days, of your demand in writing and your written statement that the performance certificate has not been issued, for reasons attributable to the Principal, and that this guarantee has not been extended.

This guarantee shall be governed by the laws of (Insert Authority) and shall be subject to the Uniform Rules for Demand Guarantees, published as number 458 by the International Chamber of Commerce, except as stated above.

Date Signature(s)

When writing the tender documents, the writer should ascertain whether to include the optional text, shown in parentheses []

Contract : Replacement of 132kV Lattice Steel Towers FIDIC Contract No.: MR09/2017 FIDIC Part 3

## Annex D EXAMPLE FORM OF ADVANCE PAYMENT GUARANTEE

[See comments on Sub-Clause 14.2]

Contract No.: MR09/2017;

Contract Name.: Replacement of 132kV Transmission Line Lattice Steel Towers

Fiji Electricity Authority 2 Marlow Street, Suva FIJI

(whom the Contract defines as the Employer).

We have been informed that (name and address of Contractor) (hereinafter called the 'Principal') is your contractor under such Contract and wishes to receive an advance payment, for which the Contract requires him to obtain a guarantee.

At the request of the Principal, we (name of bank) hereby irrevocably undertake to pay you, the Beneficiary/Employer, any sum or sums not exceeding in total the amount of (10% of the contract value)) (the 'guaranteed amount') upon receipt by us of your demand in writing and your written statement stating:

- (a) that the Principal has failed to repay the advance payment in accordance with the conditions of the Contract, and
- (b) the amount which the Principal has failed to repay.

This guarantee shall become effective upon receipt [of the first installment] of the advance payment by the Principal. Such guaranteed amount shall be reduced by the amounts of the advance payment repaid to you, as evidenced by your notices issued under sub-clause 14.6 of the conditions of the Contract. Following receipt (from the Principal) of a copy of each purported notice, we shall promptly notify you of the revised guaranteed amount accordingly.

Any demand for payment must contain your signature(s) which must be authenticated by your bankers or by a notary public. The authenticated demand and statement must be received by us at this office on or before (the date 70 days after the expected expiry of the Time for Completion) (the 'expiry date'), when this guarantee shall expire and shall be returned to us.

We have been informed that the Beneficiary may require the Principal to extend this guarantee if the advance payment has not been repaid by the date 28 days prior to such expiry date. We undertake to pay you such guaranteed amount upon receipt by us, within such period of 28 days, of your demand in writing and your written statement that the advance payment has not been repaid and that this guarantee has not been extended.

This guarantee shall be governed by the laws of (Insert Authority) and shall be subject to the Uniform Rules for Demand Guarantees, published as number 458 by the International Chamber of Commerce, except as stated above.

Date Signature(s)

Contract : Replacement of 132kV Lattice Steel Towers FIDIC Contract No.: MR09/2017 Fart 3

## Annex E EXAMPLE FORM OF PAYMENT GUARANTEE BY EMPLOYER

[See page 18: Contractor Finance]

Contract No.: MR09/2017

Contract Name.: Replacement of 132kV Transmission Line Lattice Steel Towers

Fiji Electricity Authority 2 Marlow Street, Suva FIJI

(whom the Contract defines as the Contractor).

We have been informed that Fiji Electricity Authority (whom the Contract defines as the Employer and who is hereinafter called the "Principal") is required to obtain a bank guarantee.

At the request of the Principal, we (name of bank) hereby irrevocably undertake to pay you, the Beneficiary/Contractor, any sum or sums not exceeding in total the amount of (100% of the contract value) upon receipt by us of your demand in writing and your written statement stating:

- (a) that, in respect of a payment due under the Contract, the Principal has failed to make payment in full by the date fourteen days after the expiry of the period specified in the Contract as that within which such payment should have been made, and
- (b) the amount(s) which the Principal has failed to pay.

Any demand for payment must be accompanied by a copy of the Payment Certificate approved by the Engineer, in respect of which the Principal has failed to make payment in full.

Any demand for payment must contain your signature(s) which must be authenticated by your bankers or by a notary public. The authenticated demand and statement must be received by us at this office on or before (the date six months after the expected expiry of the Defects Notification Period for the Works) when this guarantee shall expire and shall be returned to us.

This guarantee shall be governed by the laws of (Insert Authority) and shall be subject to the Uniform Rules for Demand Guarantees, published as number 458 by the International Chamber of Commerce, except as stated above.

Date Signature(s)

Contract: Replacement of 132kV Lattice Steel Towers FIDIC Contract No.: MR09/2017 Fart 3

#### CONTRACT AGREEMENT

**This Agreement** made the (day) day of (month) **2017** between Fiji Electricity Authority, Suva, Fiji (hereinafter called 'the Employer') of the one part, and (name and address of Contractor) (hereinafter called 'the Contractor') of the other part.

Whereas the Employer desires that the Works known as 'MR09/2017 - Replacement of 132kV Transmission Line Lattice Steel Towers' should be executed by the Contractor, and has accepted a Tender by the Contractor for the execution and completion of these Works and the remedying of any defects therein,

#### The Employer and the Contractor agree as follows:

- 1. In this Agreement words and expressions shall have the same meanings as are respectively assigned to them in the Conditions of Contract hereinafter referred to.
- 2. The following documents shall be deemed to form and be read and construed as part of this Agreement:
  - (a) The Letter of Acceptance
  - (b) Part 1 FIDIC Conditions of Contract
  - (c) Part 2 Tender Letter and Appendices
  - (b) Part 3 Annex Forms A, B, C, D, E, F & G
  - (d) Part 4 Special Conditions of Contract
  - (e) Part 5 Scope and Programme of Work
  - (e) Part 6 Technical Specification
  - (f) Part 7 Drawings and Schedules
- In consideration of the payments to be made by the Employer to the Contractor as herein after mentioned, the Contractor hereby covenants with the Employer to execute and complete the Works and remedy any defects therein, in conformity with the provisions of the Contract.
- 4. The Employer hereby covenants to pay the Contractor, in consideration of the execution and completion of the Works and the remedying of defects therein, the Contract Price at the times and in the manner prescribed by the Contract.

**In Witness** whereof the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed the day and year first before written in accordance with their respective laws.

SIGNED by: SIGNED by:

for and on behalf of the Employer in the presence for and on behalf of the Contractor in the

of presence of

Witness: Witness: Name: Name: Address: Address: Date: Date:

Contract : Replacement of 132kV Lattice Steel Towers FIDIC Contract No.: MR09/2017 Fart 3

#### DISPUTE ADJUDICATION AGREEMENT

Contract No.: MR09/2017

Contract Name.: Replacement of 132kV Transmission Line Lattice Steel Towers

Fiji Electricity Authority 2 Marlow Street, Suva

FIJI

(Name and address of Contractor) (Name and address of Member)

Whereas the Employer and the Contractor have entered into the Contract and desire jointly to appoint the Member to act as sole adjudicator who is also called the 'DAB'.

The Employer, Contractor and Member jointly agree as follows:

- The conditions of this Dispute Adjudication Agreement comprise the 'General Conditions of Dispute Adjudication Agreement', which is appended to the General Conditions of the 'Conditions of Contract for Construction' First Edition 1999 published by the Fédération Internationale des Ingénieurs-Conseils (FIDIC), and the following provisions. In these provisions, which include amendments and additions to the General Conditions of Dispute Adjudication Agreement, words and expressions shall have the same meanings as are assigned to them in the General Conditions of Dispute Adjudication Agreement.
- 2. In accordance with Clause 6 of the General Conditions of Dispute Adjudication Agreement, the Member shall be paid as follows:

A retainer fee of (insert amount) per calendar month, plus a daily fee of (insert amount) per day.

- 3. In consideration of these fees and other payments to be made by the Employer and the Contractor in accordance with Clause 6 of the General Conditions of Dispute Adjudication Agreement, the Member undertakes to act as the DAB (as adjudicator) in accordance with this Dispute Adjudication Agreement.
- 4. The Employer and the Contractor jointly and severally undertake to pay the Member, in consideration of the carrying out of these services, in accordance with Clause 6 of the General Conditions of Dispute Adjudication Agreement.
- 5. This Dispute Adjudication Agreement shall be governed by the law of (Insert Authority)

SIGNED by: SIGNED by: SIGNED by:

for and on behalf of the Employer in for and on behalf of the Contractor in the Member in the presence of

the presence of the presence of

Witness:Witness:Witness:Name:Name:Name:Address:Address:Address:Date:Date:Date:

Contract : Replacement of 132kV Lattice Steel Towers FIDIC Contract No.: MR09/2017 FIDIC Part 3

## PART 4

## SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

Contract : Replacement of 132kV Lattice Steel Towers FIDIC Contract No.: MR09/2017 FIDIC

There are no Special Conditions of Contract

Contract: Replacement of 132kV Lattice Steel Towers Contract No.: MR09/2017 FIDIC Part 4

# PART 5 SCOPE AND PROGRAMME OF WORKS

### 1. SCOPE

# 1.1. Scope

The scope of work, (the Works), is as described in Section 1.0 of Part 6A and 6B – Technical Specification and generally incorporates the following:

### SCOPE OF WORKS includes:

- 1.1. Construct foundations for one tower (Wailoa-Vuda T82).
- 1.2. Design, fabricate and construct one new towers on new foundations (Wailoa-Vuda T82).
- 1.3. Dismantle one tower (Nadarivatu T14).
- 1.4. Design, fabricate and construct three new towers on existing foundations (Nadarivatu T1, T12 and T14).
- 1.5. Supply and install insulators and associated hardware (Nadarivatu T1, T12 and T14 and Wailoa-Vuda T82).
- 1.6. Supply and install new conductor and associated hardware (Nadarivatu spans Power Station Gantry to T1 and Wailoa-Vuda T80-T82-T83).
- 1.7. Supply and install 50m lengths of new conductor, and associated hardware, and join to existing conductor (Nadarivatu T1 and T12).
- 1.8. Supply and install new OPGW and associated hardware (Nadarivatu spans Power Station Gantry to T1 and T1 to T2).
- 1.9. Supply and install new earthwire and associated hardware (Wailoa-Vuda spans T80-T82-T83)
- 1.10. Install Vibration Dampers on the conductor, earthwire and OPGW (Nadarivatu T1, T2, T10, T12, T13 and T14 and Wailoa-Vuda T80, T82 and T83)

# 2. Programme

The key scheduled dates are set out below and the Works are to be executed in the time frames given:

| Site Inspection               | Monday 30 <sup>th</sup> January 2017 and Tuesday 31st January 2017   |  |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Tenders Close                 | Wednesday 1 <sup>st</sup> March, 2017  |  |
| Contract Award                | Before 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2017  |  |
| Outage Durations              | 132kV Wailoa-Nadarivatu-Vuda Line: maximum of One (1) Line Outage of 14 hours duration  132kV Nadarivatu Power House to Switchyard Double Circuit Transmission Line: Maximum of One (1) Line Outages of continuous 72 hours duration |  |
| Project Completion            | 30 <sup>th</sup> November, 2017  |  |
| Defects Liability Period Ends | One Year after actual date of completion   |  |

# PART 6A

# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION TOWER DESIGN AND FABRICATION

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### 1. GENERAL

# 1.1. Scope

This specification addresses the design, detailing, fabrication, trial assembly, load testing and supply of steel transmission structures.

The Scope of Work for the Contract shall be as defined in Part II to these Contract Documents.

Unless otherwise specified in Part II all structures shall be complete including all specified accessories and facilities and step bolts, but excluding structure swivels and swivel pins for the attachment of insulators and or earthwire sets.

### 1.2. Standards

This standard references New Zealand / Australian Standards for compliance. It may be acceptable to use other reputable international Standards provided that the equivalence to relevant sections of NZ/AS Standards can be demonstrated.

Except where otherwise specified or implied, the works shall comply with the latest applicable Standards or Recommendations given in the following table. The following Standards are referred to within this Specification. The latest revisions shall apply at all times, unless otherwise approved.

| AS/NZS 4711 | Qualification Tests for metal arc welders  |
|-------------|--|
| AS/NZS 1554 | Structural Steel Welding - Welding of steel Structures   |
| AS 1544.2   | Method for impact tests on metals Part 2: Charpy V-notch   |
| AS/NZS 1559 | Hot-dip galvanized steel; bolts and associated nuts and washers for structure construction   |
| AS/NZS 3678 | Structural steel - Hot rolled plates, floorplates and slabs  |
| AS/NZS 3679 | Structural steel - Hot rolled bars and sections  |
| AS/NZS 4680 | Hot-dip galvanized (zinc) coatings on fabricated ferrous articles  |
| NZS 3404    | Steel structures code  |
| ASTM 143    | Standard recommended practice for safeguarding against embrittlement of hot dipped galvanised structural steel products and procedure for defecting embrittlement. |

Where another standard is proposed in place of the above, confirmation shall be provided that the provisions of the proposed standard is equivalent to or exceeds that of the replaced standard. A copy of any proposed substitution standard shall be submitted with the Tender accompanied, where necessary, by English translations of the appropriate sections.

Where the use of a standard or recommendation other than those listed above is agreed then this standard shall be used, where applicable, throughout the works.

# 1.3. Method statements

Prior to commencing work, the Contractor shall submit method statements setting out full details of his methods of working. This is a hold point.

#### 2. DESIGN

### 2.1. General

Structures shall be of the self-supporting type in the configuration as specified in Part II and as shown in the drawings.

The structures shall be designed to carry the phase conductors with their insulator sets, earth conductors and all ancillaries and fittings under the conditions specified.

If specified earthwires shall be spatially arranged above the line conductors to provide the specified shielding angle. Horizontal and vertical spacing between phase conductors and or earth conductors shall maintain the specified phase-earth and phase-phase clearances in the span either side of the structure.

The structures shall be designed to facilitate inspection, cleaning and repairs, and for operation where continuity of electric supply is the first consideration.

The designs shall incorporate every reasonable precaution and provision for the safety of all those concerned in the operation and maintenance of the Works.

# 2.2. Types of Structures

The structures shall be of bolted lattice steel construction of the types and geometry as specified on the drawings in Part 7 of the Tender Documents.

The arrangement of specified body extensions and or independent single leg extensions shall be common to standard and extended height structures.

Structures shall be designed for:

- a) Simplicity and ease of erection;
- b) Sub-assembly of panels on the ground;
- c) Erection of panels by gin pole, derrick or crane.

# 2.3. Loading Conditions

The structures shall be designed for the loads and loading conditions specified in the drawings.

# 2.4. Design

All structures and their components shall be designed to withstand without failure the stresses resulting from the loading conditions, inclusive of specified capacity reduction factors. The ultimate stress of any structure or foundation member shall be determined in accordance with ASCE-10.

All members shall be of such size, shape and length to preclude damage or failure from vibration or stress reversal. Unless otherwise approved, tension members such as crossarm ties, which are liable to be set in vibration, shall consist of rolled steel sections and not flats.

| The slenderness ratio, KL/r, shall not exceed the following values |     |
|--|-----|
| Main legs and beam chords  | 120 |
| Bracings having calculated stress                                  | 200 |
| Redundant members (bracings without calculated stress)             | 250 |
| Other Tension-only members   | 350 |

Where: L = the unsupported length of the member,

r = the radius of gyration of the member about the axis under consideration,

K= as defined in ASCE-10.

Unstressed members when employed to reduce the slenderness ratio of stressed leg or bracing members shall be designed together with their connections to resist a notional force of ±RN with a magnitude that is the calculated maximum of:

$$0.01P_N / \sin \theta_{min}$$
, or  $0.02P_N$ .

where:

 $P_N$  is the ultimate compression load in a main member 'N' under its critical loading case arising under all possible utilisations of the structure; and,

 $\Theta_{\text{min}}$  is the minimum included angle between the two primary members bounding the secondary member panel.

N is any member bounding the secondary panel.

The force,  $R_N$ , shall be considered to act in the face of the secondary member panel normal to the main member 'N' and either towards or away from the structure centre. RN shall be separately applied to each node between the secondary and main member N, and shall be resisted by the secondary panel as a whole. The individual secondary member forces shall be determined by stress diagram or static analysis making no allowance for load distribution back into the main members.

Structure members on which a man may stand (defined as being at an angle of less than 35° to the horizontal) shall be capable of withstanding an ultimate vertical point load of 2 kN at any point on the member.

All crossarm and bridge chord members shall be capable of supporting an ultimate vertical ladder load at any position within 1 m of each phase centre line of 4500 N. The ladder load shall be applied as two 2250 N point loads 0.3 m apart.

The Contractor shall submit design documents including Structure Outline drawings, stress analyses and calculations as required for the checking and approval of the designs of all structures. These documents shall document the design of all members and their connections, whether main or redundant, and the design of all plates, with particular attention to earth conductor and conductor take-off arrangements and any members that are subject to bending stresses.

Computations shall be presented in a clearly arranged format and identify

- the critical tensile and compressive loads from the structure analysis plus load case identifier,
- member section size, grade and length;
- number, size and grade of connection bolts;
- Design Length and kL/r value identifying critical axis;
- Allowable compression load;
- Number of holes out of critical section;
- Allowable tension load;
- Allowable rupture identifying shear and tension lengths;
- Bolt shear
- Bolt bearing on parent material(s)
- Member and connection utilisations (maximum ultimate load ÷ ultimate capacity)

The structure shall be modelled in Power Line Systems design software PLS-TOWER and a copy of the models supplied to the Engineer upon completion.

The minimum thickness of structural steel shall be as follows:

- Main leg, stub or chord members 8 mm
- Other member 5 mm
- Plate 6 mm
- Channels 5 mm

The minimum angle section shall be 45 mm × 45 mm × 5 mm and all sections shall be readily available.

The minimum nominal bolt diameter shall be M16. Only two different bolt diameters shall be employed on any one structure.

The structure design shall include the design of the structure connection to the foundation.

### 2.5. Foundation Reactions

Upon completion of the structure design the Contractor shall submit the structure specific global foundation reactions. For structures with stub connections to the foundation the foundation reactions shall include the in-line with leg reactions together with the horizontal bracing shears.

Foundation reactions shall be presented for the complete range of structure loading utilization and include the effects of self-weight and wind force applied at the structure base. The horizontal and vertical reactions shall be presented for each leg under each loading case considered for the structure design. A schedule shall be presented summarizing the loading cases which are critical for each of the primary reaction directions, e.g. compression, uplift, transverse shear, longitudinal shear and resultant shear.

# 2.6. Electrical Clearance Diagram

Before commencing detailed structure design the contractor shall submit, for approval, an electrical clearance diagram demonstrating electrical clearances are achieved under all conditions of structure utilisation. The clearance diagram shall be adopted for the erection purposes and shall identify actual insulator sets, set attachments and identify climbing corridors, etc. :

# 2.7. Design Outline

The Contractor shall prepare the structure design outline. This drawing shall be adopted as the master document for the control of the design and interface with structure detailing. The outline shall identify the following:

- · Leading structure dimensions;
- Member design notation;
- Member section sizes and grade;
- Member connection requirements;
- Locations of facilities and accessories;

The design outline shall be subject to approval. The design outline shall form the basis from which the general arrangement and shop details are developed.

### 3. DRAWINGS AND DETAILING

### 3.1. General

Where required the Contractor shall detail the structures in accordance with this specification and to the approval of the Engineer.

Detailing shall be such as to minimise the number of different parts to facilitate transport, erection and inspection.

Pockets and depressions likely to hold water, if not avoidable, shall be provided with drainage facilities.

The maximum length of members with flanges less than 100mm shall be limited to 6.5m, and 9.5m for sections with flanges of 100mm and greater unless otherwise approved.

Leg splices shall be located as near as possible and immediately above structure panel points.

Wherever possible, horizontal members shall be detailed with the horizontal flange on the upper side.

#### 3.2. Bolts and Bolt Holes

Bolt holes in members shall be 1.5mm larger than the nominal bolt diameter for bolts up to and including 20mm diameter. Bolt holes shall be 2mm larger than the nominal bolt diameter for bolt diameters greater than 20mm.

Bolt threads shall not form part of the shearing plane between members. Any thread in the bearing plane shall be to the approval of the Engineer. Bolts of any given diameter shall be of one grade of steel and suitably marked for identification.

When in position all bolts or screwed rods shall project through the corresponding nuts, for a minimum of two full turns but such projection shall not exceed 10mm. Suitable bolt grip tables shall be provided to demonstrate compliance with the above requirements.

The nuts of all bolts for the attachment of plates, brackets or angles that directly support insulator or earth conductor sets shall be locked by means of locknuts.

Member detailing shall maintain the following bolt spacing and edge distances unless specific design approval is obtained.

| Nominal Bolt<br>Diameter | Minimum Bolt spacing | Minimum Edge Distances<br>(mm) |              |
|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| (mm)                     | (mm)                 | Rolled Edge                    | Sheared Edge |
| 16                       | 40                   | 19                             | 24           |
| 20                       | 50                   | 25                             | 30           |
| 24                       | 60                   | 35                             | 36           |

# 3.3. Tension-Only Members

Members designated "tension only" on the design outlines shall be detailed with a 1mm 'draw' per metre overall length of member with an additional 1.5mm for each joint in the member.

### 3.4. Structure Furniture and Accessories

The general arrangement drawings and the shop details shall make suitable provision for the following and as indicated in the design sketches and ancillaries details of which shall be provided to the Contractor.

- a) Stringing and Maintenance facilities: Provision shall be made on all structure types for the attachment of stringing and maintenance equipment to the crossarms as indicated in the Drawings.
- b) Earthing facilities; Two Ø13.5mm holes shall be provided on each leg of every structure leg extension and at the ends of the earthwire peak and or earthwire crossarm(s) to accommodate earth bond connection fittings. Earthing holes shall also be provided in the stub both above and below the design level of the top of concrete.

- c) Step Bolts: Structure details shall make provision for the fixing of step bolts from immediately above the stub joint to the structure top on all main legs. A sufficient quantity of Step bolts shall be supplied to equip one leg of the structure only from 3m above ground level to the structure top;
- d) Ladders shall be detailed and supplied as indicated in the Drawings.
- e) Signage: Details shall make provision for the attachment of standard signage at the locations indicated on the drawings.
- f) Maintenance Earthing facilities: The structures shall be detailed with 2Nos holes at the locations and to the dimensions as indicated on the Drawings for the future attachment of earth plates.
- g) Climbing Deterrent Frames: Climbing deterrent frames (CDF) shall be detailed and supplied with each structure as indicated in the Drawings.
- h) Livestock Guards: Approved means shall be detailed and supplied with all structure leg extensions to avoid the risk of livestock being caught and injured in the gaps between structure members near the structure base s indicated in the Drawings.

# 3.5. Drawings

The drawing types identified below shall be prepared and submitted by the contractor for approval:

- a) General Arrangement (GA) Drawings: These drawings shall be suitable for the assembly and erection of the structure and shall show the location and orientation of all members, plates, accessories and facilities together with the number and length of bolts required for each connection. The first drawing of each series of GA drawings for each structure shall be a Key Drawing that shows the complete structure and the applicable GA drawing numbers.
  - These drawings shall be approved by the Engineer before commencement of fabrication works if included in the scope of work.
- b) Stub and Cleat General Arrangement drawing;
- c) Stub Setting Dimensions: Drawing shall provide the top of stub heel-to-heel dimensions in the structure face and across the diagonal for all combinations of body and leg extensions. The drawings shall include stub setting tolerances (to be advised by the Engineer).
- d) Bill of Quantities ADD FORMAT; and,
- e) Member Shop Details (separate drawing sheets for each member). Multiple details per drawing sheet is not acceptable.

The Contractor shall produce ALL drawings in AutoCAD format on Employer's drawing borders. The associated AutoCAD print settings file (\*.cts) shall be provided. PDF format files are acceptable for review and approval stages.

The Contractor shall provide their drawing list for which drawing number allocation are required prior to preparing the drawings.

#### 4. MATERIALS

All steel used in the fabrication of structure components shall be new and comply with the delivery requirements as specified in AS/NZS 3678 and AS/NZS 3679.1, or as indicated on the drawings.

All rolled steel sections, flats and plates used shall consist of steel manufactured to the requirements of AS/NZS 3678 and AS/NZS 3679 for steel grades 300L0 and 350L0, or equivalent from other approved standards. The steel shall be free from blisters, scales, laminations or other defects.

Rolled steel angle sections shall be in accordance with the design. Any changes required by the Contractor to the section sizes from those shown on the drawings shall be subject to the Engineer's approval.

All structure bolts and nuts including step bolts shall be manufactured and supplied to the requirements of AS/NZS 1559 for low temperature, with the exception of impact tests which shall meet the requirements of Clause 0. The marking on the bolt head shall be "TM" to signify this modified property. All bolts and nuts shall be subject to the mechanical and dimension tests as specified in Clause 0.

All bolts attaching the plates, brackets or angles that support insulator sets or earth conductor fittings shall be locked by the provision of double nuts complying with AS/NZS 1559.

All bolts shall be fitted with a single spring washer type B complying to the requirements of BS 4464.

The quantity of bolts, nuts and washers supplied shall be the number necessary for erecting the structure components plus an additional 5%.

All steel shall comply with the requirements of ASTM 143 for embrittlement.

#### 5. FABRICATION

### 5.1. General

All fabrication shall be completed in the shop and be carried out in a reliable and workmanlike manner to the best modern practice, and shall be to an accuracy that will permit erection of the structure without introducing permanent stresses therein.

Workmanship shall generally comply with the provisions of NZS 3404 and this specification and any additional provisions the Contractor considers necessary to meet the requirements of this specification. Any cuts shall be made to similar tolerances.

All members shall be cut to jig and all holes shall be drilled or punched to jig. All parts shall be carefully cut and holes accurately located so that when the members are in position the holes will be truly opposite to each other before being bolted up. Drifting of holes will not be allowed. The drilling, punching, cutting and bending of all fabricated steelwork shall be such as to prevent any possibility of irregularity occurring which might introduce difficulty in the erection of the structures on the Site.

The manufacturing process shall be such that the locating and punching or drilling of holes is an automated process. This is to ensure that components intended to be identical are identical. Individual hand-measuring and marking of members is not permitted.

All materials shall be free from oil, grease and paint and shall in every respect be suitable for hot dip galvanizing after fabrication.

When cutting to length and shape, sawing, shearing, grinding or flame cutting may be used as appropriate, but if either shearing or flame-cutting is used then sufficient metal shall be allowed beyond the neat lines to permit the machining or grinding to final shape; and any edge damage or roughness shall be ground out to avoid any notch effect.

The welding of short lengths to form longer members is not permitted except by a designed bolted joint connection.

All cut edges shall be lightly ground to remove all burrs and sharp edges. This includes die-joint lines at holes.

All holes shown on the drawings are to be formed, even if they are not required for the structure assembly.

# 5.2. Holes

Holes may be punched or drilled to correct size except as noted below when holes shall be drilled to the correct size or sub-punched 3mm undersized and reamed to the correct size for:

- Mild Steel grades > 20mm thick;
- High Tensile Steel grades > 12mm thick;
- Holes identified in the drawings as being in a member predominantly in tension; and,
- Holes in the vicinity of bends in angle or plate members.

Punches and dies are to be sharp and true to ensure all punched holes are round and free from ragged edges and burrs.

The metal surfaces around holes shall be flat and free from irregularities.

Plugging or welding of incorrectly punched or drilled holes is not permitted.

Holes that are adjacent to the bend line in a bent member or where they are located in the area to be heated during the bending process shall be drilled after bending.

# 5.3. Bending

Bent angle and plate members shall be formed to the requirements in the table below:

| Profile                               | Material           | Thickness | Extent of Bend | Temperature |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|----------------|-------------|
| Angle Mild Steel & High Tensile Steel | All                | ≤ 5°      | Cold           |             |
|                                       | Tensile Steel      | All       | > 5°           | Hot         |
|                                       | Mild Steel         | ≤ 12mm    | ≤ 15°          | Cold        |
| Plate                                 |                    |           | > 15°          | Hot         |
|                                       |                    | > 12mm    | All            | Hot         |
|                                       | High Tensile Steel | All       | ≤ 5°           | Cold        |
|                                       |                    |           | > 5°           | Hot         |

The hot temperature is between 850°C and less than 1000°C. Temperature shall be determined by a reliable method – for example Tempilstiks or Pyrometer.

Bent angles and plate members shall be air-cooled following forming of the bend.

The formation of bends by the cut and weld method is not permitted unless called up in the detail and not without prior consent by the Engineer.

# 5.4. Marking

Before galvanising, all structure members shall be stamped, employing low stress hard stamps, with distinguishing identification marks comprising numbers and or letters. These identification marks will correspond to the piece marks on the erection drawings and the fabrication or relevant shop drawings.

The identification mark shall be 15mm high, placed in the same relative position on each member, and shall be clearly visible after galvanising and assembly.

The identification shall take the format of a nine or 10 character string as follows:

#### 'SSS-DDF####G', where:

- 'SSS' is the structure family identifier (for multi-tower family projects);
- 'DD' corresponds to the structure type designation;
- 'F' corresponds to a single letter designation for the fabricator;
- '####' corresponds to the member item number as designated in the fabrication detail; and,
- 'G' corresponds to the steel grade and comprises 'blank' for mild steel, 'H' for High tensile steel, 'S' for Special High tensile Steel.'

Details of required structure type and family designations will be advised to the contractor.

Weld writing shall not be permitted under any circumstances.

### 5.5. Tolerances

The tolerances for member's profiles and fabrication shall be as follows:

- Straightness: after galvanising the offset to length ratio shall not exceed 1 in 1000 measured at the worst position. Where members exceed 3m in length the offset shall be measured over any 3m length, as well as the overall length;
- Overall member length: ± 1mm;
- Pitch between holes: ±0.5mm for hole groups and ±0.5mm for member end-holes;
- Hole centre to member end distance ±0.5mm;
- Hole diameters +0.5mm, -0.00mm, measured in the black state;
- Holes shall be formed perpendicular to the surface; and
- Draw on the diameter of punched holes shall not exceed 0.5mm for members ≤5mm thick; 1.0mm for members ≥8mm thick; 2.0mm for members >8mm thick.

Dimensions and tolerances are measured at standard temperature and are not accumulative.

# 5.6. Welding

Welding is only permitted for the fabrication of special components as detailed on the drawings.

Unless otherwise stated on the fabrication drawings, all welds shall be Class SP welds in accordance with AS 1554.4 for fatigue welds and shall be carried out in accordance with AS 1554 by welders who are qualified for the appropriate work in terms of NZS 4711.

Welds connecting primary elements, where a single failure would result in the collapse of either the structure or a major part of the structure, shall be subjected to ultrasonic or radiographic tests in addition to crack detection by either magnetic or dye penetrant methods. If a defect is found, the Engineer shall be informed and the remedial measures agreed before proceeding.

All welding procedures shall be submitted for consent to the Engineer prior to fabrication commencing.

The Contractor shall supply to the Engineer evidence that all proposed welders have the appropriate qualifications.

All welds shall be made in the shop.

# 6. GALVANISING AND PROTECTIVE COATINGS

All steelwork employed in the structure shall be hot dipped galvanised in accordance with AS 4680 after fabrication and marking has been completed. Surfaces to be galvanised shall be sound, clean, and free of mill scale, rust, grease, moisture or any other foreign matter which may in any way detract from the life and usefulness of the zinc coating.

The following minimum zinc coating mass and thicknesses shall be provided:

| Hot Dip Galvanised Articles   |                             | Min. Individual | Min. Average    |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Fabricated steelwork of<br>thickness (t) measured as<br>per AS/NZS4680 & AS1650                   | t≥5mm                       | 500g/m²<br>70μm | 600g/m²<br>84μm |
|   | 3mm < t < 5mm               | 390g/m²<br>55μm | 500g/m²<br>70μm |
|   | t = 3mm<br>(non-structural) | 320g/m²<br>45μm | 390g/m²<br>55μm |
| Threaded parts (bolts and<br>nuts) of nominal diameters<br>measured as per<br>AS/NZS4680 & AS1214 | ≥ M16                       | 450g/m²<br>63μm | 500g/m²<br>70μm |
|   | < M16                       | 300g/m²<br>42μm | 390g/m²<br>55μm |

All galvanised parts shall be dipped in a suitable solution such as sodium dichromate, or treated with a synthetic resin, to protect the galvanised surface from white rust during shipping and storage.

Where required, after galvanising, a protective coating shall be applied to all stubs for a height of 150 mm below to 500 mm above the design top of concrete. The coating shall be of silicone or epoxy formulation, shall not be less than 200 microns thick, and shall be to the approval of the Engineer.

#### 7. TESTING

# 7.1. General

Factory acceptance tests: Test (mill) certificates shall be obtained to cover the mechanical, chemical and the impact properties of all materials, and shall clearly show the cast numbers. In addition, for all structural welded items the maximum carbon equivalent value shall be shown on the certificate.

Steel shall not, generally, be issued for fabrication until such time that the test certificates have been checked and verified against the relevant delivery specification.

All manufactured items shall be thoroughly tested, as required below.

Testing shall be carried out at an approved laboratory having the proper equipment which shall have a valid calibration certificate.

Test Reports shall be prepared by the Contractor for all tests carried out on the contract materials. These reports shall show full details including methodology, loadings, results and observation of any significant points.

# 7.2. Material Tests

Material Sample Tests: Samples of the material for the structures, fittings and ancillaries shall be tested in accordance with this Specification. Bolts and nuts shall be tested in accordance with the requirements of AS 1559.

Impact tests shall be carried out on samples taken from each heat of each size of rolled steel as received from the steel mill. These tests shall be Charpy V-notch impact tests to AS 1554.2 with acceptance criteria in accordance with AS/NZS 3678 and AS/NZS 3679 tabulated below:

| Sine of Samuela | Minimum Energy (J) @ 0°C |                 |  |
|-----------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Size of Sample  | Average of 3 Tests       | Individual Test |  |
| 10mm x 10mm     | 27                       | 20              |  |
| 10mm x 7.5mm    | 22                       | 17              |  |
| 10mm x 5mm      | 19                       | 13              |  |
| 10mm x 2.5mm    | 12                       | 8               |  |

The above minimum impact values are applicable to all materials, whether of angle, section, plate or bar.

The Contractor shall supply to the Engineer test certificates for all structural steel used in the work.

# 7.3. Trial Assembly Tests

In order to check the workmanship (detailing and fabrication) and to verify the fit of each structure section, the fit of each individual member, plate and bolt, and to verify overall dimensional compliance with the drawings, one structure of each standard type and any special structure, inclusive of all body and leg extensions being supplied shall be subject to a check assembly.

The Engineer is to be present at the assembly of one of the towers, which will be selected at random by the Engineer.

The members employed for the check assembly test shall be assembled to form complete structures employing the correct bolt lengths and plates, in the presence of the Engineer, at the manufacturer's works.

The Contractor shall carry out trial assemblies of the structure components to verify the fit of each section, the fit of each individual member, plate and bolt, and to verify overall dimensional compliance with the drawings. Each assembled section must be connected to adjoining sections. It is acceptable for the steel components to be erected in the horizontal and in sections.

Trial assembly at the works shall be carried out prior to the steel being galvanised. Bolts used in the check assembly shall be of the same size and length as those specified on the drawings.

The Engineer is to be provided with a minimum of three weeks notice of such assembly trials.

# 7.4. Structure Tests

One structure type randomly selected by the Engineer shall be assembled at the Manufacturer's Works or other approved place and shall be tested on rigid foundations. This test is intended to verify the overall design, detailing and fabrication.

The structure is to be tested such that the members are loaded to 95% of the ULS design load

Testing shall be in accordance with IEC 60652 and subjected to such test load cases and combinations as the Engineer may specify. (For the purposes of Tendering a total of 10 load combinations and one destruction test per structure type shall be included.)

Should the structure fail prematurely and the failure attributed to detailing, fabrication or erection errors, the contractor shall be responsible for all costs of the test and subsequent re-test.

Provided that they have successfully withstood the proving tests the structure shall be carefully inspected after dismantling to ensure that no parts are damaged or deformed. The structure may be reused on the contract providing all damaged or deformed members are replaced. All bolts shall be replaced.

The test structure shall be galvanised and shall employ the actual bolts to be supplied under the contract.

The Contractor shall allow for all and any additional steelwork and rigging necessary for the performance of the structure test including load attachment points and base plates.

The Engineer is to be provided with a minimum of five weeks' notice of structure tests.

The Test Station test programme shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval at least four weeks before the programmed test date. The programme shall provide dimensional details of the test station layout, details of the proposed rigging and all load corrections to cater for the effects of the rigging and other test details.

#### 8. **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

The contractor shall ensure that efficient quality assurance procedures are implemented at his works, and at the works of all sub-contractors and that the procedures include necessary check and hold points to ensure design, drafting, fabrication works are performed to quality, schedule and budget.

The Contractor shall supply a project specific inspection and test plan detailing the quality assurance procedures they have in place, and that will be used to meet the requirements of the contract. These shall address all hold points from design to delivery and identify that commencement of fabrication will be subject to design approval.

The Contractor's quality assurance documentation and procedures shall address, but not necessarily be limited to, the following:

- a) Designs are reviewed, checked and approved internally prior to submission for approval;
- b) That materials and parts used in the manufacture of the specified works are free from defects and meet this specification. This shall include checking against specified tolerances, and obtaining the manufacturers test and or analysis certificates where appropriate;
- c) Inspection at all critical stages of all phases of the specified works;
- d) That steel of different grades are segregated and identifiable during all stages of manufacture;
- e) Include a full traceability system. For sections or plates of High Tensile Grade, the cast mark or an equivalent code letter shall be transferred to each piece, cut from that item. A material stock register shall be kept identifying the mill certificate number, cast mark/code letter and the corresponding member identification mark.
- f) Ensure the manufacturing processes maintain strict dimensional control so as to ensure that all components are fabricated with exactly the same dimensions as the prototype components used in the trial assemblies:
- g) Verify the accuracy of gauges and test instruments used for checking and/or testing the specified works;
- h) Ensure that components, materials and processes are fitted/used/applied in accordance with their manufacturer's instructions;
- i) Ensure that the qualifications and training of personal used in the production, trial assemblies, testing and inspection processes are adequate for their functions;
- j) Ensure that all parts have their cut edges rounded and are free from burrs and sharp edges;
- k) Ensure that all parts showing a fissure or surface defect are rejected, including whole batches whenever the rejection rate of a batch is high or a particularly serious defect is identified;
- I) Ensure that all parts have their correct identification markings;
- m) Ensuring that after galvanising all excessive zinc runs, drips, dross, and excess zinc on threaded parts is removed; and,
- n) Ensure that components and materials are tested as required by this specification.

The Purchaser reserves the right to appoint an independent authority to inspect the works and verify that the Contractor's production, testing and quality assurance facilities and procedures are appropriate for the specified work.

The programme of quality assurance and the standard of execution may be subject to approval and surveillance respectively, by the Engineer as a prerequisite to acceptance.

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#### 9. PACKING AND SHIPPING

Structures shall be shipped by structure type and by structure component in complete sub-assemblies as required, including bolts, nuts and washers, plates, and any attachments. Incomplete sub-assemblies shall not be accepted for shipment.

Foundation stub angles and associated cleats, bolts, nuts and washers are required to be packaged and shipped separately.

All items shall be shipped disassembled to be bolted together in the field. Similar parts shall be bundled together except such parts as would make too heavy a bundle for convenience in handling.

All items shall be adequately packed and protected against damage and deterioration during transit. Any damage or deterioration occurring in transit that is attributed to inadequate packing or protection shall be made good by the Contractor at his own expense and within a reasonable time.

All bundles of steelwork shall be secured with galvanised steel strip or wire or other approved method. Care shall be taken that individual members are tied or secured in such a way that they cannot slip out of the end of the bundle. Spacers shall be provided to separate and permit air flow between members in each bundle.

It is preferred that the weight of each bundle does not exceed 1000 kg.

Bolts are to be bagged according to their length before further bagging according to structure component

Bundles shall be tagged to the satisfaction of the Engineer a bar coded or similar system is preferred. Parts which cannot be bundled, such as plates, shall, if practical and possible, be tied together with galvanised wire and packed in light boxes not exceeding 25kg in weight , and these in turn shall be packed in cases, not exceeding 1000kg, on non-returnable pallets 1200mm x 1200mm in accordance with ISO 6780.

Each package, case, bag or light box shall be clearly marked with the project, structure type and component type, and shall include a parts list of the contents.

All shortages of parts identified upon debundling the packages shall be made good at the Contractor's cost and within a reasonable time.

All packing material shall comply with the Import and Export Regulations of Fiji.

The Contractor shall provide an itemised Packing List for each shipment, showing the number, dimensions, marks, weights and contents of each package.

# PART 6B

# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION CONSTRUCTION WORKS

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### 1. PRELIMINARY AND GENERAL

# 1.1. Scope of Work

The general scope of this Contract is to replace 4 lattice steel transmission line towers that failed during the cyclone in early 2016. Three of these structures are on the Nadarivatu Power Station 132kV spur line which was built in 2012. The other structure is on the Wailoa-Vuda 132kV line which was built in 1980.

This scope covers the generic scope for this Contract. Refer to Part 2 of the Contract Documents for the specific detailed scope of works.

The scope of work for this Contract includes the supply of all management, administration, engineering, labour, plant, materials, equipment, tools, etc., required to complete the Works as described below or implied in any of the Contract Documents.

- a) Project establishment and site mobilisation.
- b) Project management, complete site management and full time safety representative.
- c) Photographic recording of all access ways and equipment setup areas, prior to site works start.
- d) Project material take-off and scheduling to determine the specific materials required for the works.
- e) Provision of all materials.
- f) Construction of any required access to sites, including tracks, temporary fences and/or gates, stock control, storm water and erosion control, additional to those in place. Such work to include reinstatement of all surfaces and services upon completion of the works.
- g) Detailed work as listed in Part 2 of this Tender.
- h) Preparation of comprehensive work programmes to ensure site works are undertaken within the outage time frames provided.
- i) Development and implementation of a construction project specific quality assurance plan.
- Determination and documentation of the level of safety precautions required with relation to the operations.
- k) Removal and disposal of all recovered material from the sites.
- I) Traffic control required during the Works.
- m) Install, as appropriate, temporary hurdles and scaffolding to facilitate the dismantling and reconductoring of the transmission line across fences, roads, highways and other power lines.
- n) Clear or trim existing trees and shrubs or other obstructions as required on the transmission line easement to facilitate stringing in accordance with local authority restrictions.
- o) Install/replace towers as detailed in the schedule
- p) Install new foundations as detailed in the schedule
- q) Install insulators and fittings as detailed in the schedule

- r) Removal and installation of conductor using the tension stringing techniques as detailed in the schedule
- s) Inspection and preparation for the livening of the lines
- t) Removal of all construction debris and reinstate all sites to their original condition
- u) Weekly progress reports and monthly meetings with the Employer and his representatives.
- v) Return to the Engineer a complete set of all drawings marked-up for as-built, and Quality Assurance records
- w) Project Close-out Report, and project disestablishment
- x) Inspect and commission the line as per the specified procedures.
- y) Remove all construction debris and reinstate all sites.
- z) Return to the Engineer a complete set of drawings marked up "as built".
- aa) Project disestablishment.

# 1.2. Drawings

The work to be undertaken is indicated on the drawings listed in Part 7 of this document as well as other clauses of this specification .

# 1.3. Operational Constraints

In addition operational restrictions may necessitate conductor run-outs being shorter than the These lines are critical to the Fiji power supply, so only minimal outages are acceptable. The operational constraints are as follows:

Wailoa - Vuda 132kV Line

Maximum line outage duration is 14 hours.

Liquidated damages of Fiji \$30,000 per hour that the line outage exceeds this duration.

Nadarivatu Power Station 132kV Line

Maximum line outage duration is 72 hours.

Liquidated damages of Fiji \$30,000 per hour that the line outage exceeds this duration..

# 1.4. Site Access for the Engineer

The Contractor shall allow the Engineer and/or his Representative ready access to sites at all times.

# 1.5. Site Works Planning

A comprehensive and detailed work sequence plan / programme shall be prepared by the Contractor for each and every de stringing section. The programme shall detail all activities required for the works. The detailed programmes shall be submitted to the Engineer one month prior to the planned de-stringing section.

# 2. MATERIALS

# 2.1. Material Supplied by the Employer

No materials are to be supplied by the Employer.

# 2.2. Materials Supplied by the Contractor

The Contractor shall supply all materials.

# 2.3. Disposal of Scrap Materials

All surplus scrap materials shall be removed from site to a dump approved by the Employer at the Contractors cost.

# 2.4. Security of Dismantled Materials

Possession of recovered materials shall pass to the Contractor at the time de-energised access is given to that section of the line. The Contractor shall be responsible to ensure the security of dismantled materials from the date of possession. Any losses which occur after that date shall be to the Contractor's expense.

### 3. LANDOWNER LIAISON AND ACCESS

#### 3.1. General

The Employer is responsible for liaison with landowners and authorities for the purpose of provision of access and implementation of the site works. The Employer will obtain, the appropriate regulatory and statutory approvals for the works. The Contractor must obtain confirmation from the Employer that all necessary approvals are in place before they begin site works.

The Contractor is required to view the sites during the Tender period and provide details of proposed construction plant, traffic movements and durations as part of their Tender Documents.

#### 3.2. Access Standards

For construction purposes the Contractor shall form, upgrade and maintain both existing and temporary access tracks to provide access for the range of vehicles and plant intended for use on the site.

# 3.3. Barricading and Fencing of Excavations

The Contractor shall provide all temporary fencing, covers and barricading as required to prevent persons, machinery and livestock from falling into excavations. Barricades shall remain in place while the site is unattended. Barricades and fencing shall only be removed once the excavations have been filled and re-surfaced.

# 3.4. Fences

All existing fences that are affected by the works shall only be dismantled with the Engineer's approval and in accordance with the Stakeholder's instructions. The dismantled materials shall be stored in an area approved by the Stakeholder. The fences shall be reinstated as close as possible to the original line and to the approval of the Stakeholder and Engineer.

Any fences that are not approved for removal and are damaged or destroyed by the Contractor shall be reinstated by the Contractor immediately at the Contractor's own expense to the satisfaction of the Engineer and the Stakeholder. The Contractor will be held entirely responsible for any loss or damage arising from whatever cause associated with the unauthorised damage or removal of existing fences.

# 3.5. Clearing of Vegetation

The Contractor shall advise the Engineer of any vegetation which the Contractor deems to be within statutory clearance limits.

### 3.6. Site Photos

The Contractor shall take photographs of ALL access ways off formed tracks, which require vehicular traffic and the ground level environment surrounding each structure. Access photos shall be taken such that any damage, caused as a result of Contractor activities, can be easily identified. These photos shall be taken before ANY vehicle traffic to any sites and before commencement of work at any site. These photos shall be provided to the Employer in digital format prior to commencement of site works.

The Contrator shall also take the following photos:

- Each completed excavation before the placing of reinforcement or concrete
- Finished foundation prior to backfill

Each photo to be clearly identified as to which tower (and leg where appropriate) is the subject of the photo.

# 3.7. Traffic Control

It is not envisaged that special traffic control measures will be required as part of this works, but the Contractor is to notify of special provisions if required.

# 4. SURVEYING AND SETTING OUT

# 4.1. General

All surveys, check surveys and setting out works shall be performed by suitably qualified, competent and experienced personnel.

# 4.2. Survey Verification

The Contractor is responsible for measurements and surveying to determine the locations and sizes of existing foundations on the structures to be replaced and adjacent structures. This survey is to be carried out within 4 weeks of award of the Contract, to allow accurate fabrication of the towers and confirmation of span lengths.

# 4.3. As-built Survey

The Contractor shall provide to the Employer, an as-built survey of the conductor and earthwire/OPGW attachment points, for the new towers and for the towers immediately before and after the new towers. This survey is to be provided in XYZ format in an Excel spreadsheet, within 4 weeks of completion of the works.

# 5. **DISMANTLING**

### 5.1. General

The Contractor shall dismantle the structures as detailed in the schedule.

An evaluation of each structure shall be made by the Contractor to determine the appropriate methodology for the works, incorporating the Engineer assessment.

At the completion of the dismantling works, the Contractor must diligently inspect the site to ensure that no tower bolts are left anywhere on the site. Tower bolts, nuts and washers etc. must not be buried anywhere on the site. The site must be left in a condition that is satisfactory to the Stakeholder.

### 6. FOUNDATIONS

#### 6.1. General

Before commencing any foundation work, the Contractor shall present to the Engineer an appropriate Inspection and Test Plan (ITP) covering all aspects of the work including the following Engineer's hold and witness points.

### 6.2. Soil Conditions

Where actual foundation conditions are found to vary from those indicated on the drawings or the foundation cannot be constructed as designed for any reason, the Contractor shall advise the Engineer before proceeding.

The Contractor shall record the classification of the soil at each tower site in accordance with the following criteria. This classification is with respect to the natural soil – not the backfill above any grillages.

The information shall be included on the as-built drawings:

Weak Soft Cohesive Soil: Easily moulded by fingers, Scala Penetrometer values < 5 blows / 300 mm

**Medium Firm Cohesive Soil**: Moulded by strong pressure of fingers, Scala Penetrometer values between 5 to 10 blows / 300 mm

**Strong Stiff Cohesive Soil**: Dented by strong pressure of fingers, Scala Penetrometer values > 10 blows / 300 mm

**Weak Loose Granular Soil**: Scala Penetrometer values < 10 blows / 300 mm, Easily penetrated with 12 mm rod pushed by hand.

**Medium Dense Granular Soil**: Scala Penetrometer values 10 to 30 blows / 300 mm, Easily penetrated with 12 mm rod driven with 2.3 kg hammer

**Strong Dense Granular Soil**: Scala Penetrometer values > 30 blows / 300 mm, Penetrate 300 mm with 12 mm rod driven with 2.3 kg hammer

Rock

# 6.3. Disposal of Surplus Material

At any site, surplus excavated material, de-watering and site run-off shall be disposed of in a manner that meets the requirements of the Stakeholder, the Employer.

# 6.4. Safety During Excavation

Excavated holes shall be protected at all times to eliminate any danger to persons or property, including livestock. Covers shall be designed to prevent removal by children or wind, or collapse under traffic or stock. The Contractor shall ensure that appropriate measures are used at all times to protect workers from the hazards of the excavation.

# 6.5. Stockpiling

Stockpile excavated materials in positions such that they can be reused as backfilling or removed from Site as may be agreed with the individual Stakeholders. Excavated or other material shall not be deposited under or near an overhead electric line so as to reduce the conductor distance to ground.

# 6.6. Backfilling

All backfilling to foundations shall be carried out using approved compactable free-draining hard fill.

All filling shall be placed in 150 mm maximum loose thickness layers then well compacted by approved mechanical compaction equipment appropriate to the type of materials being compacted and any space limitations prevailing.

Care shall be taken during backfilling to ensure that no damage is caused to any new construction works, particularly the recently cast concrete. Backfill and compaction is to take place a minimum of 18 hours after new concrete is cast.

The backfill compaction shall be tested as directed by the Engineer.

# 6.7. Top Soiling and Grassing

Where suitable, excavated material shall be used for top soiling above the hard fill. If not suitable, topsoil shall be imported.

The contractor shall reinstate all surfaces as near as possible to their original profile, and shall confirm proposed grass seed type with the Stakeholder.

The Contractor may be required to install temporary fencing to enable new grass growth. Temporary fencing requirements are to be agreed with the Stakeholder. Temporary fencing must be removed when requested and to the satisfaction of the Stakeholder.

# 6.8. Slab and Pedestal Foundations

Slab and Pedestal foundations shall be installed in accordance with the drawings and this specification at the locations indicated in the drawings.

The pad shall be formed or the concrete placed against the in-situ soil. A construction joint formed in accordance with NZS 3109 shall be made at the slab/pedestal interface. The pedestal shall be adequately formed with either recoverable or sacrificial formers and fully supported while the concrete cures.

# 6.9. Painting of Stubs

The Contractor shall apply additional corrosion protection to the new stubs to 300 mm above and below the final concrete level as follows:

- a) Remove any oil or grease from interface area by wiping affected surfaces with clean rags and paint thinner (using rubber gloves) or wash with detergent and rinse.
- b) Lightly roughen galvanised surfaces to be painted with 150 grade sandpaper or a 3M 'Scotchbrite' scouring pad to remove any white rust or shiny surfaces and to produce a fine 'suede like' finish. Alternatively surfaces may be sweep blasted as specified in Appendix I of AS/NZS 4680:2006. Minimise removal of zinc from edges.
- c) Neatly mask the boundaries of the area to be coated and apply the approved paint system by brushing on to dry surfaces free from dust or any other contaminants. Coating to be stored, mixed, and applied strictly as recommended by the manufacturer. Likewise, the manufacturers' recommendations shall be adhered to with regard to curing times between coats and prior to encasing in concrete.
- d) Where the concrete interface occurs at a splice in the steelwork; the paint shall extend at least 75 mm above the splice or 150 mm above the concrete interface, whichever is greatest. All surfaces within 150 mm of the interface are to be coated prior to bolting except for contact (faying) surfaces which shall be masked off to between 5 and 10 mm of the edges.

Coat any splice bolts at the interface after assembly/erection and allow curing before placement of concrete.

Approved paint systems for protection of the interface include:

- High-build high-solids epoxy recommended by an APAS recognised manufacturer for direct application to prepared galvanising (e.g. Altex Coatings 'Bar-Rust 236'). Apply two heavy coats to give a minimum of 200 microns total DFT.
- Epoxy system consisting of inhibited primer recommended by an APAS recognised
  manufacturer for application to prepared galvanising and their high-build epoxy finish coat
  (e.g. Altex Coatings 'Devran 201' and 'Altra~Tar'). Apply a coat of each to give a minimum of
  200 microns total DFT.

High-build epoxy finish coatings used as a barrier to protect against corrosion at the interface shall not contain metallic pigmentation (e.g. Aluminium).

# 6.10. Stub Setting

The accurate setting of a tower's foundation stub legs is paramount and must strictly follow the manufacturer's drawings and meet the tolerances set out below so as no additional stresses are induced in the structure and reduce its strength capacity.

Regardless of foundation type the use of a robust setting jig suitable for both the type of excavation and the size of stub leg shall be designed and approved prior to use.

The contractor shall supply a methodology for all aspects of foundation construction and with a specific section on the actual setting of the tower stub legs, as a minimum this will describe how each of the following will be achieved:

- Distance measurement on plan form for both level and split level sites
- Orientation, the position of the stub legs to reflect whether the tower is in a straight line or on an angle to the two adjacent towers
- The rake of the stub leg
- Verticality or lateral rake
- Level, for both flat and split level sites
- Individual leg "slew", consideration that even with lateral and compound rake the leg is square to its adjacent legs.

The methodology shall emphasize what equipment, backup check methods and personnel requirements are required to achieve the specification.

# 6.11. Foundation Resistivity Testing

The Contractor shall carry out testing of footing resistances at all sites following installation of the foundations. Testing is to be carried out after three months to allow for the soils to consolidate. Refer to TP.SS 02.17 Part B Appendix E for the test method. The Contractor shall provide to the Engineer full details of the testing at each site. If testing finds that the foundation resistance exceeds  $10\Omega$ , additional earthing may be required. If this is the case the Engineer must be notified immediately.

### 7. CONCRETE WORKS

# 7.1. General

This section comprises the supply of concrete materials and plant, the supply, bending, and fixing of reinforcement, the supply and construction of form work, the supply, fabrication and installation of cast-in items and the casting, finishing and curing of concrete for all reinforced concrete structures in this contract, where and as shown in the documents.

Unless otherwise specified or otherwise shown on the drawings all reinforced concrete work shall be carried out in strict accordance with NZS 3109 Specification for Concrete Construction.

Lime in concrete is highly alkaline and toxic in water bodies. All concrete wastewater should be prevented from reaching water bodies. Concrete wastewater should be collected prior to disposal by a liquid waste disposal contractor. Dry sediment should be collected and disposed with clean/hard fill. Delivery machinery should be cleaned at their depot.

Refer also the concrete and related notes on the Drawings.

### 7.2. Cement

Cement shall be ordinary Portland Cement, complying with NZS 3122.

If requested, the Contractor shall provide the test certificate produced by the cement manufacturer for each and every consignment of cement that has been delivered for use in the Works or used in batching the concrete supplied. The certification shall include positive identification of the individual batch of cement, with special reference to the date of manufacture.

No cement that is older than three months shall be used in the Works without the written consent of the Engineer, and under no circumstances whatsoever shall any that is older than six months be used.

# 7.3. Aggregates

Aggregates shall comply with NZS 3121. Aggregates derived from Andesite rock shall not be used in the Works.

The nominal maximum size of aggregates for reinforced concrete shall be 20 mm.

### 7.4. Reinforcement

Reinforcing bars shall be either Grade 300E or Grade 500E to AS/NZS 4671, as designated on the drawings. All bends, hooks, splices, and the like shall be made in accordance with NZS 3109. Unless specifically detailed otherwise on the drawings, all reinforcing bars shall be deformed.

Welded wire mesh reinforcement shall conform to the requirements of AS/NZS 4671 and shall have a 0.2 % proof stress of not less than 480 MPa.

If reinforcing bars are welded together, only low-hydrogen electrodes shall be used. The Contractor shall have their reinforcing Supplier confirm the proposed electrodes are suitable. Welding shall not be carried out within 150 mm of a bend in a reinforcing bar.

### 7.5. Admixtures

An approved air entraining agent, complying with NZS 3113, shall be incorporated in the concrete mix. Use of the air entraining agent shall conform strictly with the recommendations and (unless, contrary to explicit recommendations of the manufacturer) also with the commendations contained in Committee Report No. ACI 212.1R-81 published by the American Concrete Institute.

No other admixture than the above mentioned air entraining agent shall be used unless prior approval in writing is obtained by the Contractor from the Engineer. Such approval shall in turn be subject to the Contractor submitting a written request to the Engineer, fully detailing the reasons for wanting to use the admixtures, their properties, and their proposed quantities and mixing procedures.

# 7.6. Chlorides

The calculated total chloride content of reinforced concrete as defined in NZS 3109 shall not exceed 0.8 kg/m3 of concrete.

# 7.7. Concrete Quality

Unless specified otherwise herein or indicated otherwise on the Drawings, all concrete shall be at least High Grade, complying with NZS 3104, with a minimum specified compressive strength at 28 days as shown on the drawings.

Maximum nominated slump shall not exceed the values specified on the drawings.

# 7.8. Concrete Mix Design

The Contractor shall submit the concrete mix designs for all different proposed mixes and for all proposed concrete batching plants to the Engineer for approval prior to commencing work on site.

Mix design shall take account of construction methodology, including but not limited to:

- · Concrete placement techniques;
- Distance from batching plant to site; and,
- Required surface finishing.

# 7.9. Formwork

Formwork shall conform as follows:

#### Design:

The Contractor shall be responsible for the design of all formwork and secondary support structures to meet the requirements of NZS 3109.

### Finishes:

Formed surfaces shall be as specified on the drawings. All defects shall be repaired to give the surface specified. The cost of all repairs shall be included in the tendered rates.

Formwork is to be braced and tied together in accordance with NZS 3109.

In addition to the requirements of NZS 3109, all reinforcement shall be accurately positioned and supported by one of the following methods, as applicable:

- Plastic spacers, manufactured for the correct bar diameter and cover
- Concrete cubes of an appropriate size to suit the cover, and with a 28 day compressive strength of 30MPa.
- Steel saddles and spacers, minimum 6 mm diameter plain round, between double layers of steel

The distribution of the above spacers shall depend on bar sizes and bar spacing but shall be sufficient in every case to secure the reinforcement rigidly and ensure the minimum concrete cover is provided.

Any bar bending schedules required shall be provided by the Contractor. The Contractor shall be entirely responsible for the accuracy of the bar bending schedules and any effect to the Work as a result of an error in the bar bending schedule.

# 7.10. Concrete Cover

The minimum concrete cover to any reinforcing bar shall be as shown on the drawings.

#### 7.11. Construction Joints

Construction joints shall not be used unless shown on the drawings or approved by the Engineer.

All unplanned Construction Joints shall be detailed on the As-built drawings.

# 7.12. Inspection Prior to Concreting

In addition to the provisions of NZS 3109, no concrete shall be placed until the Engineer has inspected the corresponding formwork, reinforcement, and any construction joint and foundation surfaces that may be involved.

The Contractor shall give not less than 48 hours notice to the Engineer of his intention to carry out a concreting operation.

# 7.13. Concrete Mixing and Records

It is anticipated that concrete will be produced close to the placement site

The mixing records at the place of concrete production shall be the minimum required by NZS 3104, and shall be immediately available to the Engineer whenever requested.

Each batch of concrete delivered to the site shall be accompanied by duplicate copies of a docket, which shall contain all the following information:

- Date and time that the batch was discharged
- Quantity delivered
- Specified strength of the concrete
- · Grade of the concrete
- Slump of the mix
- Cement content in kg/m3
- A marking identifying the agitator unit delivering the concrete.

One copy of each delivery docket shall be retained by the Contractor at their site office, and be available to the Engineer within 24 hours when required.

### 7.14. Concrete Placement

The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of NZS 3109 and this specification.

Concrete shall be conveyed from the mixer or agitator truck to the foundation as rapidly as possible and in a manner that prevents segregation. All concrete shall be placed using a flexible drop chute, with a maximum free fall of 1.5 m, or a pump. Where possible, holes shall be de-watered before placing concrete. Where this cannot be achieved, concrete shall be placed using proven underwater placing techniques in compliance with clause 7.5 of NZS 3109.

Excavations shall be cleared of all debris prior to concrete placement.

Concrete shall be placed in layers not more than 0.5 m deep and compacted using a vibrator before subsequent layers are placed. Concrete for each foundation shall where possible be placed in one continuous pour, with no more than 45 minutes between layers.

All concrete shall be properly compacted to remove entrapped air. In particular, the concrete shall be well compacted around the grillage base and the shear keys.

Dirt, water and debris shall be removed from the top of the concrete so as to leave a sound surface. Where a hole is shored, the shoring shall be withdrawn as the concrete is placed to ensure that material from the hole walls, including water, does not fall onto or contaminate the concrete. The Contractor shall ensure the method of withdrawing the shoring avoids any sudden upward movement. Any concrete within the casing must not be so compacted so that the concrete column may break when the casing is lifted. Each time the shoring is lifted the concrete below the casing must be vibrated to at least the depth that the shoring was before it was lifted.

Water shall not be added to the mixed concrete, except under controlled circumstances as detailed in NZS 3104.

Where concrete requires compaction, vibrators shall be used in accordance with NZS 3109.

#### 7.15. Surface Finishes

Unless otherwise specified on the drawings, finishes to concrete surfaces shall be one of the following Classes to NZS 3114 as directed:

Formed surfaces covered by backfill: F1
Formed surfaces exposed to view: F3

All exposed corners of concrete foundations shall have 25 mm x 25 mm chamfers or fillets.

The Contractor should discuss with the Stakeholder if they require any above ground exposed corners of concrete to be "rounded-off". This is particularly important if horses or livestock are likely to come into contact with the exposed concrete.

The repair of minor surface defects and structural defects shall be in accordance with the requirements of NZS 3109.

#### 7.16. Removal of Formwork

Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer, formwork shall not be removed until the minimum periods set down in NZS 3109 have elapsed.

# 7.17. Concrete Curing

All concrete shall be continuously cured for a minimum of 7 days in accordance with NZS 3109 and the drawings. Where the size of the slab is significant, the slab shall be covered with wet sacking for the curing period. The sacking should be covered with polythene or equivalent and thoroughly weighed down.

#### 7.18. Embedded Items

In addition to the provisions of NZS 3109 the Contractor shall make provision for, and shall accurately cast or drill into concrete, all necessary bolts, brackets, and fastenings and other such devices as may be required. Such devices may be required for new steelwork, formwork, screens, miscellaneous steelwork, pipe work, brackets, electrical items (e.g. junction boxes), handrails, ladders and similar items. The Contractor shall coordinate with the various sub-trades to ensure accurate positioning and sizing of all fixings.

Holding down bolts shall be firmly fixed in the configuration in which they are to be installed as shown on the drawings. The upper ends shall be attached to a rigid template, which will be used to fix the holding down bolts in the correct position, orientation, configuration and level.

The tolerances of bolt cages shall be in accordance with the drawings. Under no circumstances shall the galvanising be removed from the holding down bolt threads. Cover and protect threads during concrete placement. Ensure they are left clean and ready for pole erection.

#### 7.19. Concreting of Built-in Parts

The concreting methods adopted for the building in of plates, anchors, etc. shall be such as to ensure that the concrete is well compacted without risk of displacing the built-in parts. Lift heights shall be limited to those that will allow satisfactory placement. Concrete shall be placed carefully and compacted so that no air voids exist between the concrete and access for placing and compacting.

#### 7.20. Testing of Concrete

The cost of testing for both slump and compressive strength, according to the routine and number of test specimens described in NZS 3109, shall be included in the rates for the supply and placement of concrete.

As a minimum, the following number of tests is required per batch:

- One seven day concrete test
- Two 28-day concrete tests.

The Engineer shall be entitled to have additional testing carried out on any hardened concrete. If, from concrete aged 28 days or more, the average compressive strength from the additional tests fails to meet the requirements of NZS 3109, then the full cost of such additional testing (together with the cost of obtaining the test specimens) shall be borne by the Contractor.

#### 8. TOWER INSTALLATION

#### 8.1. General

Towers shall be erected in accordance with the drawings.

At least 14 days prior to the planned erection commencement date, the Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a copy of the proposed tower erection procedures.

Tower erection shall not commence until at least 14 days after the foundation concrete is placed unless the required compressive strength is proven.

Prior to any tower erection taking place the contractor shall provide evidence a lift plan has been written and reviewed by a competent Engineer. As a minimum the lift plan will describe a methodology for ensuring:

- Sub-assembly weights are known and within safe working capacity of the lifting mechanism whether it be by crane, helicopter or other means i.e. gin pole.
- All slings shackles and other lift devices are rated and within recommended safety limits.
- The position of slings has been analysed so as not to induce additional stress into subassemblies that could cause damage.
- Site layout is acknowledged for the lift method so that sub-assemblies are moved without damage if they are outside the safe range of the erection method.
- There is a method to ensure site specific hazards are encompassed into a lift plan.
- Crane pads are designed and constructed to match the size of crane and weight of proposed lifts with adequate safe margin should the weight or operating radius be exceeded. This design will need to be progressed in advance of the lift plan, but may be done in sections to reflect number of towers to be erected and variable soil conditions that may be encountered.

#### 8.2. Tower Assembly

Due care by the Contractor is needed to ensure that the tower steel and fastener galvanising are not damaged during the transport, sorting, assembly and erection stages of the tower installation process. Any damage to the tower steel or steel galvanising shall be made good by the Contractor and to the satisfaction of the Engineer and at the expense of the Contractor.

The filing, reaming or enlarging holes in any steel member by any method is not permitted. Forced fitting of bolts, e.g. hammering is not permitted.

Tower bolts shall be installed such that the nuts are in the "up" and "out" position.

Tower bolts shall not be fully tightened prior to erection; they shall allow movement of members. Pneumatic tools to tighten bolts (e.g. rattle guns and similar devices) shall not be used as their use can damage galvanising.

#### 8.3. Tower Erection

Erection of steel work shall be in accordance with NZS 3404:1992 and shall be carried out in such a manner that members are not over stressed or damaged. Any damaged or over stressed members as a result of the Contractor's activities shall be replaced at the Contractor's expense.

Before the stringing of conductors, any missing or replacement tower steel shall be installed, and the nuts of all bolts in the towers shall be tightened to the required specification.

After a minimum period of 2 weeks and after the time of clamping and terminating of the conductors in the relevant strain sections, all bolts in the strain and angle suspension towers shall be re-tightened to the required specification.

# 8.4. Climbing Deterrent Frames

Climbing Deterrent Frames shall be installed at the completion of the tower erection in accordance with TP.SS 02.14.

### 8.5. Fall Arrest System

The specified fall arrest system shall be installed at the completion of tower erection in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions/requirements.

### 8.6. Structure Signage

The Contractor shall supply and install all new signage to match existing signage on the line.

Signage shall be installed before the commissioning of the line.

The Engineer will provide final structure numbering and circuit names before signage fabrication commences.

#### 9. INSTALLATION OF CONDUCTORS

#### 9.1. General

The Contractor shall install all conductors, insulators, fittings and attachments in the locations and to the tensions indicated in this Specification.

All conductor stringing practices and insulator handling methods shall be such that damage to conductors and insulators is prevented and loadings on towers are limited to less than those allowed.

When stringing over public areas, precautions shall be taken to mitigate the risk of injury to members of the public. This may involve preventing access to the site in some cases.

The Contractor shall carry out all stringing activities in accordance with Contractor developed and approved work instructions, procedures or method statements. These shall relate to the specific transmission line to be wired, equipment and tooling to be used, and shall detail the intended method of hanging running blocks and insulators, running of pull rope and conductor, proposed pulling tensions and method of monitoring, the applied loads arising from the conductor stringing operation compared with the allowable loads on the towers, and precautions to be taken to ensure the safety of the operation. At least 14 days before the Contractor's planned commencement of stringing the Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a copy of all applicable work procedures.

Any damage to conductor, insulators or fittings incurred during handling or installation shall be repaired or replaced at the Contractor's expense.

#### 9.2. Care of Insulators

Particular care shall be taken to ensure that insulators are not damaged during the reconductoring process. Composite post insulators are particularly susceptible to damage. Temporary protective covers should be installed where there is a risk of damage.

#### 9.3. **Care of Conductors**

All installed conductor shall be clean and free from damage and defects.

The Contractor shall take precautions to prevent damage to conductor during lifting, handling or installation processes. The Contractor's installation methods shall include precautions to prevent damage to conductor from abrasion, over stressing through bending or over tensioning, movement of lays, bird caging or impact. Vehicles shall not be permitted to drive over unprotected conductor.

Damaged conductor shall be replaced.

#### 9.4. Stringing Equipment Requirements

The dimensions and configurations of tensioner bullwheels, conductor stringing pulleys and other such equipment shall generally comply with the requirements of IEEE standard 524:2003 unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall provide equipment specification details and inspection sheets to the Engineer on request, or if any equipment intended for use is at variance with the above.

The Contractor shall provide evidence that equipment is rated to operate at the required loadings and test certificates not more than 30 days old verifying the current condition shall be provided upon request by the Engineer.

Replacement of 132kV Transmission Line Lattice Steel Towers **FIDIC** Contract: Part 6B

Stringing pulley grooves shall be free of burrs and shall be suitable to take the pulling bearing pressures.

The Contractor shall maintain live communications between operators and observers along the wiring run, and have a fully operational back up system.

#### 9.5. Conductor Stringing

All conductors shall be strung by the tension stringing method.

Pull rope shall be a spin resistant, non-rotating type of appropriate rating to safely handle the applied loads. Pull rope shall be thoroughly inspected for mechanical damage before use. Synthetic pull rope over two years old shall only be used where its tensile strength has been confirmed as adequate by destructive test by a certified testing laboratory within the previous six months. Evidence of date of purchase, test certificates and inspection records shall be made available to the Engineer on request.

During pulling of conductor at a site adjacent to or crossed by other in-service power lines or when the line could inadvertently be livened through any means a temporary earth grid shall be formed. All plant shall be electrical boded to the grid in a manner that eliminates possible step-and-touch potential differences at the site, should the plant be accidentally livened. The perimeter of the effective earth grid site shall be fenced to avoid accidental ingress and one designated point of entry provided which shall provide an electrically safe access from the zone outside of the earth grid to the zone protected by the earth grid. Running earths shall be applied to the conductor in accordance with TP Standards. Temporary earthing shall be applied at structures when clamping in if there is discomfort to workers due to induction voltages.

Secondary (backup) conductor holding mechanisms for tensioned conductors shall be used when conductors are held on construction tools.

#### 9.6. Stringing OPGW

OPGW shall be installed strictly in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and installation instructions. The installation contractor's comprehensive methodology shall be submitted to the Principles Representative in a timely manner prior to the work commencing.

#### 9.7. Vegetation

Within seven days of clamping in conductors on any section of the line, the Contractor shall inspect that section of line and provide a report to the Employer that identifies any instances of vegetation clearance that do not comply with statutory clearance requirements.

### 9.8. Line Crossings over Other Services

Where the transmission line crosses any other overhead line, road, railway or any other service or utility whatsoever, the Contractor shall make all arrangements and obtain any permits and approvals necessary from the owner of the service being crossed. The Contractor shall comply with all requirements of that owner, including hazard control requirements, for the erection of the transmission line across that service.

The cost of any fees or services provided by the owners of other utilities that result from the crossing of their utility shall be met by the Contractor.

The Contractor shall plan his work in a way that causes minimum disruption to the owners and users of other services.

Temporary structures such as scaffolding, hurdles, nets and support structures used as a means of protecting the conductor or other services or facilities crossed by the conductor shall be designed and constructed to withstand the maximum potential service loads with an applied factor of safety of two. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with design information for any temporary structures, including the maximum allowable loads, the method of calculation, assumptions made and structural details, on request.

#### 9.9. Anchors, Guys and Makeoffs

Anchors used to restrain pullers and tensioners or to temporarily restrain conductor shall have a minimum factor of safety of two on the loads applied.

The use of structure bases or foundations shall not be permitted unless approved by the Engineer.

Tensioned conductors shall be made off with two bolted come-alongs linked by an equalising pulley. In areas easily accessible to the public a chicago grip shall also be fitted and connected directly to the anchor at reduced tension. All grips shall be at least 2m from the end of the conductor and shall be a minimum of 5m from the anchor.

#### 9.10. Conductor Sagging

The Contractor shall sag the conductor in accordance with the tension shown on the drawings.

Immediately after any section of line has been sagged and clamped, the tension of the conductor shall be within -0% and +3% of the design tension. The sag of any one conductor in spans other than terminal spans shall not depart by more than 150mm from the mean sag of all conductors in the span.

The conductor temperature at sagging shall be determined by averaging the temperature of the conductor at either end of the span to be sagged or from lengths of similar conductor suspended from the tower at a similar elevation to the conductor being sagged.

The Contractor shall record and supply with the quality records the actual sagging details such as: method of sagging, sagging temperature, instrument location and settings, sufficient to allow repeat observations.

#### 9.11. Conductor Clamping

Conductors shall be clamped at suspension structures such that at 20 degrees C and under no wind, suspension strings hang plumb apart from any deflection due to turn off angle. The Contractor shall determine clamping offsets as necessary. Armour rods shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and centred to within 10mm of the center of the suspension clamp. The quality documentation shall indicate clamping offset dimensions, the method of calculation and confirm their application.

#### 9.12. Vibration Dampers

The number, location and installation of vibration dampers for each span shall be in accordance with the damper installation schedule.

Care shall be taken during fitting of dampers not to crush or damage conductor strands. All bolts shall be tightened using torque wrenches that have been calibrated immediately prior to use on this project. Torque wrenches shall be recalibrated following any significant drop or impact and no less than once a week during the course of the work..

#### 9.13. Compression Joints and Dead Ends

Jointing and dead ending of conductor shall comply fully with industry Standards. There shall be no mid span joint within 5m of a suspension clamp or within 10m of a dead end joint. There shall be no more than one mid span joint in each conductor in any one span without prior approval of the Engineer.

Compressors and dies used for making compression joints shall be tested, and the sample joints tested to ensure that they meet the required electrical and mechanical test parameters, a minimum of 7 days prior to the undertaking the permanent works.

All compression joints shall be tested after completion of the works. The Contractor will be responsible for replacing any joints that fail testing.

#### The Contractor shall:

- Prepare a full written procedure that includes a time scale, for the work to be completed, and provide a copy to the Engineer for information, as part of their Tender.
- Have at least one spare fully operational compressor with appropriate dies at each location that
  pressing is to be carried out.
- Have at least two spare compression fittings of each type of fitting to be applied, at each location that pressing is carried out.

#### 10. INSPECTION AND COMMISSIONING

#### 10.1. General

The Contractor is responsible for developing and implementing a commissioning plan.

Prior to the issue of the Operational Acceptance Certificate, the Engineer's Representative shall undertake a visual inspection of the line and any other electrical tests deemed necessary and the Contractor shall undertake the rectification of any defects to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

#### 10.2. Livening

Overall responsibility for commissioning the transmission line and terminations will be the responsibility of the Contractor.

### 10.3. Phasing

The Contractor shall connect the conductors so as to obtain the phasing to match the existing configuration.

#### 10.4. Phase Testing

Testing of the completed transmission line shall be completed prior to commissioning of the line.

The Contractor shall complete the following tests:

- a) Megger test on all phases of each circuit to detect any improper earths.
- b) Resistance test to measure DC resistance between each pair of phases on each circuit.

Two copies of the test results shall be handed to the Engineer prior to the issue of the Take Over Certificate.

#### 11. CONTRACT CLOSE-OUT

## 11.1. Reinstatement

The Contractor is responsible for restoring all ground within the construction area, including access tracks, to a condition equivalent to that existing before the works.

#### 11.2. Disestablishment

All clean-up work shall be completed to return the work area and access roads to their condition prior to commencement.

#### 11.3. As Built Drawings

As sections of work are completed a complete set of hand marked up prints of drawings for each section of work is to be prepared by the Contractor. These shall be made available throughout the course of the work.

Changes to or deviations from the approved installation drawings shall be marked up accurately in red and in such a way that they can be readily interpreted on a daily basis as the work proceeds.

One set of drawings shall be used by the Contractor specifically for recording as-built changes or deviations. This set of drawings and any additions or amendments shall be kept at all times solely for recording as-built information.

All drawings shall be stamped in the lower right hand corner of the sheet with a stamp as shown and filled in accordingly.

| AS BUILT |                      |  |  |
|----------|----------------------|--|--|
| No C     | No Change/As Marked* |  |  |
| Signed:  | Date:                |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Delete as appropriate.

#### 12. CONTRACT CLOSE-OUT

#### 12.1. Reinstatement

The Contractor is responsible for restoring all ground within the construction area, including access tracks, to a condition equivalent to that existing before the works.

## **APPENDIX A - DETAILED SCOPE OF WORKS**

Below is a detailed scope of works for this Contract which is to be read in conjunction with the general scope items in section 1.1 of this Specification.

| Item | Description   | Reference Drawings |
|------|---|--------------------|
| 1    | Measurement survey to determine the levels and relative locations of the existing Tower 1, 12 and 14 foundations on the Nadarivatu line   |                    |
| 2    | Topographic survey to determine the ground contours at the site of Tower 82 on the Wailoa-Vuda 132kV line   | NA                 |
| 3    | Excavate the ground, construct the foundation and backfill at the site of Tower 82 on the Wailoa-Vuda 132kV line  |                    |
| 4    | Design, supply and installation of tower baseplate and stub legs at Towers 1, 12 and 14 on the Nadarivatu 132kV line. This requires drilling and grouting of anchors into the existing foundations.   |                    |
| 5    | Design, fabrication, supply and installation of Towers 1, 12 and 14 on the Nadarivatu 132kV line  |                    |
| 6    | Design, fabrication, supply and installation of Tower 82 on the Wailoa-Vuda 132kV line  |                    |
| 7    | Load testing of one tower to 95% ULS Loading  |                    |
| 8    | Supply and install insulators and associated hardware to attach to the conductor and tower at Towers 1, 12 and 14 on the Nadarivatu 132kV line  |                    |
| 9    | Supply and install insulators and associated hardware to attach to the conductor and tower at Tower 82 on the Wailoa-Vuda 132kV line  |                    |
| 10   | Supply and install new Grape ACSR conductors (6 phases) between Towers 1 and the power station gantry on the Nadarivatu 132kV line, connecting to Towers 1 and the power station gantry with full tension compression deadends                  |                    |
| 11   | Supply and install 50m per phase (6 phases) of new Grape ACSR conductors from Tower 1, in the span to Tower 2 on the Nadarivatu 132kV line, connecting to the existing conductor and tower 1 with full tension compression joints and dead-ends |                    |
| 12   | Supply and install 50m per phase (6 phases) of new Grape ACSR conductors (12 lengths total) from Tower 12, in the spans to T10 and T13 on the Nadarivatu 132kV line, connecting to the existing conductor with full tension compression joints  |                    |
| 13   | Lower the existing Grape ACSR conductors (6 phases) close to ground at T14 on the Nadarivatu 132kV line, and lifting onto the replacement tower. This is likely to require pulling away from the tower to avoid conductor damage.               |                    |
| 14   | Supply and install new Grape ACSR conductors (3 phases) between Towers 80 and 83 on the Wailoa-Vuda 132kV line, connecting to Towers T80, T82 and T83 with full tension compression dead-ends   |                    |

| Item | Description   | Reference Drawings |
|------|---|--------------------|
| 15   | Supply and install new OPGW between Towers 1 and the power station gantry on the Nadarivatu 132kV line, connecting to Towers 1 and the power station gantry with tension dead-ends and joint boxes                  |                    |
| 16   | Supply and install new OPGW between the power station gantry and Tower 2 on the Nadarivatu 132kV line, connecting to Towers 1, 2 and the power station gantry with tension dead-ends and joint boxes                |                    |
| 17   | Supply and install new OPGW between Tower 10 and Tower 13 on the Nadarivatu 132kV line, connecting to Towers 10, 12 and 13 with tension deadends and joint boxes  |                    |
| 18   | Lower the existing OPGW close to ground at T14 on the Nadarivatu 132kV line, and lifting onto the replacement tower taking care not to damage the OPGW.   |                    |
| 19   | Supply and install new 7/3.25 SC/AC earthwire between Towers 80 and 83 on the Wailoa-Vuda 132kV line, connecting to Towers T80, T82 and T83 with tension dead-ends  |                    |
| 20   | Supply and Install Dampers at Towers 1, 2, 10, 12, 13 and 14 on the Nadarivatu 132kV line   |                    |
| 21   | Supply and Install Dampers at Tower 80, 82 and 83 on the Wailoa-Vuda 132kV line   |                    |
| 22   | Topographic survey to determine the as-built conductor, OPGW and earthwire attachment points at Towers 1, 2, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15 on the Nadarivatu 132kV line and Towers 80, 82 and 83 on the Wailoa-Vuda 132kV line |                    |

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# PART 7

**DRAWINGS AND INFORMATION** 

# A)- PRELIMINARY SCHEDULE OF MATERIALS

Below is a list of the required materials for construction of the line. This list excludes structure, guy and foundation materials. These will be determined as part of the detailed design.

### Wailoa - Vuda T82

| Material / Assembly       | Quantity (* - including additional 10%) |
|---------------------------|---|
| Conductor                 | 4350m *                                 |
| Earthwire                 | 1,450m *                                |
| Strain Insulator Assembly | 12                                      |
| Jumper Insulator Assembly | 3                                       |
| EW Strain Assembly        | 4                                       |

#### Nadarivatu

| Material / Assembly           | Quantity (* - including additional 10%) |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Conductor                     | 3300m *                                 |
| Earthwire                     | 800m *                                  |
| OPGW                          | 1800m *                                 |
| Strain Insulator Assembly     | 18                                      |
| Suspension Insulator Assembly | 12                                      |
| Jumper Insulator Assembly     | 6                                       |
| OPGW Suspension Assembly      | 2                                       |
| OPGW Strain Assembly          | 4                                       |
| EW Strain Assembly            | 4                                       |



## B) - STRUCTURE LOAD SCHEDULES - NADARIVATU

The following pages give the attachment loads for the structures. Refer to the drawings in Section D, for the locations and direction of the attachment loads.

#### **Maximum Wind**

The loads below are specified for Tower 1 and are to be applied at each conductor attachment as shown on drg. no. 13556/N/1:

|       | Conductor Attachment Loads (kN) |      |          |              |  |
|-------|---------------------------------|------|----------|--------------|--|
| Str # | Vertical (-ve up)               |      | (-ve up) | Langitudinal |  |
|       | Transverse                      | Max  | Min      | Longitudinal |  |
| 1-C1  | 63.2                            | 48.3 | 34.1     | 50.4         |  |
| 1-C2  | 51                              | 4.2  | 3.3      | -31.8        |  |

The loads below are specified for Tower 1 and are to be applied at each OPGW/EW attachment as shown on drg. no. 13556/N/1:

|       | Earthwire/OPGW Attachment Loads (kN) |                   |      |              |
|-------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|------|--------------|
| Str # | Transvarae                           | Vertical (-ve up) |      | Longitudinal |
|       | Transverse                           | Max               | Min  | Longitudinal |
| 1-0   | 92.0                                 | 38.3              | 30.0 | 7.2          |
| 1-E   | 42.6                                 | 37.4              | 29.3 | 51.7         |

The loads below are specified for each structure and are to be applied at each conductor attachment:

|       | Conductor Attachment Loads (kN) |      |      |              |  |
|-------|---------------------------------|------|------|--------------|--|
| Str # | Vertical (-ve up)               |      |      |              |  |
|       | Transverse                      | Max  | Min  | Longitudinal |  |
| 12    | 72.5                            | 14.0 | 13.5 | 41.4         |  |
| 14    | 83.6                            | -3.0 | -3.9 | 8.7          |  |

The loads below are specified for each structure and are to be applied at the OPGW attachment.

| Str # | OPGW Attachment Loads (kN) |      |          |              |  |
|-------|----------------------------|------|----------|--------------|--|
|       | Vertical (-ve              |      | (-ve up) | Longitudinal |  |
|       | Transverse                 | Max  | Min      | Longitudinal |  |
| 12    | 59.1                       | 11.9 | 11.7     | 42.6         |  |
| 14    | 69.2                       | -3.2 | -3.5     | 4.1          |  |

The wind on the structure is to be  $110 \text{m/s} \times \text{M}_z\text{Cat} \times \text{M}_t$  (1.40).  $\text{M}_z\text{Cat}$  is obtained from Table 4.1 (b) of AS/NZS 1170.2, using Terrain Category 2 and height (z) equivalent to 2/3 of structure height.



### Serviceability Wind (V<sub>25</sub>)

The loads below are specified for Tower 1 and are to be applied at each conductor attachment as shown on drg. no. 13556/N/1:

|       | Conductor Attachment Loads (kN) |                   |      |               |
|-------|---------------------------------|-------------------|------|---------------|
| Str # | Transvaraa                      | Vertical (-ve up) |      | l angitudinal |
|       | Transverse                      | Max               | Min  | Longitudinal  |
| 1-C1  | 18.1                            | 20.0              | 13.2 | 24.0          |
| 1-C2  | 14.9                            | 2.4               | 2.1  | -17.8         |

|       | Earthwire/OPGW Attachment Loads (kN) |                   |      |                |  |
|-------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|------|----------------|--|
| Str # | Transvaraa                           | Vertical (-ve up) |      | l on ditudinal |  |
|       | Transverse                           | Max               | Min  | Longitudinal   |  |
| 1-0   | 37.3                                 | 19.2              | 14.5 | 11.6           |  |
| 1-E   | 25.0                                 | 18.0              | 14.3 | 25.0           |  |

The loads below are specified for each structure and are to be applied at each conductor attachment:

|       | Conductor Attachment Loads (kN) |     |                    |              |  |
|-------|---------------------------------|-----|--------------------|--------------|--|
| Str # | Vertical (-ve up)               |     | l an orban alta al |              |  |
|       | Transverse                      | Max | Min                | Longitudinal |  |
| 12    | 28.7                            | 5.8 | 5.5                | 13.7         |  |
| 14    | 32.4                            | 0.6 | 0.3                | 5.0          |  |

The loads below are specified for each structure and are to be applied at the OPGW attachment.

|      | C          | PGW Attachn       | nent Loads (kN | l)           |
|------|------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------|
| Str# | Transverse | Vertical (-ve up) |                | Longitudinal |
|      | Transverse | Max               | Min            | Longitudinal |
| 12   | 23.6       | 4.8               | 4.7            | 16.2         |
| 14   | 27.3       | 0.3               | 0.2            | 3            |

The wind on the structure is to be 53 m/s x  $M_z$ Cat x  $M_t$  (1.40).  $M_z$ Cat is obtained from Table 4.1 (b) of AS/NZS 1170.2, using Terrain Category 2 and height (z) equivalent to 2/3 of structure height.



### **Broken Wire (Failure Containment)**

The Broken Wire attachment loads are to be applied at the worst case scenarios for two of the conductor/OPGW attachments. The other attachments are to have the intact loading. Note that Structure 1 has two additional earthwire deadend attachment loads.

The loads below are specified for Tower 1 and are to be applied at each conductor attachment as shown on drg. no. 13556/N/1:

|       | Intact                                 | Conductor At      | tachment Load | ls (kN)      |
|-------|--|-------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Str # | Transverse                             | Vertical          | l (-ve up)    | Longitudinal |
|       | Hallsveise                             | Max               | Min           | Longitudinal |
| 1-C1  | 18.3                                   | 16.7              | 10.6          | 23.3         |
| 1-C2  | 17.0                                   | 2.5               | 2.2           | -13.6        |
|       | Intact EW / OPGW Attachment Loads (kN) |                   |               |              |
| Str # | Transvaraa                             | Vertical (-ve up) |               | Longitudinal |
|       | Transverse                             | Max               | Min           | Longitudinal |
| 1-0   | 35.4                                   | 28.1              | 0.0           | 7.2          |
| 1-E   | 23.0                                   | 22.7              | 0.0           | 26.0         |
|       | Broken Co                              | nductor /OPG      | W Attachment  | Loads (kN)   |
| Str # | Transverse                             | Vertical (-ve up) |               | Longitudinal |
|       | Transverse                             | Max               | Min           | Longitudinal |
| 1-C1  | 0.0                                    | 0.0               | 0.0           | 0.0          |
| 1-C2  | 0.0                                    | 0.0               | 0.0           | 0.0          |
| 1-0   | 19.4                                   | 13.5              | 1.8           | 29.1         |

The loads below are specified for each structure and are to be applied at each conductor attachment:

|      | Intact Cor | Intact Conductor / OPGW Attachment Loads (kN) |     |               |  |
|------|------------|---|-----|---------------|--|
| Str# | Transvaraa | Vertical (-ve up)                             |     | l angitudinal |  |
|      | Transverse | Max   | Min | Longitudinal  |  |
| 12   | 18.0       | 8.4   | 0.0 | 11.0          |  |
| 14   | 22.1       | 1.7   | 0.0 | 2.7           |  |

|      | Broken Co  | Loads (kN)        |      |               |
|------|------------|-------------------|------|---------------|
| Str# | Transvarae | Vertical (-ve up) |      | l andibudinal |
|      | Transverse | Max               | Min  | Longitudinal  |
| 12   | 16.0       | 5.0               | 0.0  | 52.1          |
| 14   | 11.1       | 2.7               | -0.5 | 46.8          |

The wind on the structure is to be  $55m/s \times M_zCat \times M_t(1.40)$ .  $M_zCat$  is obtained from Table 4.1 (b) of AS/NZS 1170.2, using Terrain Category 2 and height (z) equivalent to 2/3 of structure height.



## **Maintenance Loading**

The Maintenance Working attachment load are to be applied at the worst case scenario for one of the conductor attachments. The other attachments are to have the intact loading. Note that Structure 1 has two additional earthwire deadend attachment loads.

|       | Working Conductor / OPGW Attachment Loads (kN) |                   |     |              |  |
|-------|--|-------------------|-----|--------------|--|
| Str # | Transvarea                                     | Vertical (-ve up) |     | Longitudinal |  |
|       | Transverse                                     | Max               | Min | Longitudinal |  |
| 1     | 18.5   | 11.1              | 9.5 | 1.3          |  |
| 12    | 1.8  | 4.4               | 4.4 | 0.1          |  |
| 14    | 3.1  | 2.1               | 2.0 | 0.1          |  |

|       | Intact Conductor /OPGW Attachment Loads (kN) |                   |     |               |  |
|-------|--|-------------------|-----|---------------|--|
| Str # | Transvaraa                                   | Vertical (-ve up) |     | l opeitudinal |  |
|       | Transverse                                   | Max               | Min | Longitudinal  |  |
| 1     | 13.8   | 11.1              | 9.5 | 0.9           |  |
| 1-E   | 6.2  | 7.4               | 7.4 | 8.1           |  |
| 12    | 1.6  | 4.4               | 4.4 | 0.1           |  |
| 14    | 2.5  | 2.1               | 2.0 | 0.1           |  |

The wind on the structure is to be 100Pa.



# C) - STRUCTURE LOAD SCHEDULES - WAILOA - VUDA

The following pages give the attachment loads for the structures. Refer to the drawings in Section C, for the locations and direction of the attachment loads.

#### **Maximum Wind**

The loads below are specified for Tower 82 and are to be applied at each conductor attachment as shown on drg. no. 13556/N/1:

|         | Co         | nductor Attacl    | nment Loads (F | (N)           |
|---------|------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Str#    | Transvarea | Vertical (-ve up) |                | l opeitudinal |
|         | Transverse | Max               | Min            | Longitudinal  |
| 82-C1   | 60.2       | 29.1              | 26.5           | -60.0         |
| 82 - C2 | 42.1       | 15.0              | 14.4           | 90.0          |

The loads below are specified for Tower 1 and are to be applied at each EW attachment as shown on drg. no. 13556/WV/1:

|        | Ea         | rthwire Attacl | nment Loads (I | (N)          |
|--------|------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| Str #  | Transverse | Vertical       | (-ve up)       | Longitudinal |
|        | Hallsveise | Max            | Min            | Longitudinai |
| 82 - E | 61.4       | 30.0           | 28.3           | 27.3         |

The wind on the structure is to be 110m/s  $\times$  M<sub>z</sub>Cat  $\times$  M<sub>t</sub> (1.40). M<sub>z</sub>Cat is obtained from Table 4.1 (b) of AS/NZS 1170.2, using Terrain Category 2 and height (z) equivalent to 2/3 of structure height.



### Serviceability Wind (V<sub>25</sub>)

The loads below are specified for Tower 82 and are to be applied at each conductor attachment as shown on drg. no. 13556/WV/1:

|         | Co         | nductor Attacl    | nment Loads (k | (N)             |
|---------|------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Str#    | Transvaras | Vertical (-ve up) |                | l amelto dim al |
|         | Transverse | Max               | Min            | Longitudinal    |
| 82-C1   | 20.2       | 12.8              | 11.7           | -63.0           |
| 82 - C2 | 13.7       | 7.2               | 7.0            | 40.9            |

|        | Ea         | rthwire Attach    | nment Loads (k | (N)          |
|--------|------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------|
| Str #  | Transvarea | Vertical (-ve up) |                | Longitudinal |
|        | Transverse | Max               | Min            | Longitudinal |
| 82 - E | 21.2       | 14.0              | 13.5           | 11.0         |

The wind on the structure is to be 53 m/s x  $M_z$ Cat x  $M_t$  (1.40).  $M_z$ Cat is obtained from Table 4.1 (b) of AS/NZS 1170.2, using Terrain Category 2 and height (z) equivalent to 2/3 of structure height.



### **Broken Wire (Failure Containment)**

The Broken Wire attachment loads are to be applied at the worst case scenarios for two of the conductor/OPGW attachments. The other attachments are to have the intact loading.

The loads below are specified for Tower 82 and are to be applied at each conductor attachment as shown on drg. no. 13556/WV/1:

|         | Co         | nductor Attacl    | nment Loads (k | (N)            |
|---------|------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Str#    | Trongvere  | Vertical (-ve up) |                | l on ditudinal |
|         | Transverse | Max               | Min            | Longitudinal   |
| 82 - C1 | 15.3       | 10.8              | 10.0           | -60.2          |
| 82 - C2 | 10.3       | 6.6               | 6.5            | 38.9           |

|        | Inta       | act EW Attac      | hment Loads ( | kN)          |
|--------|------------|-------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Str #  | Transvaraa | Vertical (-ve up) |               | Longitudinal |
|        | Transverse | Max               | Min           | Longitudinal |
| 82 - E | 16.7       | 11.3              | 10.9          | 11.4         |

|                    | Broken EW Attachment Loads (kN) |          |          |              |  |  |  |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|----------|----------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Str #              | Tropovoroo                      | Vertical | (-ve up) | Longitudinal |  |  |  |
|                    | Transverse                      | Max      | Min      | Longitudinal |  |  |  |
| 82-C1              | <b>82 - C1</b> 0.0              |          | 0.0      | 0.0          |  |  |  |
| <b>82 - C2</b> 0.0 |                                 | 0.0      | 0.0      | 0.0          |  |  |  |
| 82 - E             | 9.7                             | 6.7      | 6.4      | 42.7         |  |  |  |

The wind on the structure is to be  $55m/s \times M_zCat \times M_t(1.40)$ .  $M_zCat$  is obtained from Table 4.1 (b) of AS/NZS 1170.2, using Terrain Category 2 and height (z) equivalent to 2/3 of structure height.



# **Maintenance Loading**

The Maintenance Working attachment load are to be applied at the worst case scenario for one of the conductor attachments. The other attachments are to have the intact loading.

|         | Working Conductor Attachment Loads (kN) |          |          |              |  |  |
|---------|---|----------|----------|--------------|--|--|
| Str#    | Transvaraa                              | Vertical | (-ve up) | Langitudinal |  |  |
|         | Transverse                              | Max      | Min      | Longitudinal |  |  |
| 82-C1   | <b>82 - C1</b> 4.0                      |          | 5.0      | -26.1        |  |  |
| 82 - C2 | 4.2                                     | 4.9      | 4.9      | 26.1         |  |  |

|         | Intact Conductor /EW Attachment Loads (kN) |          |          |              |  |  |  |
|---------|--|----------|----------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Str #   | Transvaraa                                 | Vertical | (-ve up) | Landitudinal |  |  |  |
|         | Transverse                                 | Max      | Min      | Longitudinal |  |  |  |
| 82-C1   | 3.1  | 5.1      | 5.0      | -19.5        |  |  |  |
| 82 - C2 | <b>82 - C2</b> 3.3                         |          | 4.9      | 19.5         |  |  |  |
| 82 - E  | <b>82-E</b> 3.1                            |          | 6.5      | 0.0          |  |  |  |

The wind on the structure is to be 100Pa.



# D) - - LINES DRAWING SCHEDULE

The following pages contain the schedule of drawings for the lines component.



# Fiji Tower Failures 2016 Drawing List

# General

| Drawings #  | Description                |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| LEH5788_1_0 | 10 & 20 OHM Tower Earthing |

# Wailoa - Vuda 132kV Line

| Drawings #   | Description   |
|--------------|---|
| 13556/WV/1   | Tower 82 Replacement, Tower and Foundation Geometry |
| 13556/WV/2   | Tower 82 Replacement, New Foundation Details        |
| 13556/WV/RPP | Route Plan and Profile, Tower 79 to 83              |

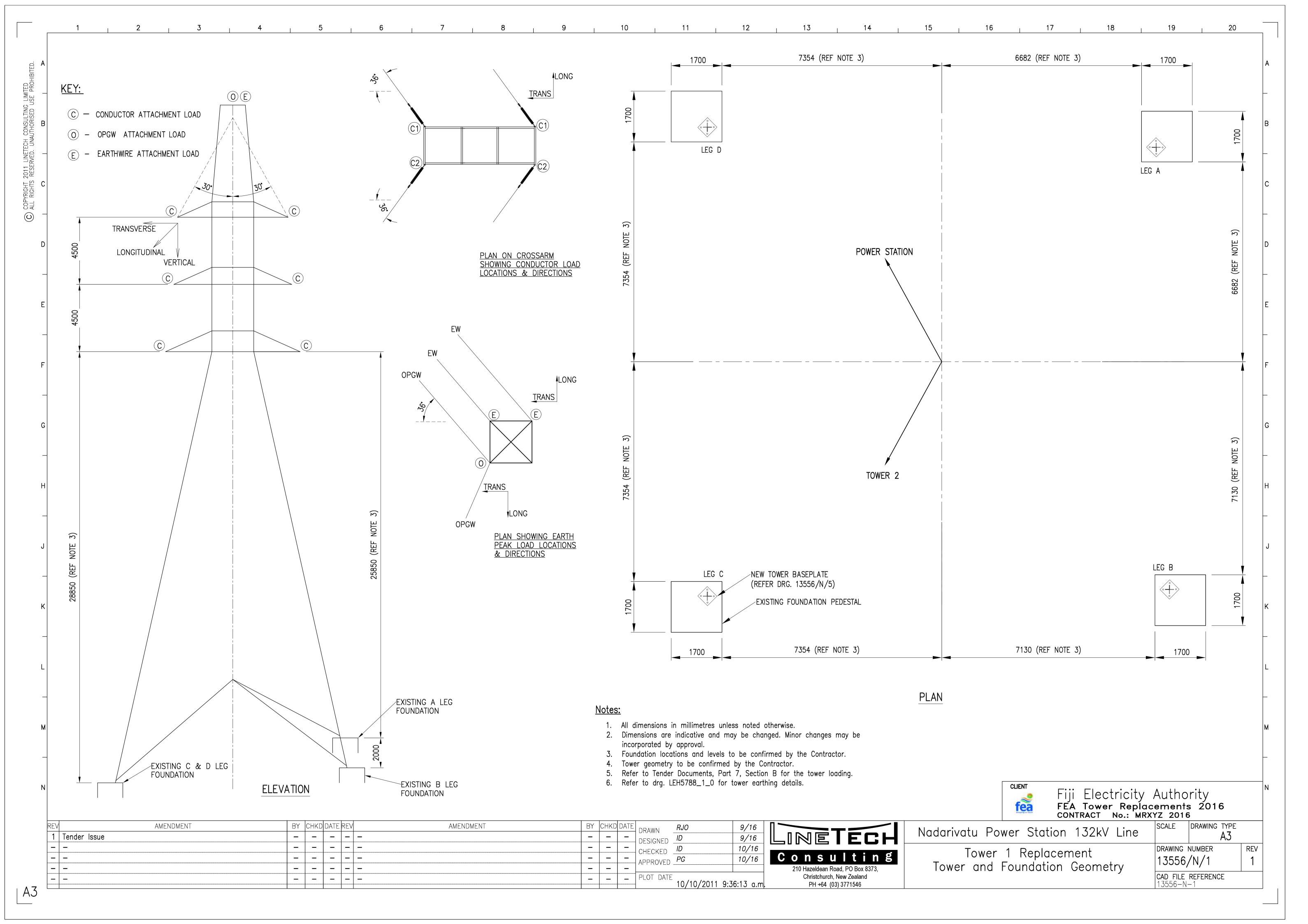
# Nadarivatu Power Station 132kV Line

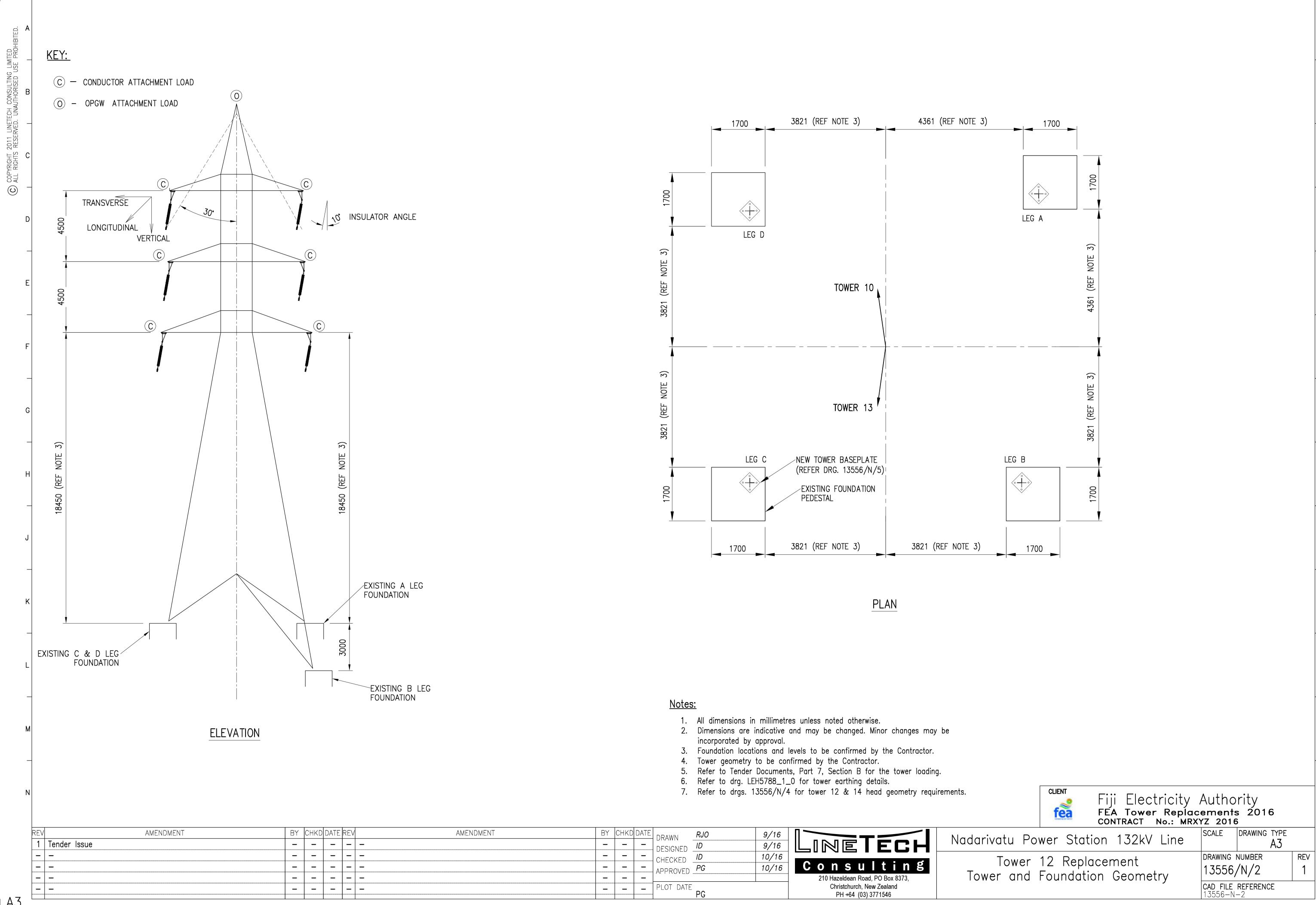
| Drg. No.    | Description  |
|-------------|--|
| 13556/N/1   | Tower 1 Replacement, Tower and Foundation Geometry       |
| 13556/N/2   | Tower 12 Replacement, Tower and Foundation Geometry      |
| 13556/N/3   | Tower 14 Replacement, Tower and Foundation Geometry      |
| 13556/N/4   | Towers 12 and 14, Insulator Swing Clearance Requirements |
| 13556/N/5   | Tower Foundation Anchorage, General Arrangement          |
| LEH5788/RPP | Route Plan and Profile, Sheets 1 to 4                    |
| LEH5788_9   | Tower Types TDT, TDH & TDL, Existing Foundation Type PAI |

# E) - TOWER GENERAL ARRANGEMENT DRAWINGS

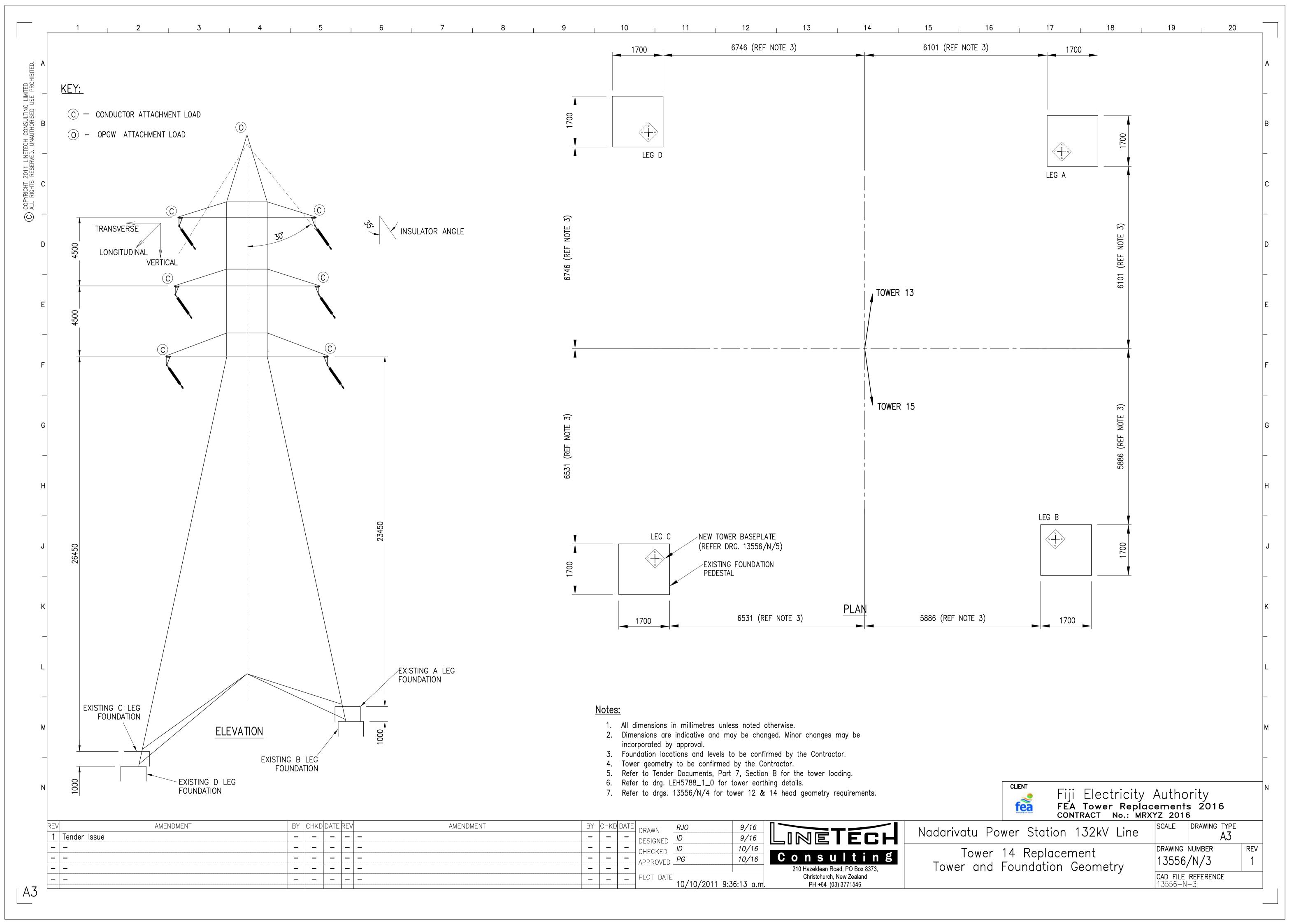
The following pages contain the outline structure drawings applicable for the construction of the works.

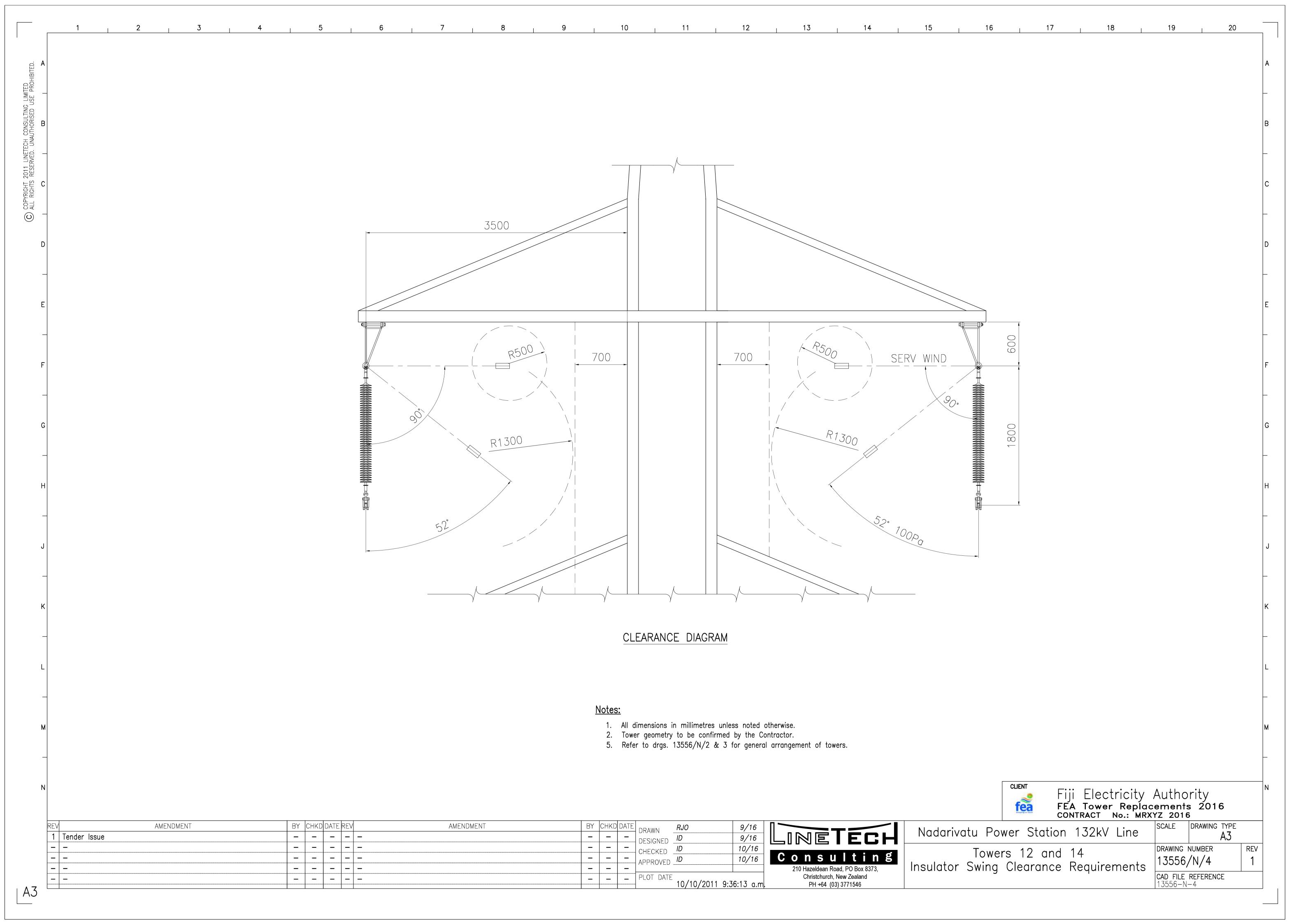


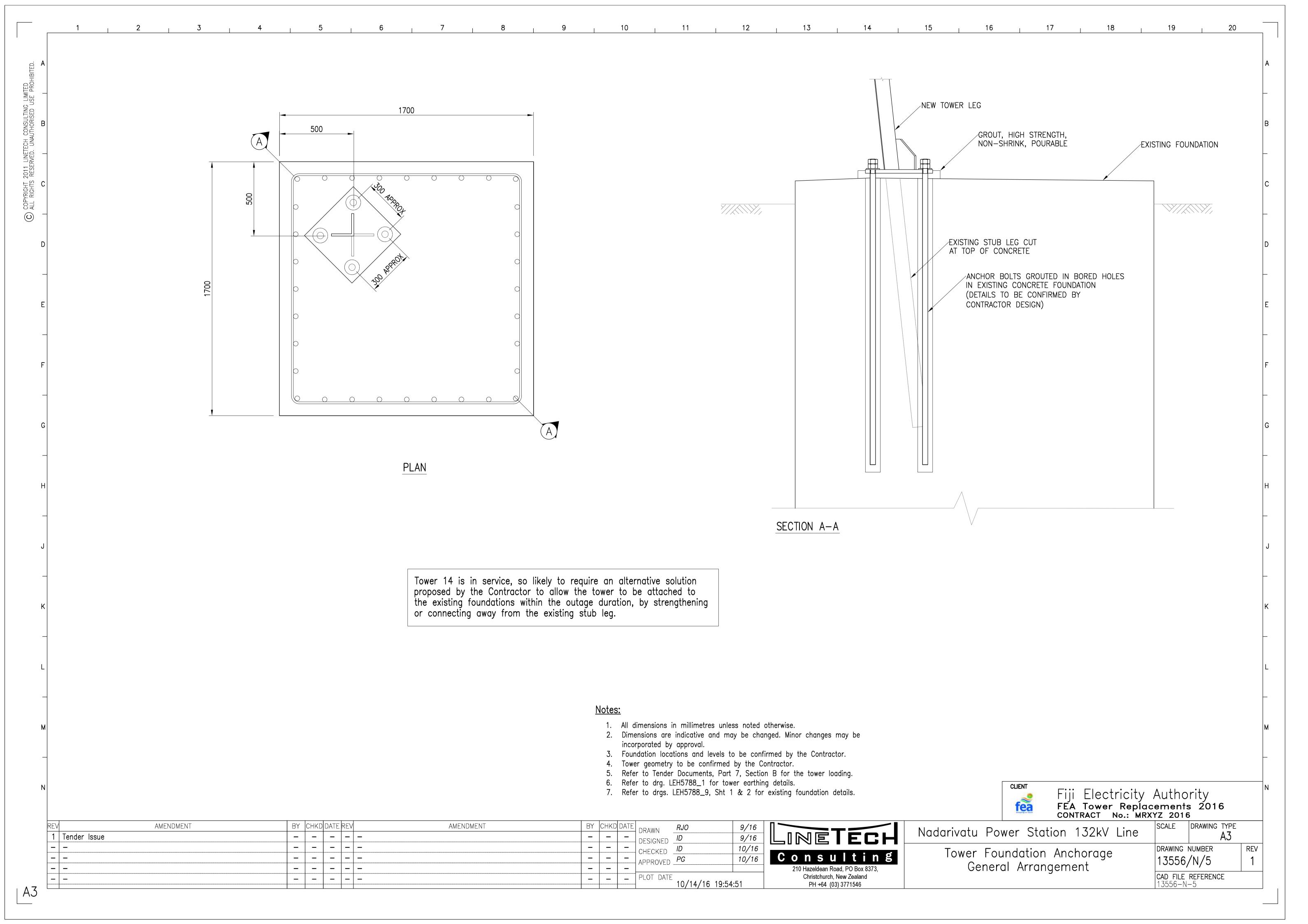


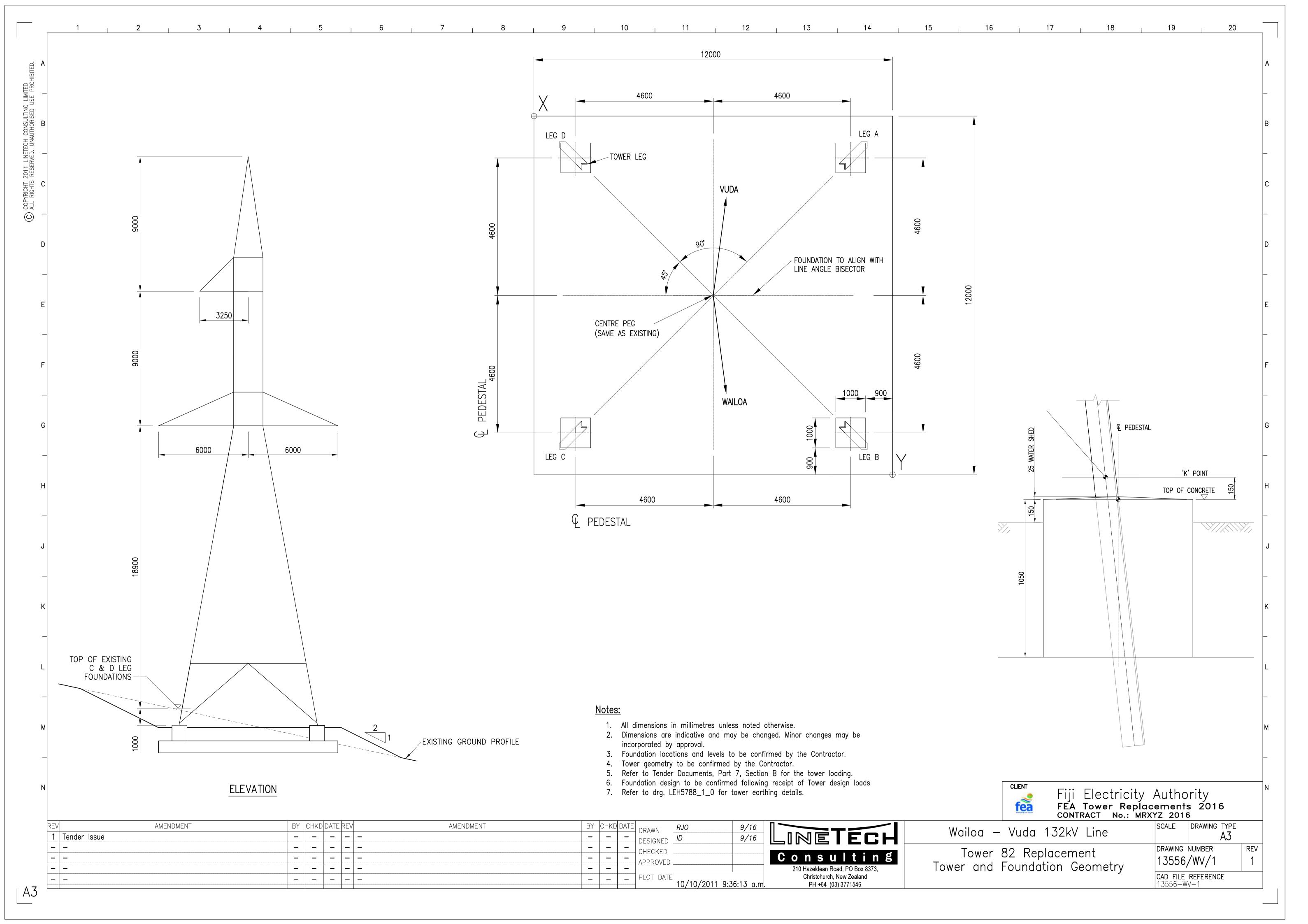


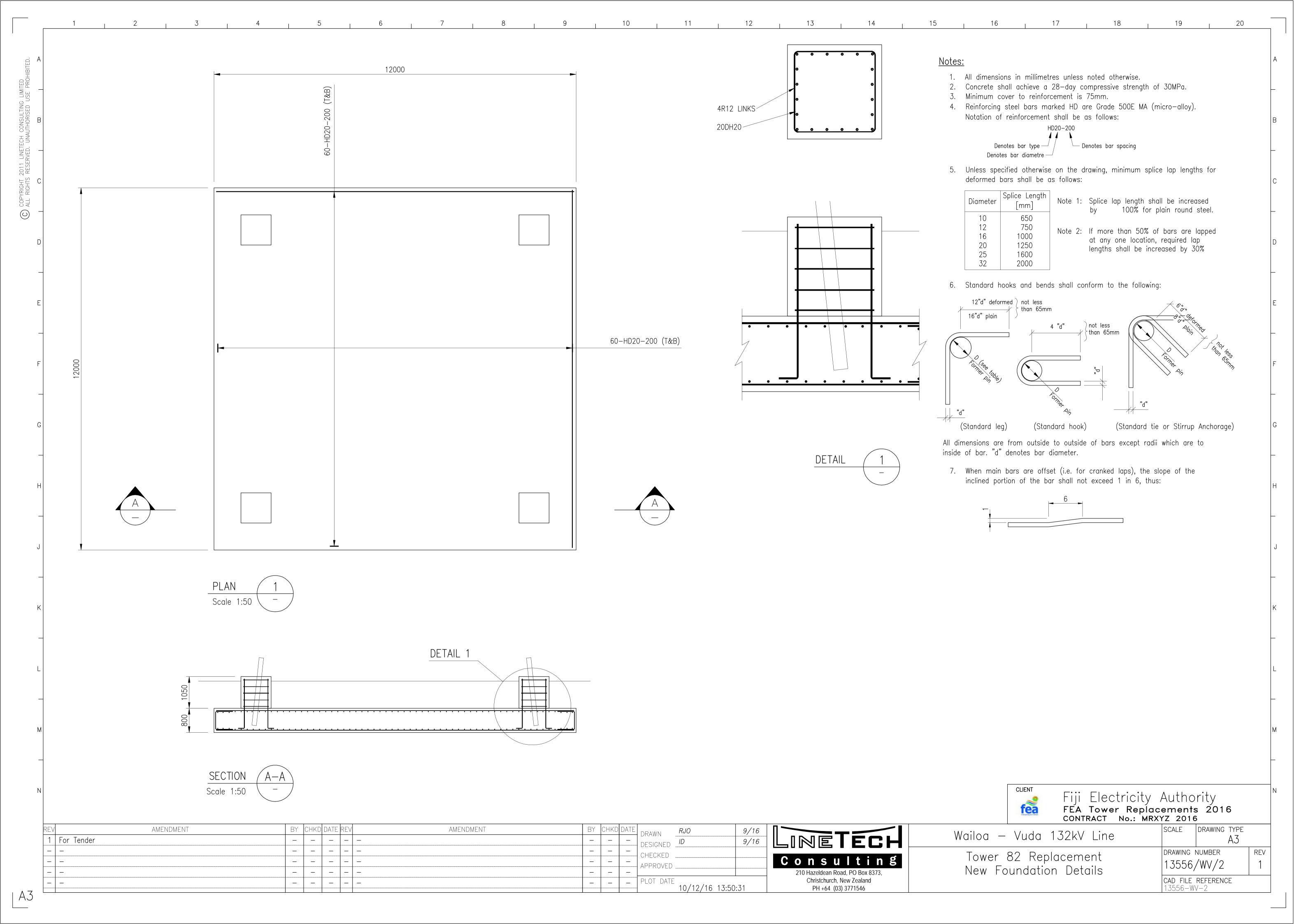
18 <sub>I</sub>

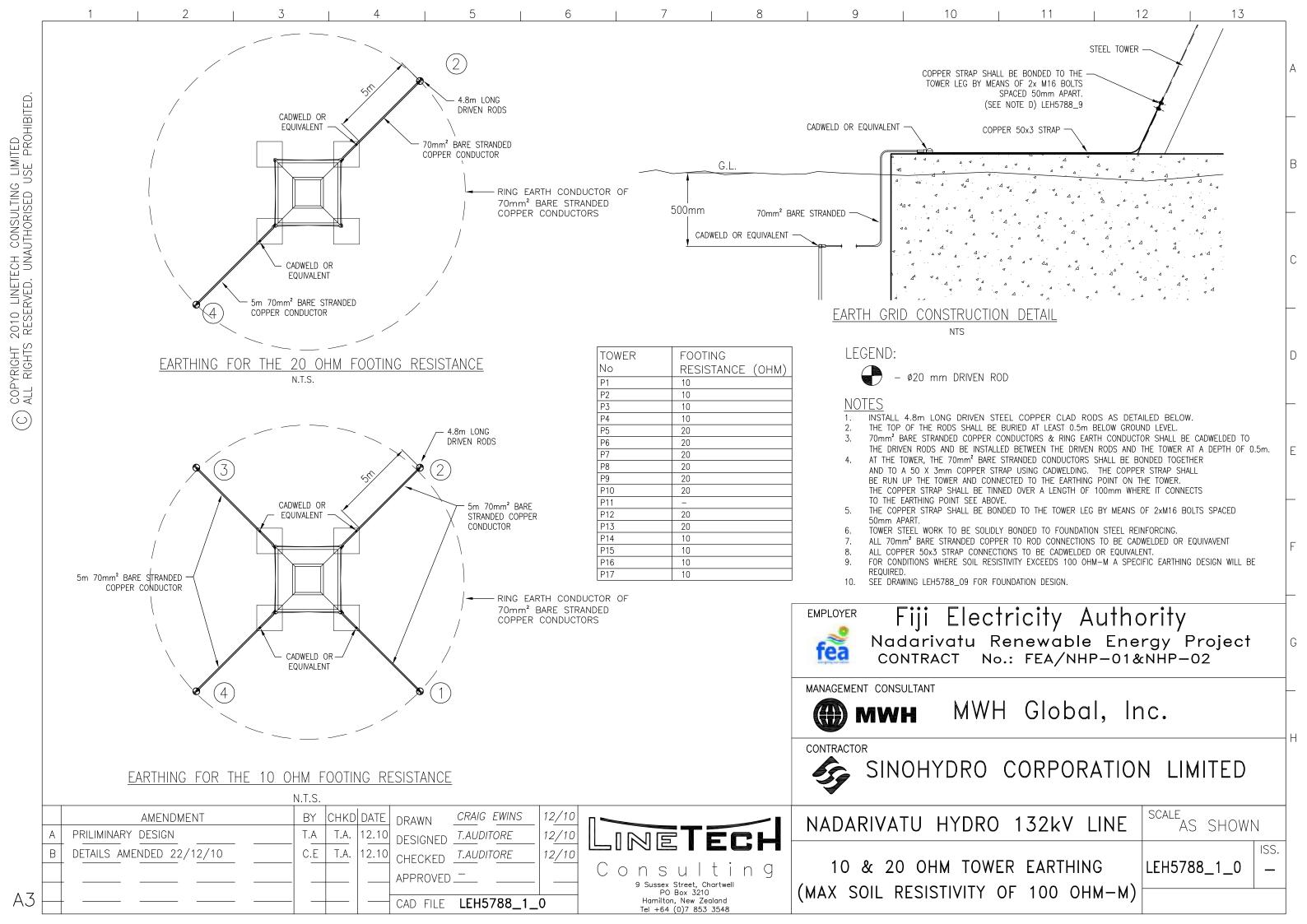










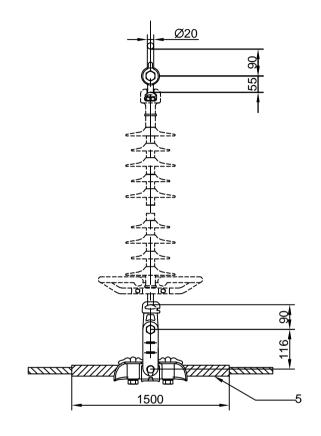


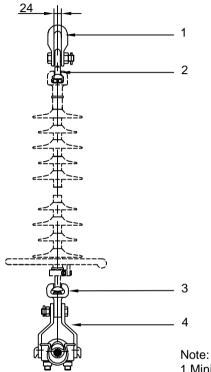
# F) - INSULATOR DRAWINGS

The drawings show the proposed insulator arrangements which we understand are the same as used for the existing Wailoa-Vuda 132kV line and were provided as information to the Contractor for construction of the Nadarivatu line.



#### FEA NADARIVATU 132KV TEE LINE





- 1.Minimum breaking load: 120kN ,except suspension clamp;
- 2. The slip strength of clamp is not less than 18% RTS of conductor;
- 3.Galvanized to BS729;
- 4.All dimensions are in millimetres;
- 5.Coupling IEC 120:16;
- 6.Manufacturing based on the standard:IEC 61284.

| 5    | Armour Rods      | FYH-150/35 | Aluminium Alloy     | 1        |        |
|------|------------------|------------|---------------------|----------|--------|
| 4    | Suspension Clamp | PSC-30     | Al alloy&Galv.steel | 1        |        |
| 3    | Socket Eye       | W-12       | Galv.steel          | 1        | 120kN  |
| 2    | Ball Eyes        | QP-12      | Galv.steel          | 1        | 120kN  |
| 1    | U Shackle        | U-12       | Galv.steel          | 1        | 120kN  |
| Iter | n Description    | Cat. No.   | Material            | Quantity | U.T.S. |

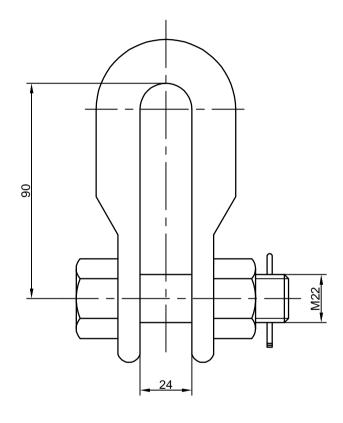
| Ger      | eral Toler | ance       |                      |
|----------|------------|------------|----------------------|
| <=30     | ±1.5mm     | ANGLE:     | Suspension assembly  |
| >30      | ±5%        | ±          | Ouspension assembly  |
| Weight   | ±15%       |            |                      |
| Drawing  | Kevin      | 2010/12/06 | Jiangsu Zhongtian    |
| Checked  |            |            | Technology Co., Ltd. |
| Approved |            |            | roomiology oo., Etd. |

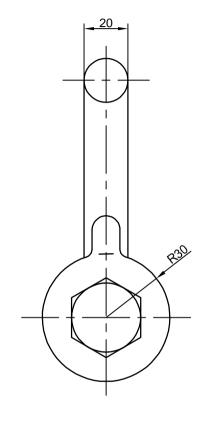
|    | ZTT  |
|----|------|
| 中天 | 中天科技 |

NTS

| ngsu Zhongtian    | Mass |      | Scale |
|-------------------|------|------|-------|
| hnology Co., Ltd. | JSH- | 1077 | REV   |

### FEA NADARIVATU 132KV TEE LINE



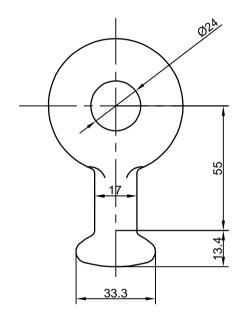


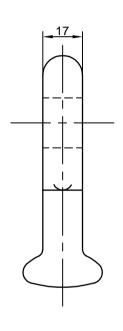
#### Note:

- 1.Min.failing load :120kN;
- 2.Material:hot-dip galvanized steel;
- 3.Manufacturing process:forged;
- 4.Galvanized to BS729;
- 5.All dimensions are in millimetres;
- 6.Manufacturing based on the standard:IEC 61284.

| General Tolerance |        | ance       |                      |      |      |       |          |
|-------------------|--------|------------|----------------------|------|------|-------|----------|
| <=30              | ±1.5mm | ANGLE:     | U Shackle            |      |      |       |          |
| >30               | ±5%    | ±          | U-12                 | 中天科技 |      |       | <u> </u> |
| Weight            | ±15%   |            |                      |      | +    | · 大州1 | 文        |
| Drawing           | Kevin  | 2010/12/06 | Jiangsu Zhongtian    | Mass |      | Scale | NTS      |
| Checked           |        |            | Technology Co., Ltd. |      |      |       |          |
| Approved          |        |            | roomlology Co., Etc. | JSH- | 0156 | REV   | Α        |

#### FEA NADARIVATU 132KV TEE LINE

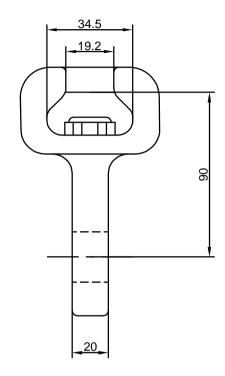


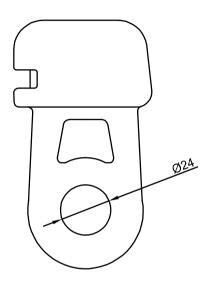


#### Note:

- 1.Min.failing load :120kN;
- 2.Material:hot-dip galvanized steel;
- 3.Manufacturing process:forged; 4.Galvanized to BS729;
- 5.All dimensions are in millimetres;
- 6.Coupling standard: IEC 120:16;
- 7. Manufacturing based on the standard: IEC 61284.

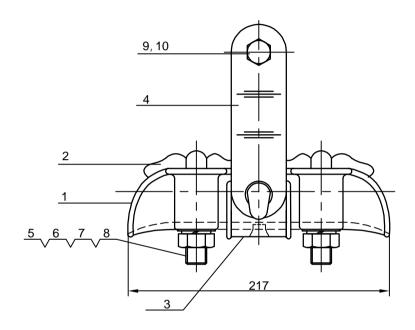
| Ger      | neral Toler | ance       |                      |      | <b>~</b> ® =                          |                    | _        |
|----------|-------------|------------|----------------------|------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| <=30     | ±1.5mm      | ANGLE:     | Ball Eye             |      |                                       | ZI                 |          |
| >30      | ±5%         | ±          | QP-12                | 4    | ····································· | — <b>-</b><br>□天科‡ | <u> </u> |
| Weight   | ±15%        | ]          |                      |      | 4                                     | 7大州1               | 文        |
| Drawing  | Kevin       | 2010/12/06 | Jiangsu Zhongtian    | Mass |                                       | Scale              | NTS      |
| Checked  |             |            | Technology Co., Ltd. |      |                                       |                    |          |
| Approved |             |            | recimology Co., Ltd. | JSH- | 0405                                  | REV                | A        |

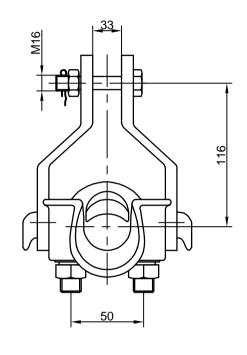




- 1.Material:The socket eyes is malleable iron,hot-dip galvanized;
- 2.Manufacturing process:casting;
- 3.Minimum failing load:120kN;
- 4.Galvanized to BS729;
- 5.All dimensions are in millimetres;
- 6.Coupling standard: IEC 120:16;
- 7.Manufacturing based on the standard:IEC 61284.

| General Tolerance |        | ance       |                      | <b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • |                 |          |     |  |
|-------------------|--------|------------|----------------------|--|-----------------|----------|-----|--|
| <=30              | ±1.5mm | ANGLE:     | Socket Eye           |  |                 |          |     |  |
| >30               | ±5%    | ±          | W-12                 | #  | <b></b><br>□天科‡ | <u> </u> |     |  |
| Weight            | ±15%   |            |                      |  | +               | 大州1      | 文   |  |
| Drawing           | Kevin  | 2010/12/06 | Jiangsu Zhongtian    | Mass   |                 | Scale    | NTS |  |
| Checked           |        |            | Technology Co., Ltd. |  |                 |          |     |  |
| Approved          |        |            |                      | JSH-   | 0336            | REV      | Α   |  |

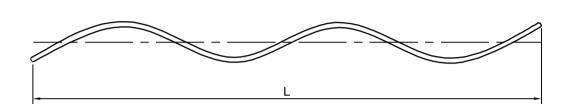




- 2. Suitable conductor diameter range: 18.0-30.0 mm;
- 3.Rated Failure Load: 80kN;
- 4.Galvanized to BS729;
- 5.U bolt torrques (recomend):36N.m;
- 6.All dimensions are in millimetres;
- 7.Manufacturing based on the standard:IEC 61284.

| 10   | 1    | Split pin      | Stainless steel |
|------|------|----------------|-----------------|
| 9    | 1    | Bolt & Nut M16 | Galv.steel      |
| 8    | 4    | Plain washer   | Galv.steel      |
| 7    | 4    | Spring washer  | Galv.steel      |
| 6    | 4    | Nut            | Galv.steel      |
| 5    | 2    | U bolt M12     | Galv.steel      |
| 4    | 2    | Strap          | Galv.steel      |
| 3    | 1    | Clamp support  | Galv.steel      |
| 2    | 1    | Keeper         | Aluminium alloy |
| 1    | 1    | Body           | Aluminium alloy |
| Item | Q'TY | Description    | Material        |

|          | eral Toler |            |                        |      |                                       |                     |                |
|----------|------------|------------|------------------------|------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| <=30     | ±1.5mm     | ANGLE:     | Suspension Clamp       |      |                                       | ZI                  |                |
| >30      | ±5%        | ]±         | PSC-30                 | 4    | ····································· | <del></del><br>『天科‡ | <u>-</u><br>+- |
| Weight   | ±15%       |            |                        |      | 4                                     | 7大州1                | 文              |
| Drawing  | Kevin      | 2010/12/06 | Jiangsu Zhongtian      | Mass |                                       | Scale               | NTS            |
| Checked  |            |            | Technology Co., Ltd.   |      |                                       |                     |                |
| Approved |            |            | r connoingly co., Ltd. | JSH- | 0149                                  | REV                 | Α              |





Note:

1.Number of Rods: 16;

2.Wire Diameter "D": 3.5mm;

3.Length "L" : 1500mm;

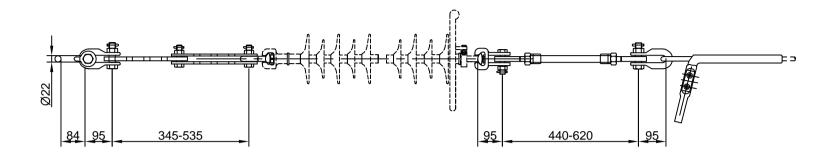
4.Material: Aluminium alloy;

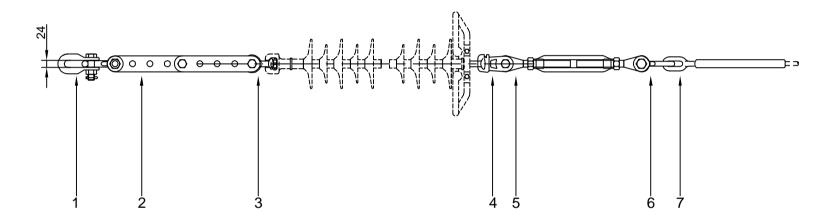
5.Direction of Lay:Right Hand;

6.All dimensions are in millimetres;

7. Manufacturing based on the standard: IEC 61284.

| Ger      | neral Toler | ance       |  |       | <b>№</b> =                            |                    |     |
|----------|-------------|------------|--|-------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-----|
| <=30     | ±1.5mm      | ANGLE:     | Armour Rod   |       |                                       |                    |     |
| >30      | ±5%         | ]±         | FYH-150/35   | 4     | ····································· | — <b>-</b><br>□天科‡ | +   |
| Weight   | ±15%        |            |  |       | +                                     | 大州                 | 文   |
| Drawing  | Kevin       | 2010/12/06 | Jiangsu Zhongtian  | Mass  |                                       | Scale              | NTS |
| Checked  |             |            | Technology Co., Ltd.   |       |                                       |                    |     |
| Approved |             |            | redifficion de la company de l | JSH-1 | 1077-5                                | REV                | Α   |

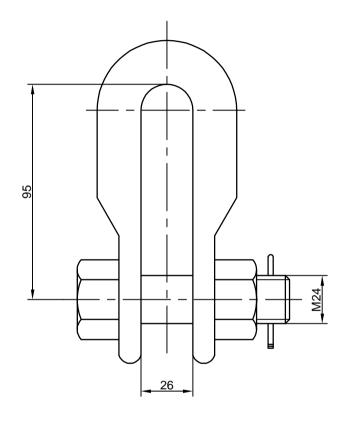


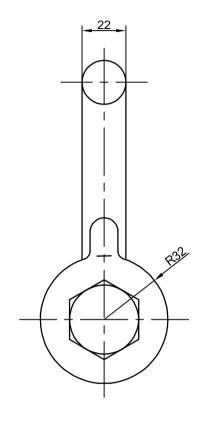


- 1.Minimum breaking load: 160kN,except slip strength of tension clamp 95% RTS of conductor;
- 2.The ball & socket size according to IEC 120:20;
- 3. Galvanized to BS729;
- 4. All dimensions are in millimetres;
- 5.Manufacturing based on the standard:IEC 61284.

| 7    | Tension Clamp         | NY-150/35 | Al alloy&Galv.steel | 1        |        |
|------|-----------------------|-----------|---------------------|----------|--------|
| 6    | Anchor Shackle U-16.B |           | Galv.steel          | 1        | 160kN  |
| 5    | Turnbunckle           | TB-16     | Galv.steel          | 1        | 160kN  |
| 4    | Socket Clevis         | WS-16.B   | Galv.steel          | 1        | 160kN  |
| 3    | Ball Eyes             | QP-16     | Galv.steel          | 1        | 160kN  |
| 2    | Adjuster Plate        | PT-16     | Galv.steel          | 1        | 160kN  |
| 1    | Anchor Shackle        | U-16      | Galv.steel          | 2        | 160kN  |
| Item | Description           | Cat. No.  | Material            | Quantity | U.T.S. |

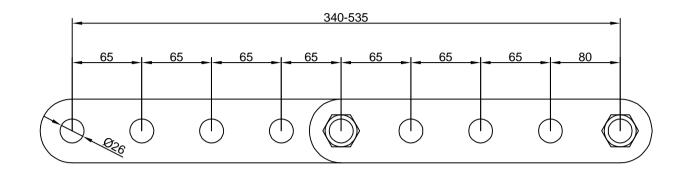
|     | _        |            |            |                       |      |              |       |              |
|-----|----------|------------|------------|-----------------------|------|--------------|-------|--------------|
| J   | Gen      | eral Toler | ance       |                       |      | <b>^</b> ® ■ |       | _            |
| ı ı | <=30     | ±1.5mm     | ANGLE:     | Tension assembly      |      |              | ZT    |              |
| 1   | >30      | ±5%        | ±          | Tension assembly      |      |              | ・エがも  | <b>-</b><br> |
| Ì   | Weight   | ±15%       | ]          |                       |      | +            | 天科技   | 文            |
| j   | Drawing  | Kevin      | 2010/12/06 | Jiangsu Zhongtian     | Mass |              | Scale | NTS          |
| 1   | Checked  |            |            | Technology Co., Ltd.  |      |              |       |              |
|     | Approved |            |            | recrinology Co., Ltd. | JSH- | 1078         | REV   | Α            |
|     |          |            |            |                       |      |              |       |              |

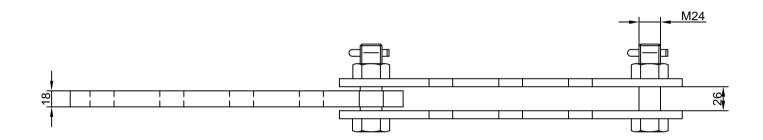




- 1.Min.failing load :160kN;
- 2.Material:hot-dip galvanized steel;
- 3. Manufacturing process: forged;
- 4.Galvanized to BS729;
- 5.All dimensions are in millimetres;
- 6.Manufacturing based on the standard:IEC 61284.

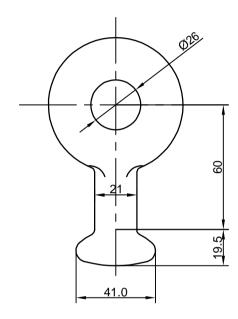
| General Tolerance |        | ance       |                       |                |   |       |          |  |
|-------------------|--------|------------|-----------------------|----------------|---|-------|----------|--|
| <=30              | ±1.5mm | ANGLE:     | U Shackle             |                |   |       |          |  |
| >30               | ±5%    | ±          | U-16                  | 中天科技           |   |       | <u>-</u> |  |
| Weight            | ±15%   |            |                       |                | + | 大科1   | 文        |  |
| Drawing           | Kevin  | 2010/12/06 | Jiangsu Zhongtian     | Mass           |   | Scale | NTS      |  |
| Checked           |        |            | Technology Co., Ltd.  |                |   |       |          |  |
| Approved          |        |            | reciliology Co., Ltd. | JSH-0171   REV |   | Α     |          |  |

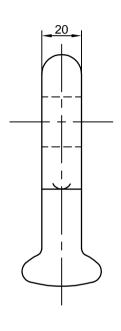




- 1.Material: Galvanized steel;
- 2.Minimum failing load:160kN;
- 3.Galvanized to BS729;
- 4.All dimensions are in millimetres;
- 5.Manufacturing based on the standard:IEC 61284.

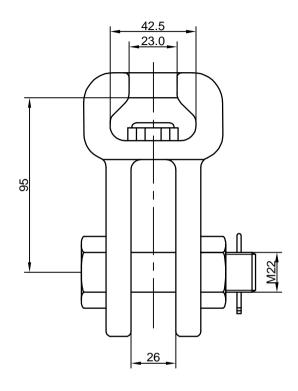
| Ger      | General Tolerance |            |                      |      | <b>~</b> ® ■                          |                    |     |
|----------|-------------------|------------|----------------------|------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-----|
| <=30     | ±1.5mm            | ANGLE:     | Adjuster Plate       |      |                                       |                    |     |
| >30      | ±5%               | ±          | PT-16                | #    | ····································· | — <b>-</b><br>□天科‡ | +   |
| Weight   | ±15%              | ]          |                      |      | +                                     | 大州                 | 文   |
| Drawing  | Kevin             | 2010/12/06 | Jiangsu Zhongtian    | Mass |                                       | Scale              | NTS |
| Checked  |                   |            | Technology Co., Ltd. |      |                                       |                    |     |
| Approved |                   |            | roomlology Co., Etc. | JSH- | 0170                                  | REV                | Α   |

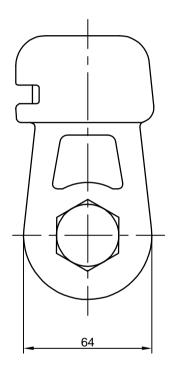




- 1.Min.failing load :160kN;
- 2.Material:hot-dip galvanized steel;
- 3.Manufacturing process:forged; 4.Galvanized to BS729;
- 5.All dimensions are in millimetres;
- 6.Coupling standard: IEC 120:20;
- 7. Manufacturing based on the standard: IEC 61284.

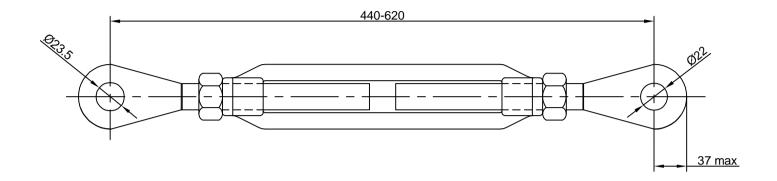
| Ger      | neral Toler | ance       |                      | _    | <b>^®</b> ■                           |                    | _   |
|----------|-------------|------------|----------------------|------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-----|
| <=30     | ±1.5mm      | ANGLE:     | Ball Eye             |      |                                       | ZI                 |     |
| >30      | ±5%         | ±          | QP-16                | #    | ····································· | — <b>-</b><br>□天科‡ |     |
| Weight   | ±15%        | ]          |                      |      | 4                                     | 7大州1               | 文   |
| Drawing  | Kevin       | 2010/12/06 | Jiangsu Zhongtian    | Mass |                                       | Scale              | NTS |
| Checked  |             |            | Technology Co., Ltd. |      |                                       |                    |     |
| Approved |             |            | recimology Co., Ltd. | JSH- | 1259                                  | REV                | A   |

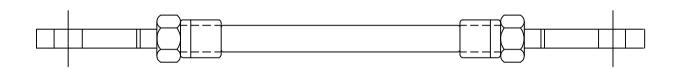




- 1.Material: hot-dip galvanized steel;
- 2.Minimum failing load:160kN;
- 3.Galvanized to BS729;
- 4.All dimensions are in millimetres;
- 5. Coupling standard: IEC 120:20;
- 6.Manufacturing based on the standard:IEC 61284.

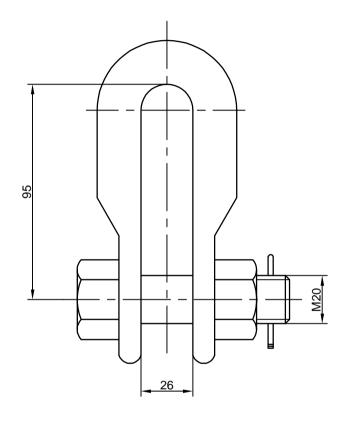
| General Tolerance |        | ance       |                        | 0                |   |       |          |  |
|-------------------|--------|------------|------------------------|------------------|---|-------|----------|--|
| <=30              | ±1.5mm | ANGLE:     | Socket Clevis(M22)     |                  |   |       |          |  |
| >30               | ±5%    | ±          | WS-16.B 中天             |                  |   |       | <u>-</u> |  |
| Weight            | ±15%   |            |                        |                  | + | 7大州1  | 文        |  |
| Drawing           | Kevin  | 2010/12/06 | Jiangsu Zhongtian      | Mass             |   | Scale | NTS      |  |
| Checked           |        |            | Toohnology Co. Ltd     |                  |   |       |          |  |
| Approved          |        |            | recriniciogy Co., Etc. | JSH-1078-4   REV |   |       | Α        |  |

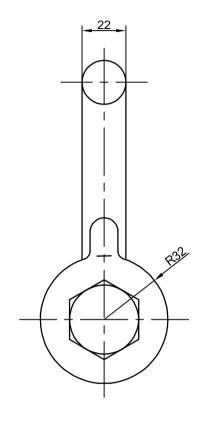




- 1.Material: Galvanized steel;
- 2.Minimum failing load:160kN;
- 3.Galvanized to BS729;
- 4.All dimensions are in millimetres.
- 5.Manufacturing based on the standard:IEC 61284.

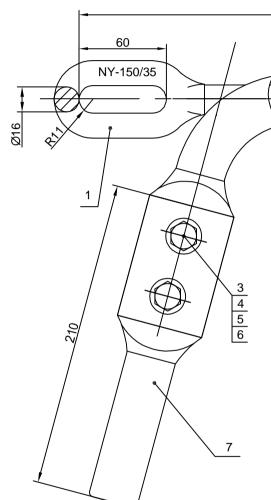
| Ger      | neral Toler | ance       |                      |       | <b>^®</b> ■                           |                    | _   |
|----------|-------------|------------|----------------------|-------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-----|
| <=30     | ±1.5mm      | ANGLE:     | Turnbuckle           |       |                                       | ZI                 |     |
| >30      | ±5%         | ±          | TB-16                | #     | ····································· | — <b>-</b><br>□天科‡ |     |
| Weight   | ±15%        |            |                      |       | 4                                     | 7大州1               | 文   |
| Drawing  | Kevin       | 2010/12/06 | Jiangsu Zhongtian    | Mass  |                                       | Scale              | NTS |
| Checked  |             |            | Technology Co., Ltd. |       | l                                     |                    |     |
| Approved |             |            | recimology 66., Eta. | JSH-1 | 1078-5                                | REV                | A   |





- 1.Min.failing load :160kN;
- 2.Material:hot-dip galvanized steel;
- 3. Manufacturing process: forged;
- 4.Galvanized to BS729;
- 5.All dimensions are in millimetres;
- 6.Manufacturing based on the standard:IEC 61284.

| General Tolerance |        | ance       |                        | <b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • |   |       |          |  |
|-------------------|--------|------------|------------------------|--|---|-------|----------|--|
| <=30              | ±1.5mm | ANGLE:     | U Shackle              |  |   |       |          |  |
| >30               | ±5%    | ±          | U-16.B                 | 中天科技   |   |       | <u> </u> |  |
| Weight            | ±15%   |            |                        |  | + | · 大州1 | 文        |  |
| Drawing           | Kevin  | 2010/12/06 | Jiangsu Zhongtian      | Mass   |   | Scale | NTS      |  |
| Checked           |        |            | Technology Co., Ltd.   |  |   |       |          |  |
| Approved          |        |            | rediffered y ear, Eta. | JSH-1078-6   REV                             |   | Α     |          |  |

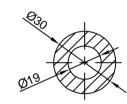


105

Aluminium tube of tension clamp

Before Compression

After Compression





Steel anchor of tension clamp

Notes:

2

- 1. The clamp body and jumper clamp are aluminium, the other parts are hot-dip galvanized steel;
- 2.Slip load:95% RTS of conductor;
- 3. Galvanized to BS729;
- 4.All dimensions are in millimetres.

Before Compression

After Compression





| 7   | Jumper terminal     | 1   | Aluminium   |                     |
|-----|---------------------|-----|-------------|---------------------|
| 6   | Hexagon Bolt M12×50 | 2   | Galv. steel | C Crade GB5780      |
| 5   | 111 111111          |     | Galv. steel | GB93                |
| 4   |                     |     | Galv. steel | C Crade GB 41       |
| 3   | Washer Ø12          | 4   | Galv. steel |                     |
| 2   | 2 Clamp body        |     | Aluminium   |                     |
| 1   | Steel Anchor        | 1   | Galv. steel | Hot dip galvanizing |
| S/N | Description         | Qty | Material    | Remark              |

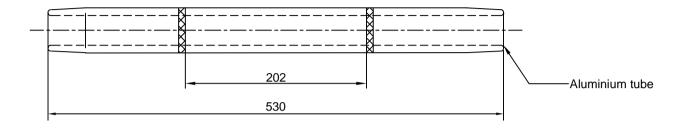
| Gen      | ance   |            |
|----------|--------|------------|
| <=30     | ±1.5mm | ANGLE:     |
| >30      | ±5%    | ±          |
| Weight   | ±15%   |            |
| Drawing  | Kevin  | 2010/12/06 |
| Checked  |        |            |
| Approved |        |            |

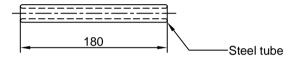
Dead end Joint for Grape ACSR conductor NY-150/35

Jiangsu Zhongtian Technology Co., Ltd.

| <b>®</b> | ZTT  |
|----------|------|
| 中天       | 中天科技 |

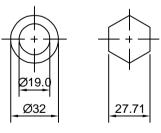
| Mass       |  | Scale | NTS |
|------------|--|-------|-----|
| JSH-1078-7 |  | REV   | Α   |





#### Aluminium tube

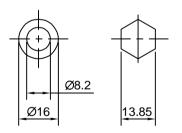
Before After Compression Compression



### Before

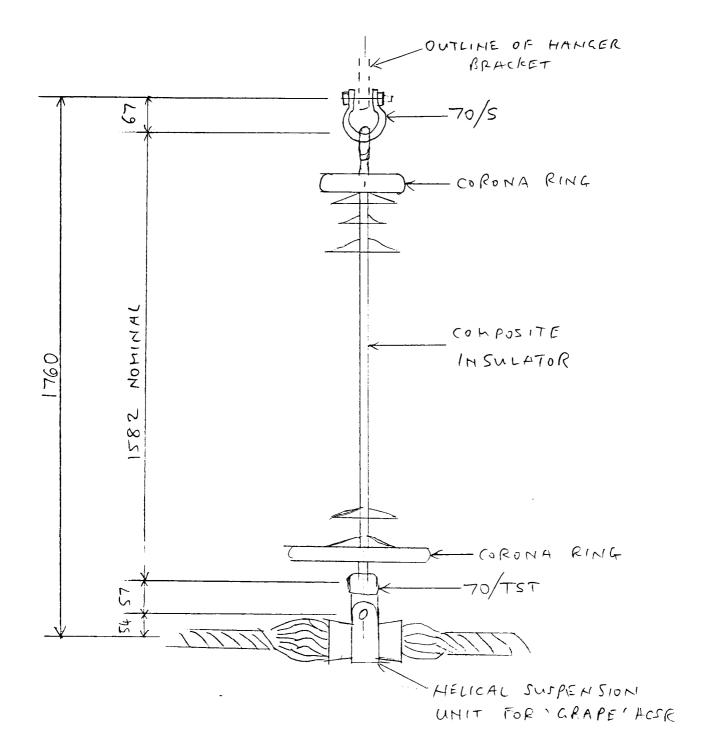
Steel tube

After Compression Compression

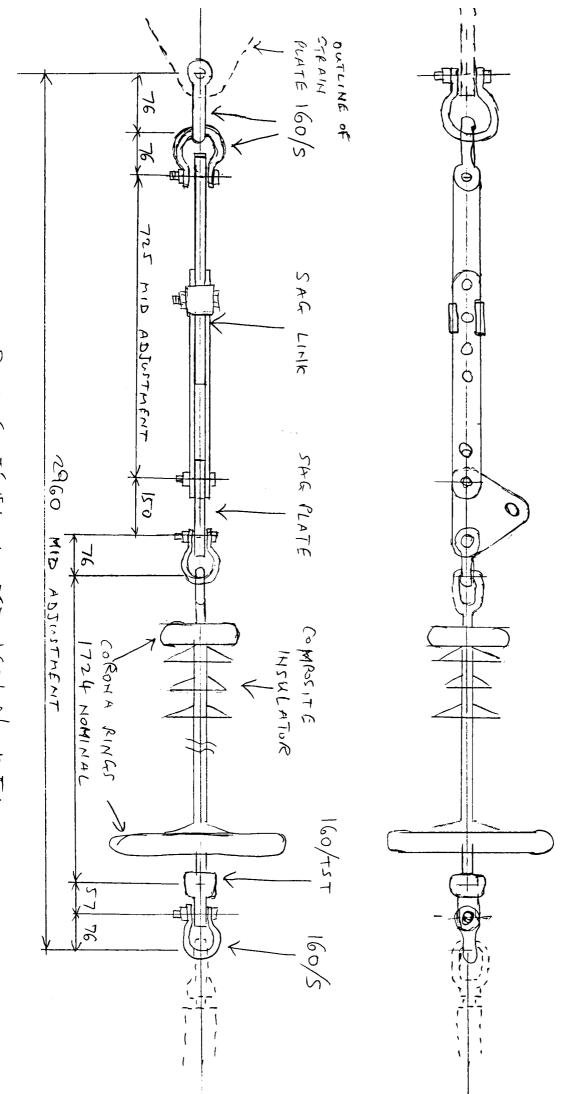


- 1.Material:The inner sleeve is hot-dip galvanized steel,the outer sleeve is aluminium;
- 2.Slip strength is notless than 95% RTS of the conductor;
- 3.All demensions are in millimeters;
- 4. Manufacturing based on the standard: IEC 61284.

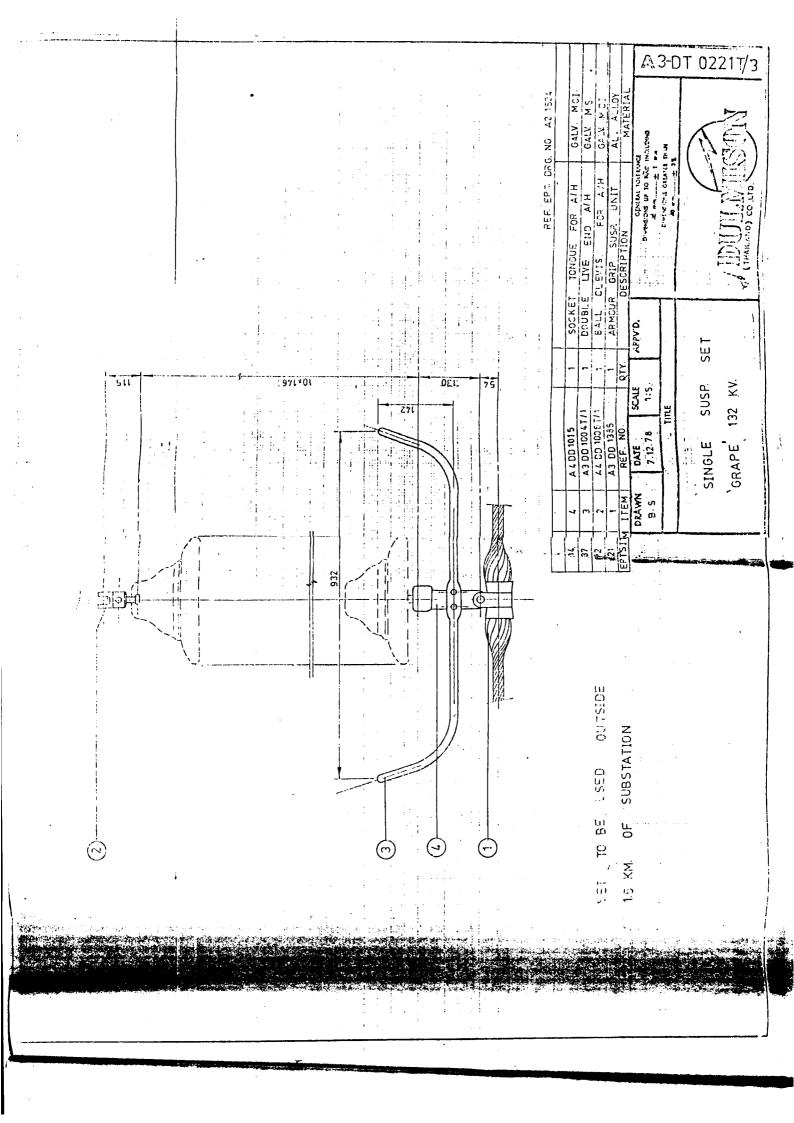
|  | Gen      | eral Toler | ance       |                       |      | <b>^®</b> ■ |       |                              |
|--|----------|------------|------------|-----------------------|------|-------------|-------|------------------------------|
|  | <=30     | ±1.5mm     | ANGLE:     | Mid span Joint        |      |             |       |                              |
|  | >30      | ±5%        | ±          | JY-150/35             | 中天科技 |             |       | <b>-</b><br>- <del>1</del> - |
|  | Weight   | ±15%       |            |                       |      | <b>/</b>    | 7大科1  | 文                            |
|  | Drawing  | Kevin      | 2010/12/06 | Jiangsu Zhongtian     | Mass |             | Scale | NTS                          |
|  | Checked  |            |            | Technology Co., Ltd.  |      |             |       | <u> </u>                     |
|  | Approved |            |            | recrinology Co., Ltd. | JSH- | 1205        | REV   | Α                            |

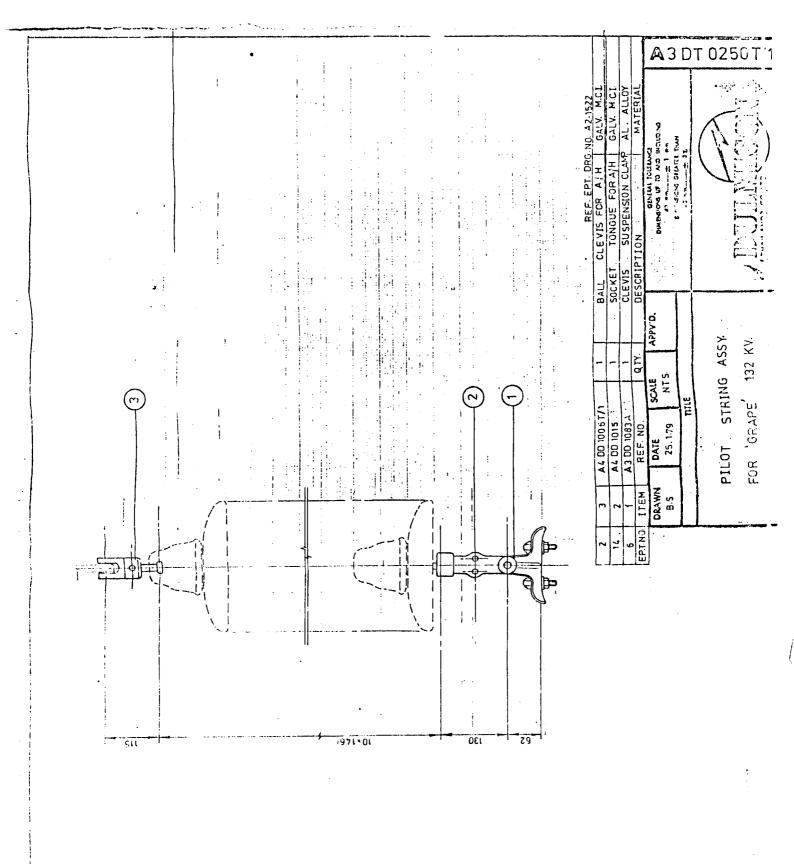


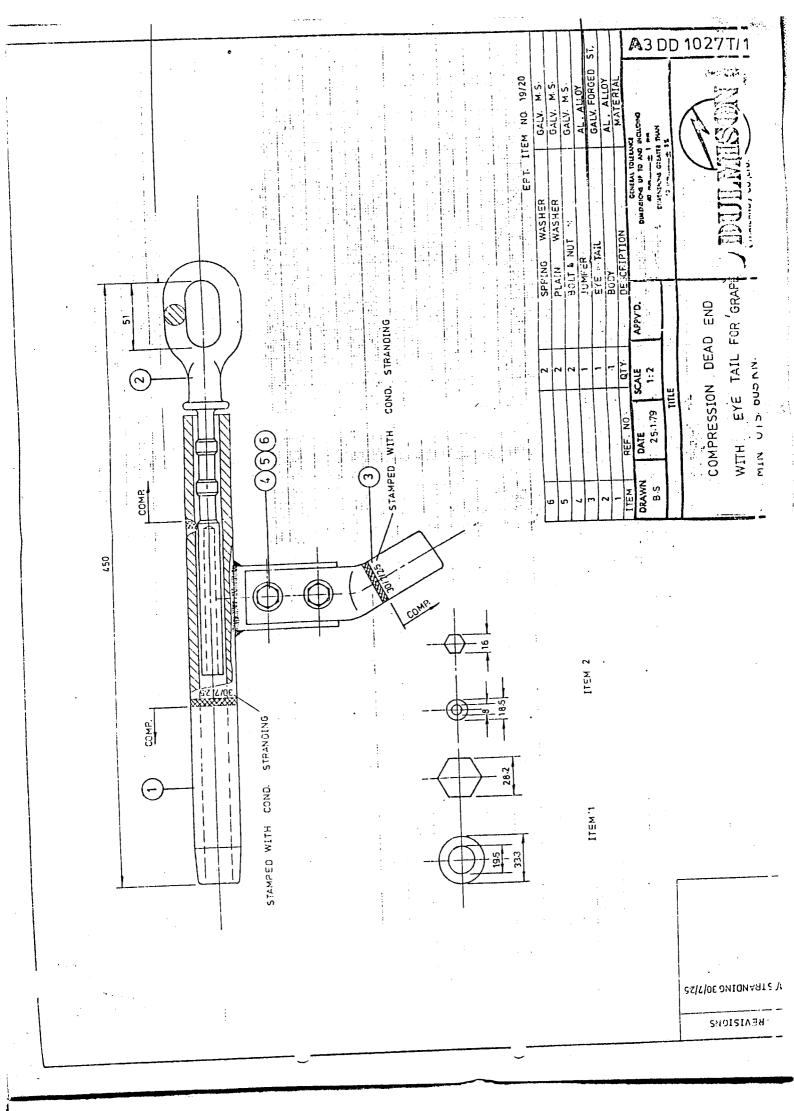
SINGLE SUSPENSION SET, TOKAL H.F.L.

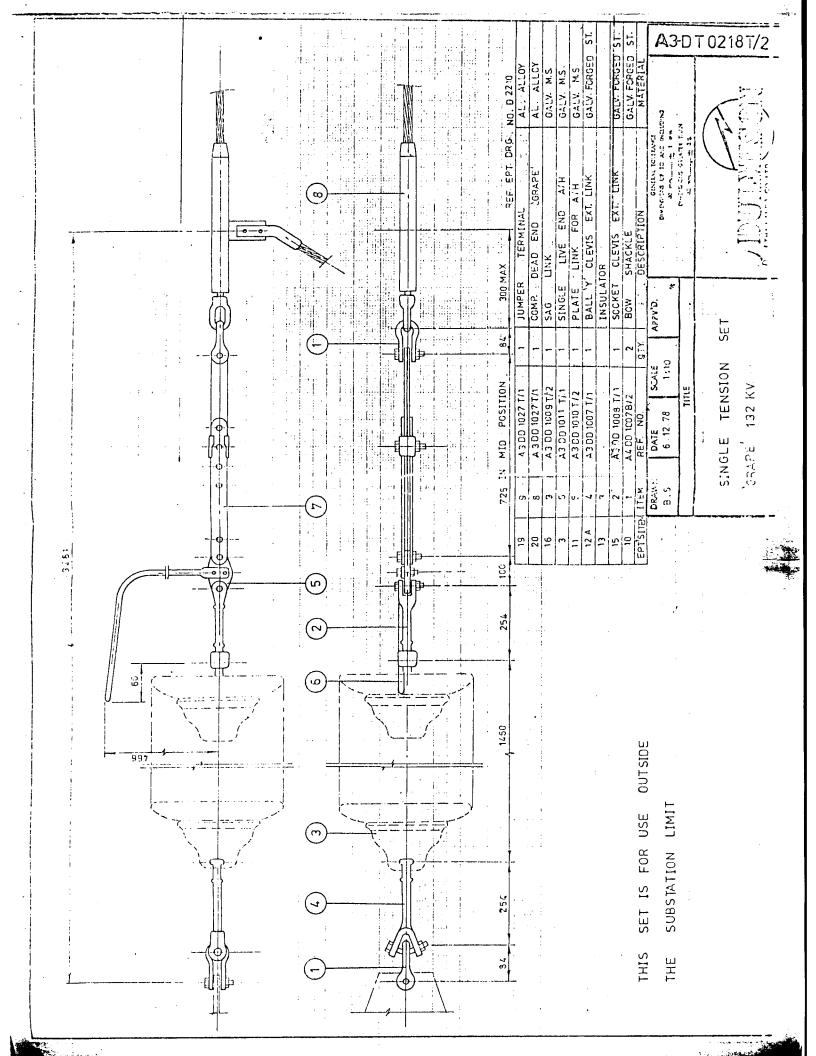


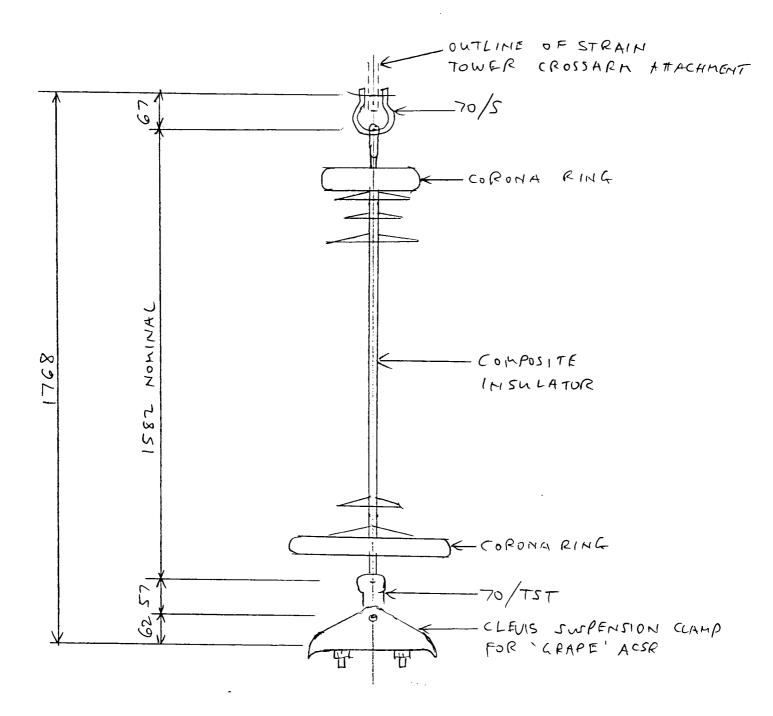
SINGLE TENSION SET, 160KN M.F.L.











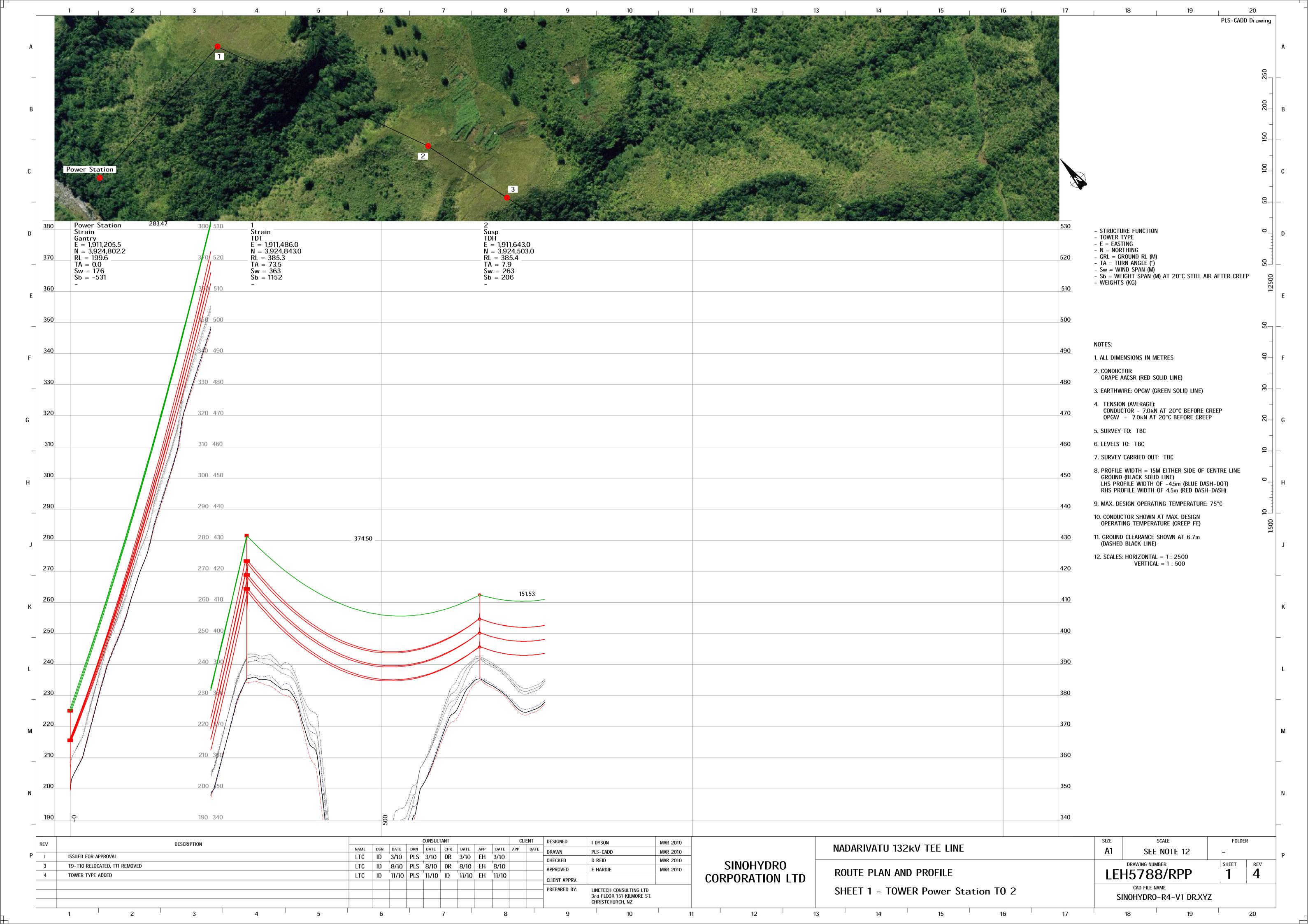
JUMPER SET , 70 KN M.F.L.

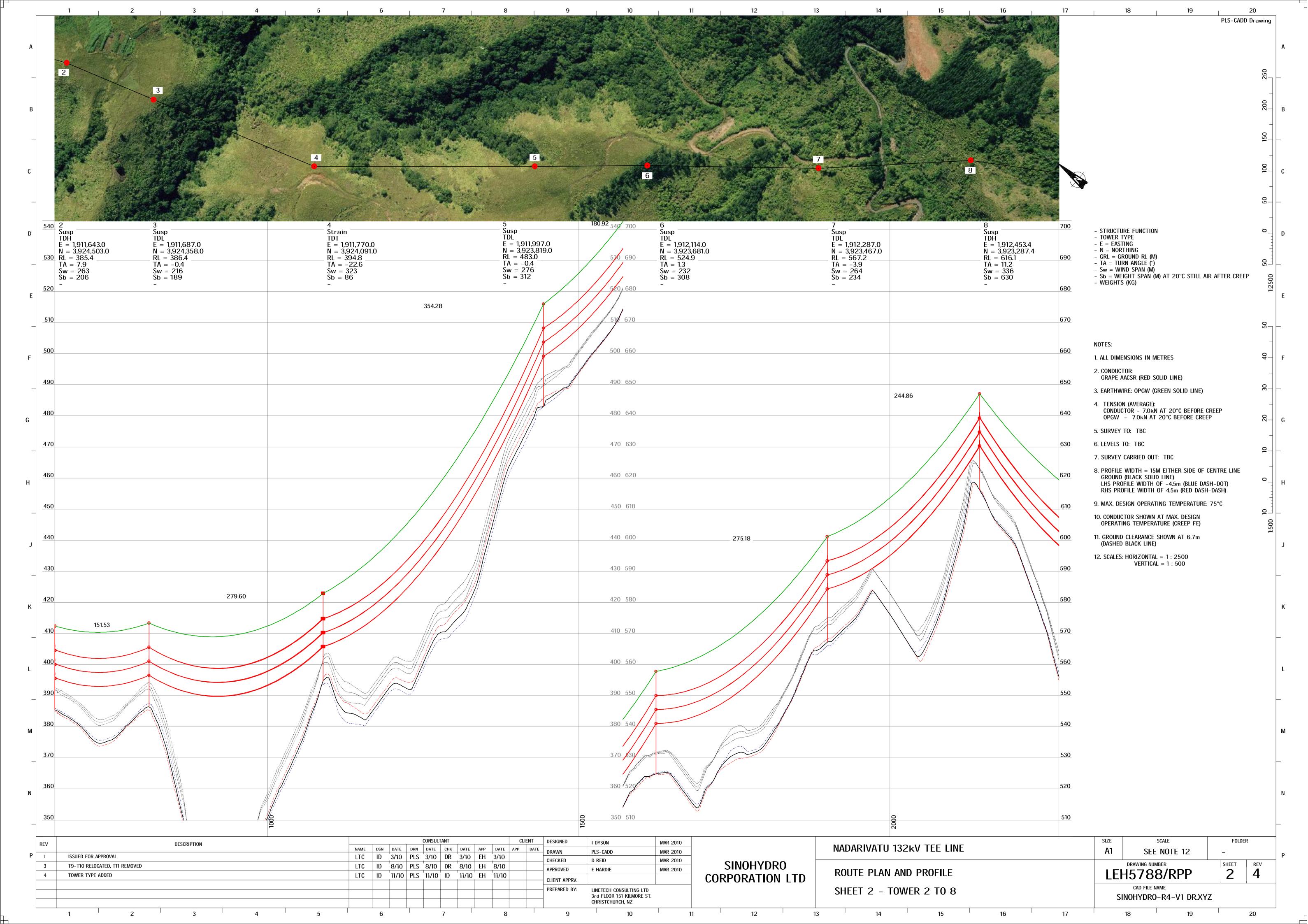
## G) - ROUTE PLAN AND PROFILE DRAWINGS

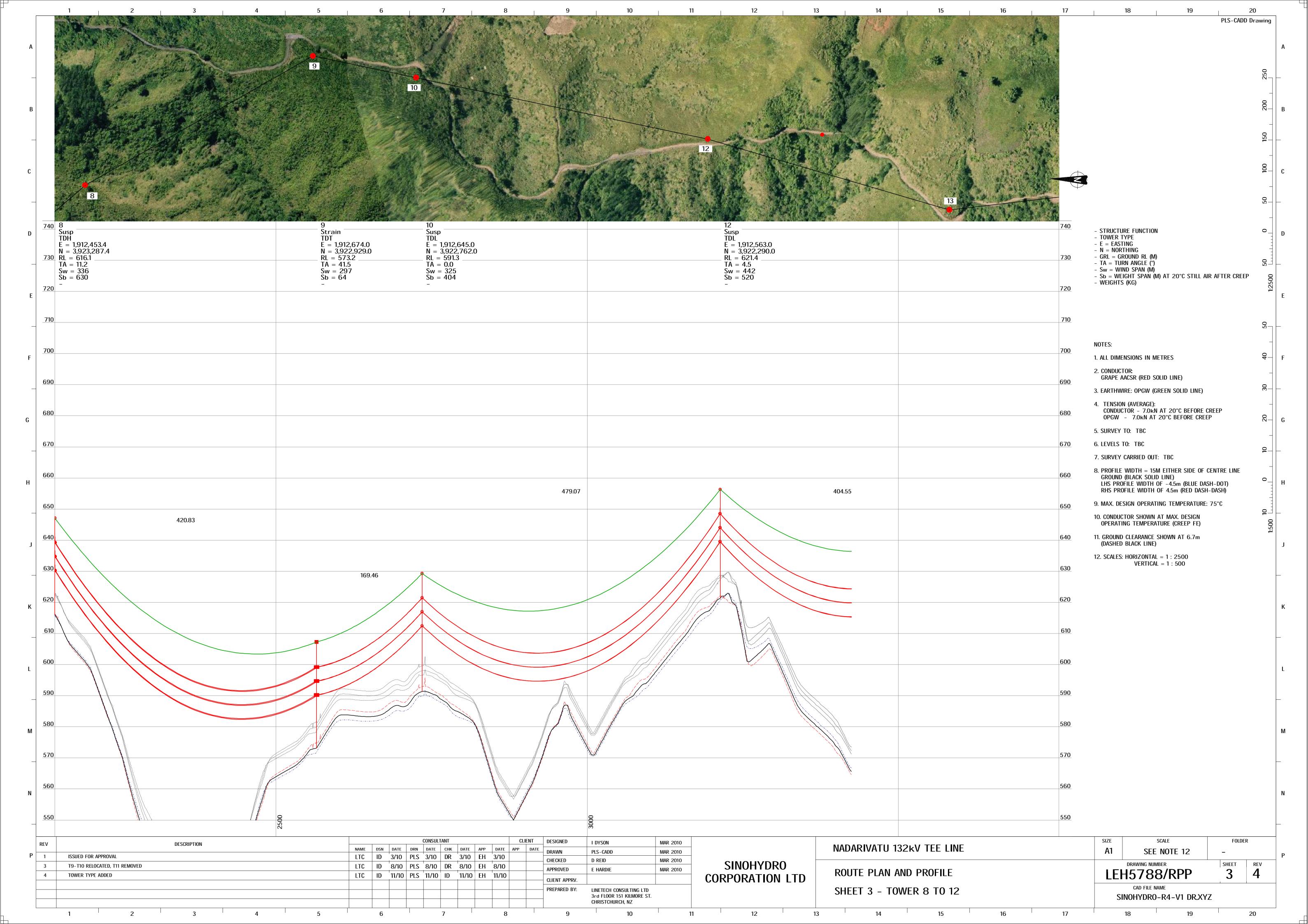
The following pages contain the original route plan and profile drawings applicable for the Nadarivatu 132kV line.

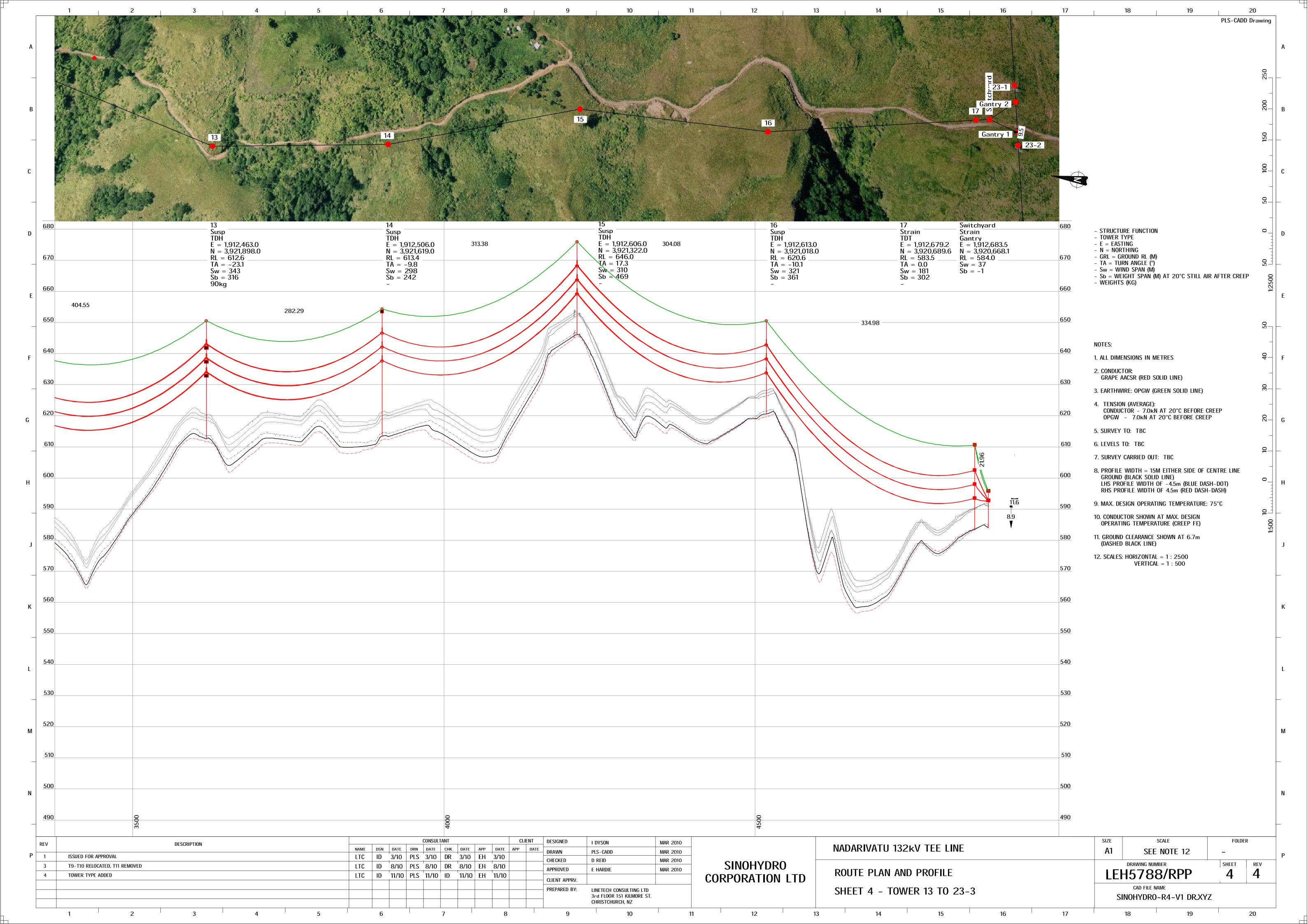
Also included is a route plan and profile drawing for the Wailoa-Vuda Tower 82 section.

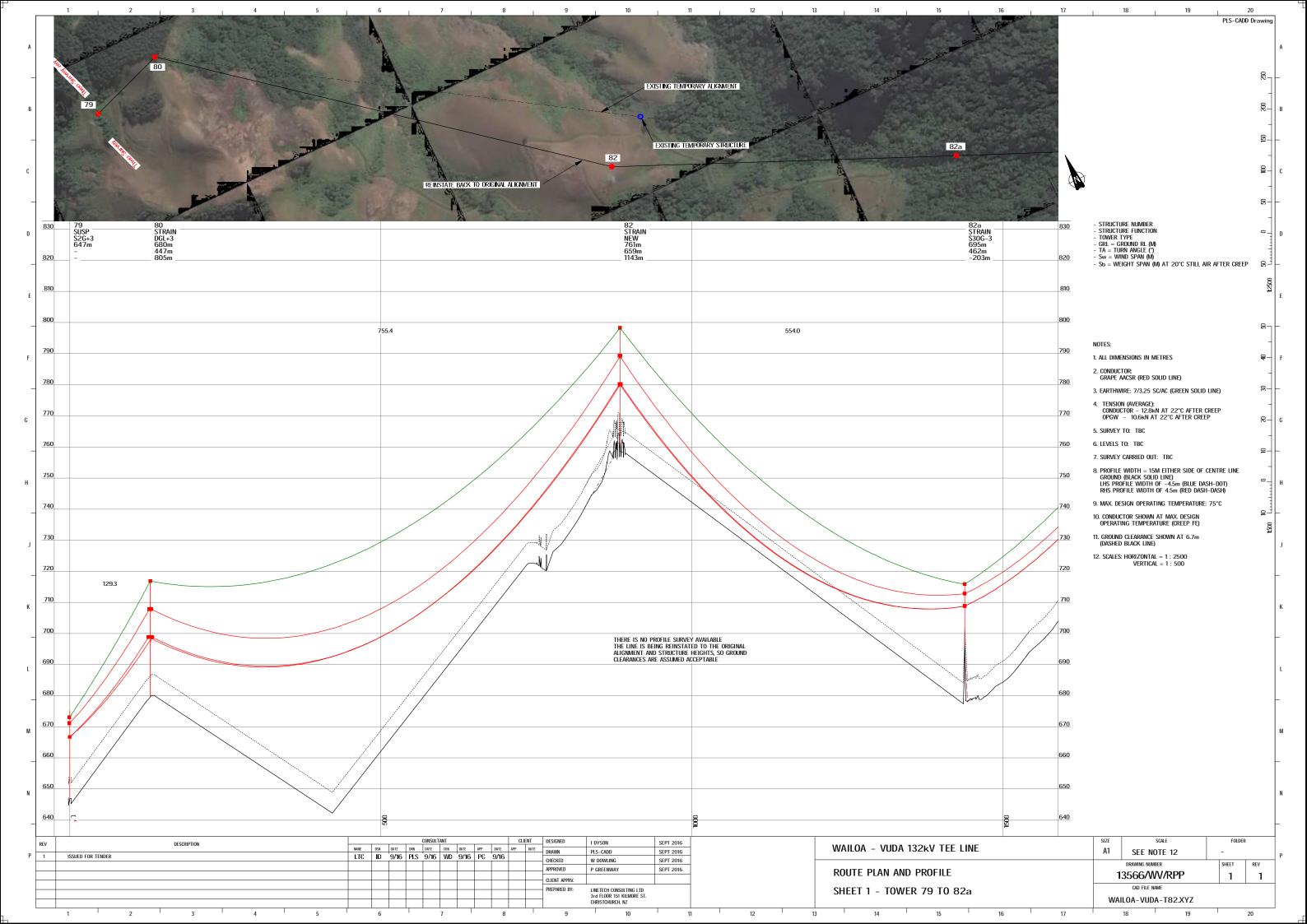


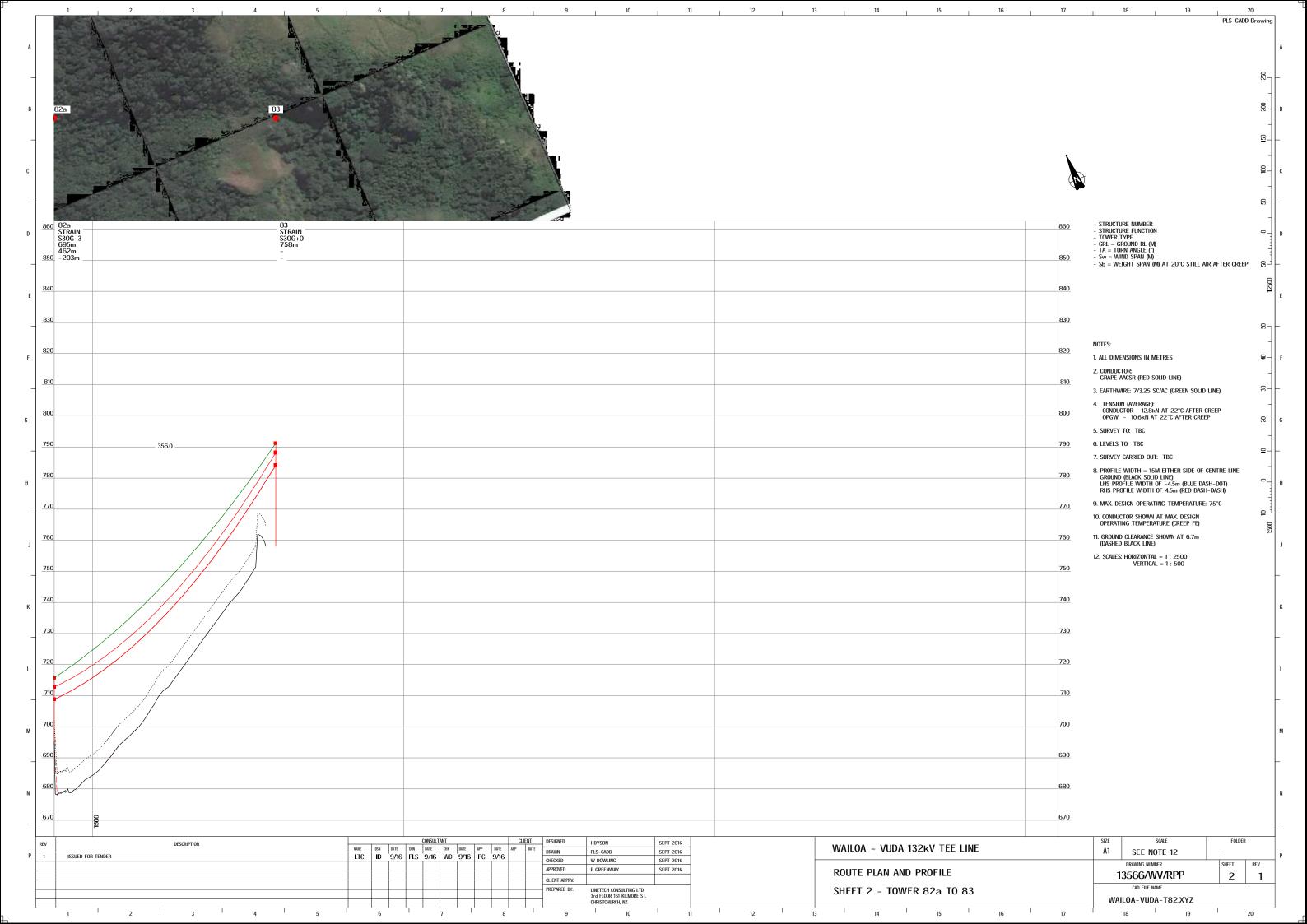








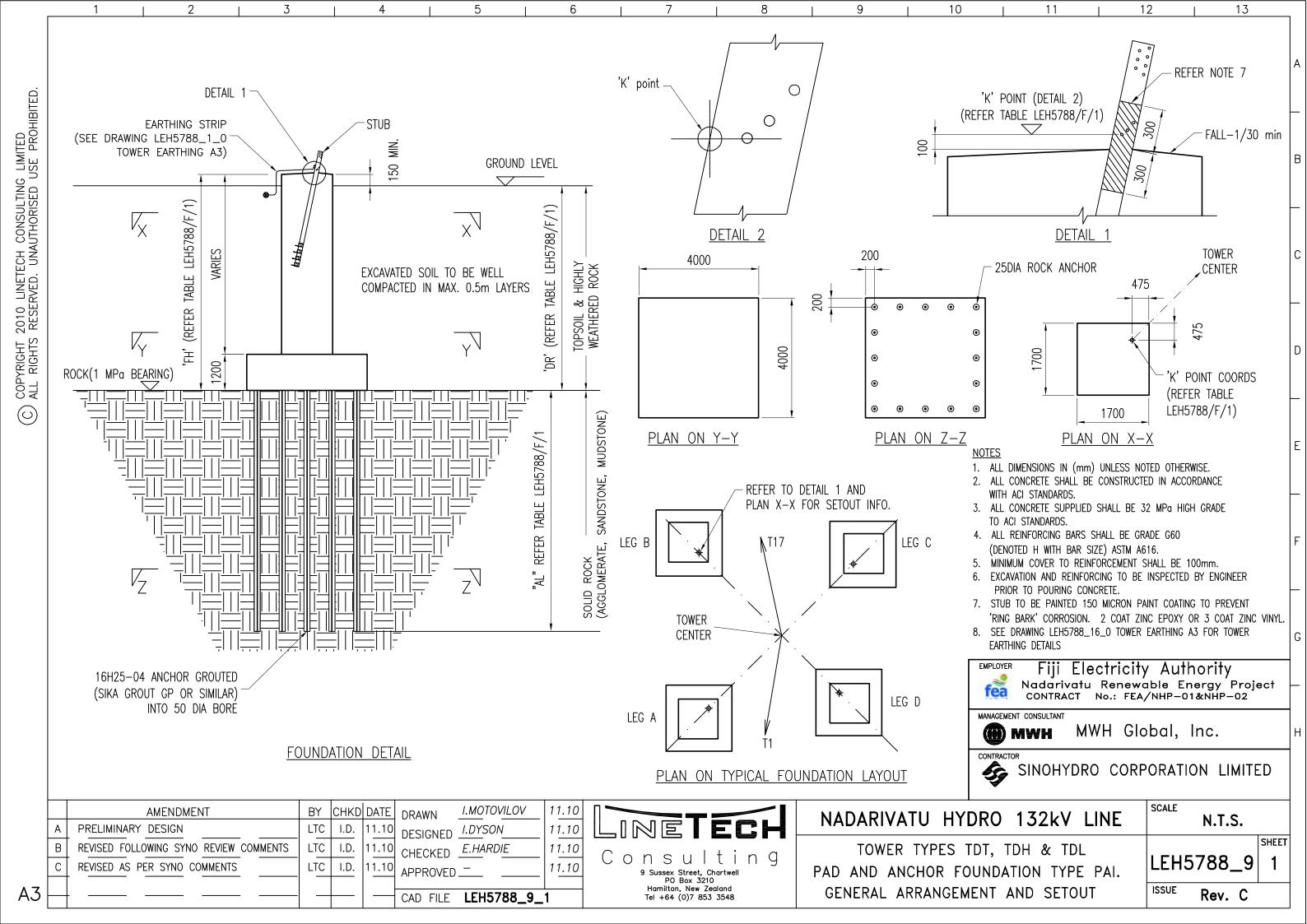


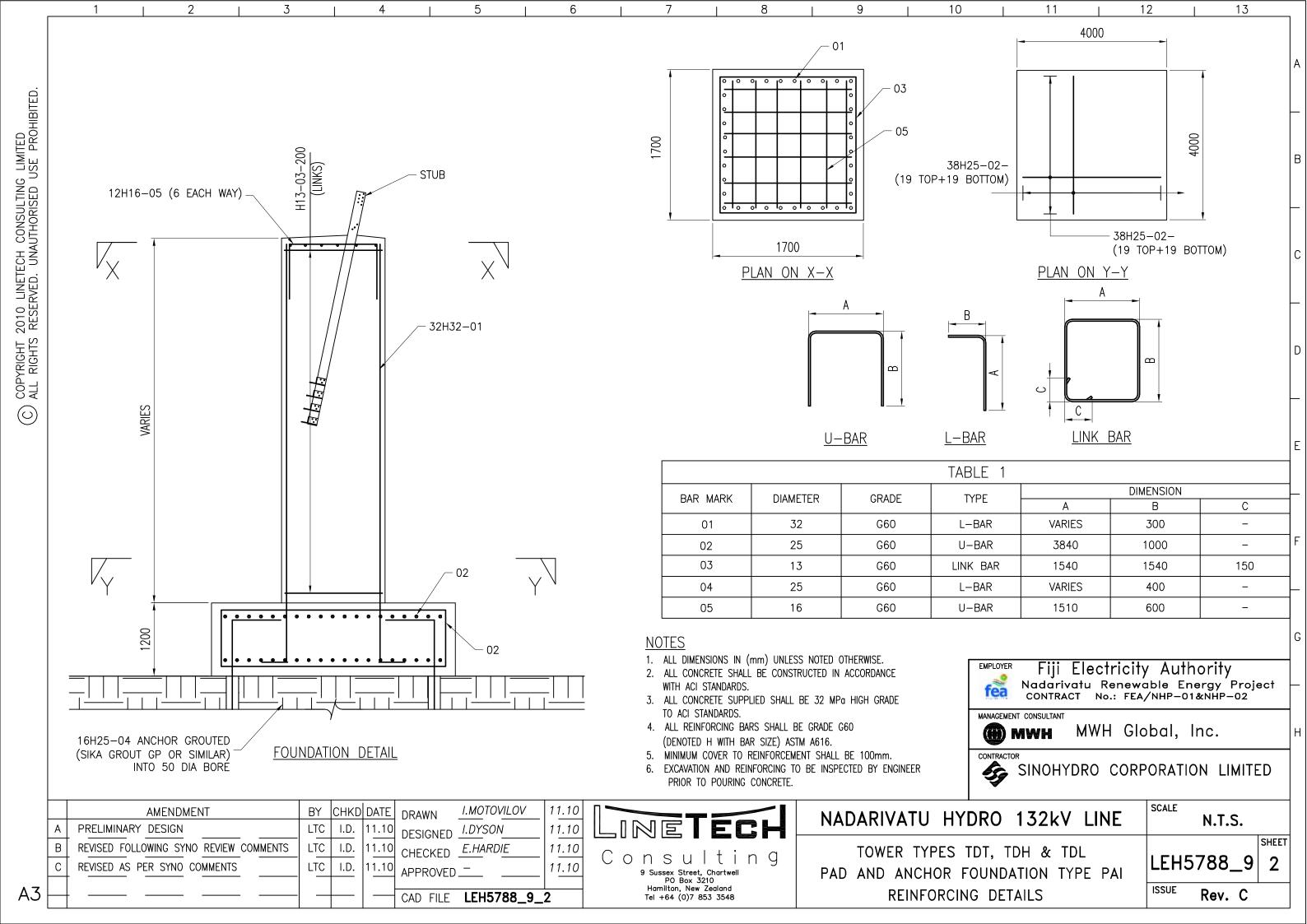


## H) - EXISTING TOWER FOUNDATION DRAWINGS

The following pages contain the construction details for the existing foundation types on the Nadarivatu line.



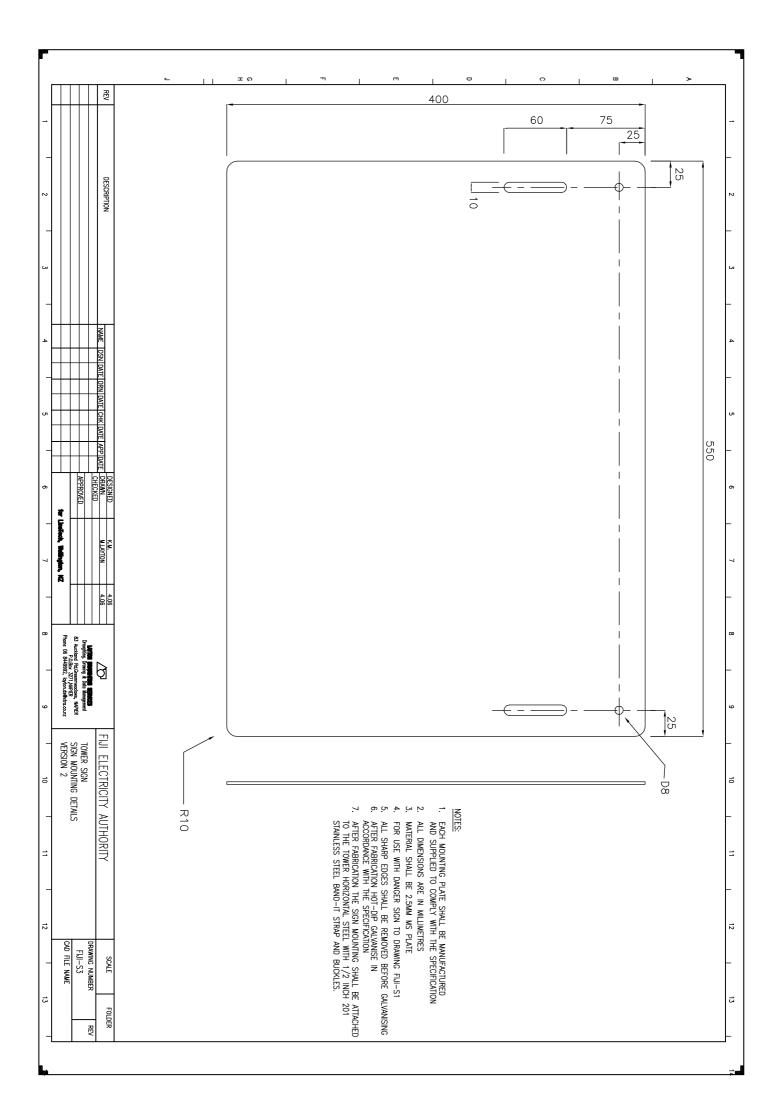


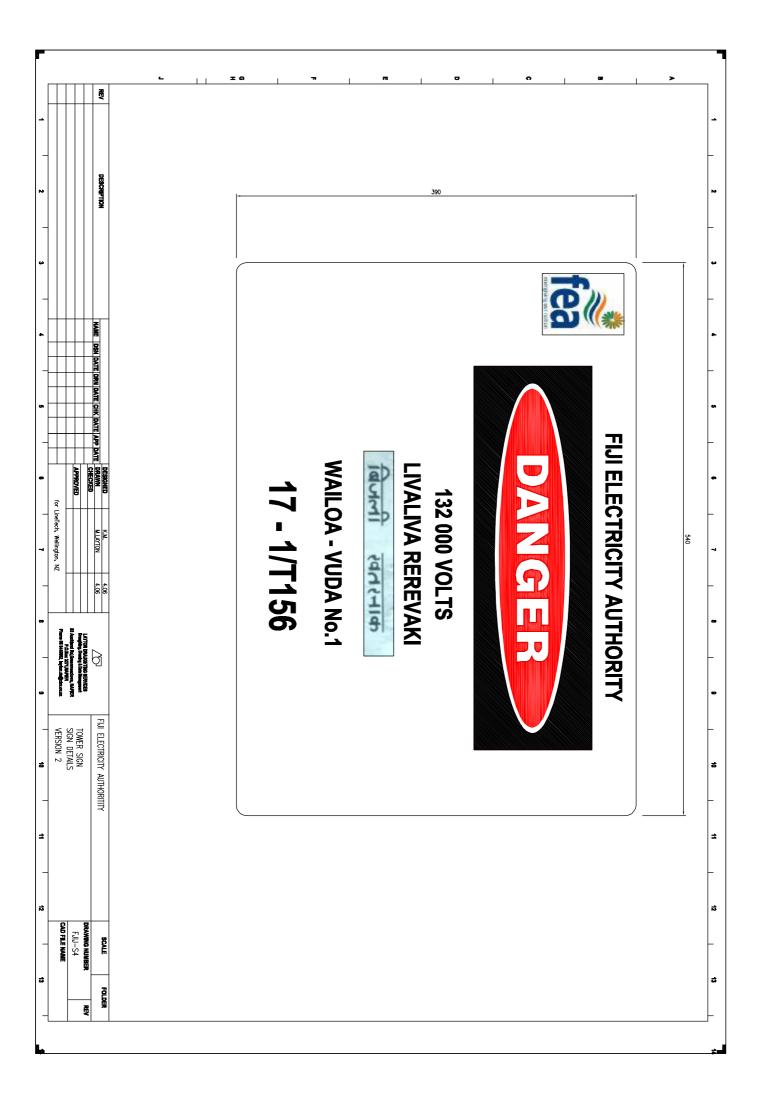


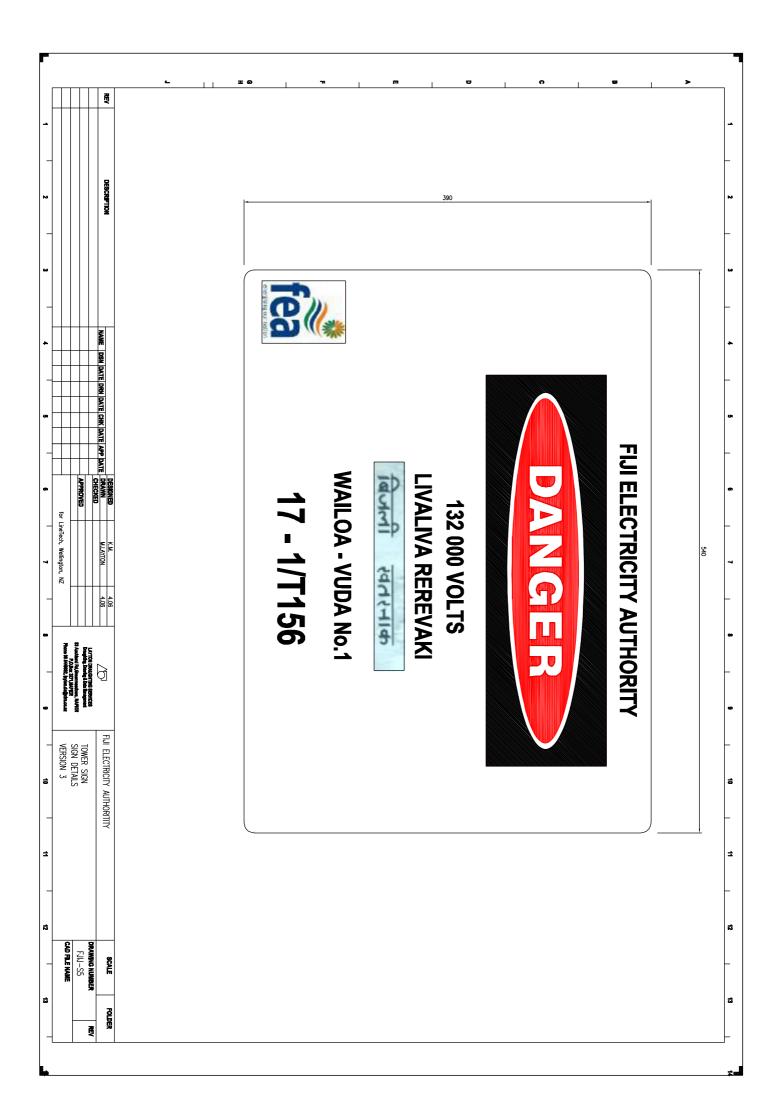
## I) - STRUCTURE SIGNAGE

The following pages contain a sample of the signage requirements for the structures. The actual numbering is yet to be advised by FEA.









## J) - CONDUCTOR AND OPGW SPECIFICATIONS

The following pages contain a sample of the signage requirements for the structures. The actual numbering is yet to be advised by FEA.



**SPEC No.: 09-9855** 

**REVISION: 1.1** 





# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION FOR

## Aluminum Conductor Steel Reinforced (ACSR)

**Designer** 

Engineer of ZTT Overseas
Department

7.

Technical Director of ZTT Overseas Department



#### 1. SCOPE

This specification covers the general requirements and performance of conductor which ZTT offered including electrical characteristics, mechanical characteristics, packing information etc.

#### 2. REFERENCES

The conductor which ZTT offered shall be designed, manufactured and tested according to international standards as follows:

#### **Quality Control Standard**

| ISO 9001 Quality | Management Systems |
|------------------|--------------------|
|------------------|--------------------|

ISO 14001 Environmental Management Systems

#### **Component Wire Standard**

| IEC 60888  | Zinc-coated steel wires for stranded conductors.   |
|------------|--|
| IEC 61232  | Aluminum-clad steel wires for electrical purposes  |
| IEC 60104  | Aluminum-magnesium-silicon alloy wire for overhead line conductors   |
| IEC 60889  | Hard-drawn aluminum wire for overhead line conductors.   |
| ASTM B 502 | Standard Specification for Aluminum-Clad Steel Core Wire for Aluminum Conductors, Aluminum-Clad Steel Reinforced     |
| ASTM B 524 | Standard Specification for Concentric-Lay-Stranded Aluminum Conductors, Aluminum-Alloy Reinforced (ACAR, 1350/6201)  |
| ASTM B 498 | Standard specification for Zinc-coated (Galvanized) steel core wire for Aluminum Conductors, steel Reinforced (ACSR) |
| ASTM B 230 | Standard specification for aluminum 1350-H19 wire for electrical purposes  |
| ASTM B 398 | Standard Specification for Aluminum-Alloy 6201-T81 Wire for Electrical Purposes                                      |
| ASTM B 415 | Standard Specification for Hard-Drawn Aluminum-Clad Steel Wire   |
|            |  |

#### **Conductor Standard**

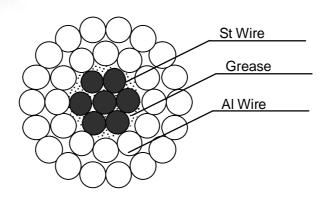
| IEC 61089  | Round wire concentric lay overhead electrical stranded conductors  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ASTM B 399 | Standard Specification for Concentric-Lay-Stranded Aluminum-Alloy 6201-T81 Conductors                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ASTM B 231 | Standard Specification for Concentric-Lay-Stranded Aluminum 1350 Conductors                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ASTM B 232 | Standard specification for concentric-lay-stranded aluminum conductors, coated steel reinforced (ACSR)           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ASTM B 416 | Standard Specification for Concentric-Lay-Stranded Aluminum-Clad Steel Conductors                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ASTM B549  | Standard Specification for Concentric-lay-Stranded Aluminum Conductors, Aluminum Clad Steel Reinforced (ACSR/AW) |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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#### 3. CONSTRUCTURE AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR ACSR

#### 3.1. Conductor Structure



#### 3.2. Conductor Technical Structure

|                                   | Parameter               | Unit                | Value   |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------|
|                                   | Center: Steel wire      |                     | 1/2.50  |
| Structure                         | Layer 1: Steel wire     | noc/mm              | 6/2.50  |
| Structure                         | Layer 2: Aluminum wire  | pcs/mm              | 12/2.50 |
|                                   | Layer 3: Aluminum wire  |                     | 18/2.50 |
| Stranding dire                    | ection of outer layer   | Direction           | Right   |
| Conductor diameter                |                         | mm                  | 17.5    |
| Cross section                     |                         | mm <sup>2</sup>     | 181.6   |
| Conductor weight with core grease |                         | kg/km               | 683     |
| Rated tensile strength            |                         | kN                  | 63.5    |
| Modulus of Elasticity (E-Modulus) |                         | kN/mm²              | 80.5    |
| Thermal Elongation Coefficient    |                         | 10 <sup>-6</sup> /℃ | 17.9    |
| DC Resistance at 20°C             |                         | ohms/km             | 0.196   |
| Conductor Ma                      | ax. Working Temperature | $^{\circ}$          | 90      |

3.3. Component Wire Characteristics (before stranding)

| Donomoton                | l locit              | Value     |                  |  |
|--------------------------|----------------------|-----------|------------------|--|
| Parameter                | Unit                 | Al wire   | St wire          |  |
| Diameter & Deviation     | mm                   | 2.50±0.03 | 2.50 +0.08/-0.05 |  |
| Calculated cross section | mm <sup>2</sup>      | 4.91      | 4.91             |  |
| Weight                   | kg/km                | 13.25     | 38.29            |  |
| Tensile strength         | N/mm <sup>2</sup>    | 175       | 1310             |  |
| DC Resistivity at 20°C   | $\Omega$ ·mm $^2$ /m | 0.0283    | N/A              |  |

**Note: All Sizes and Values are Nominal Values** 

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#### 4. TEST REQUIREMENTS FOR ACSR

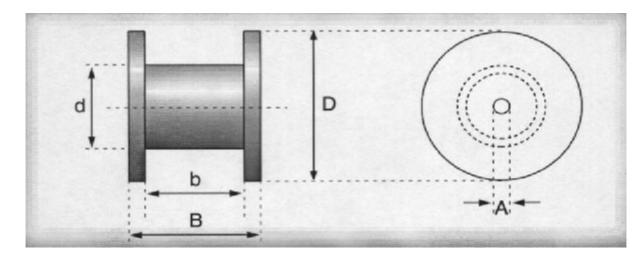
ACSR shall be accordance with applicable standard of ACSR and requirements of customer. The following test items shall be carried out according to corresponding reference.

| No         | Item                           | Reference |  |  |  |
|------------|--------------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Tests of S | Steel wire                     |           |  |  |  |
| 1          | Tension at 1% elongation       | AS 3607   |  |  |  |
| 2          | Tension Strength test          | AS 3607   |  |  |  |
| 3          | Elongation at break            | AS 3607   |  |  |  |
| 4          | Torsion test                   | AS 3607   |  |  |  |
| Tests of   | Al wire                        |           |  |  |  |
| 1          | Tensile strength test          | AS 3607   |  |  |  |
| 2          | Wrapping test                  | AS 3607   |  |  |  |
| 3          | Resistivity test               | AS 3607   |  |  |  |
| Tests for  | finished Conductor             |           |  |  |  |
| 1          | Strain-stress test (Type test) | AS 3607   |  |  |  |
| 2          | Breaking load (Type test)      | AS 3607   |  |  |  |



#### 5. PACKING AND DRUM FOR CONDUCTOR

Conductors shall be wound on a non-returnable iron-wooden drum or metal drum. Both ends of conductors shall be securely fastened to drum and sealed with a shrinkable cap. The required marking shall be printed with a weather-proof material on the outsides of drum according to customer's requirement.



|            | Drum          |         | Drum Dimensions & Weights |         |         |         |              |                 |
|------------|---------------|---------|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------|-----------------|
| Cable Type | Length<br>(m) | D<br>mm | d<br>mm                   | B<br>mm | b<br>mm | A<br>mm | weight<br>kg | material        |
| Grape      | 2800          | 1400    | 600                       | 1080    | 900     | 95      | 2030         | Iron-<br>wooden |

Note: The value "D" don't contain the dimension of seal.

#### 6. HARDWARE AND ACCESSORIES

ZTT can also manufacture and supply corresponding tension clamp, suspension clamp, down-lead clamp, and vibration damper for conductors etc.

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SPEC No.: 10-13264

**REVISION: 1.1** 





## TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

## **FOR**

## Optical Fiber Overhead Ground Wire (OPGW)

Designer

王孝峰

Technical Manager of ZTT Global Market Approver

Chief Technical Engineer of ZTT Global Market



#### 1. SCOPE

This specification covers the general requirements and performance of OPGW offered by ZTT, including optical, electrical, mechanical and geometrical characteristics.

#### 2. REFERENCES

The OPGW offered by ZTT shall be designed, manufactured and tested according to international standards as follows:

| ISO 9001      | Quality Management Systems   |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ISO 14001     | Environmental Management Systems   |  |  |  |  |  |
| IEEE Std 1138 | IEEE standard construction of composite fiber optic overhead ground wires (OPGW) for use on electric utility power lines |  |  |  |  |  |
| IEC 60793-1   | Optical fiber Part 1: Generic specifications   |  |  |  |  |  |
| IEC 60793-2   | Optical fiber Part 2: Product specifications   |  |  |  |  |  |
| IEC 60794-4   | Optical fiber cables – Part 4: Sectional specification – Aerial optical cables along electrical power lines              |  |  |  |  |  |
| IEC 60104     | Aluminum magnesium-silicon alloy wire for over-head line conductors  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IEC 61232     | Aluminum – clad steel wire for electrical purposes   |  |  |  |  |  |
| IEC 60888     | Zinc-coated wire for stranded conducts   |  |  |  |  |  |
| IEC 60889     | Hard-drawn aluminum wire for overhead line conductors  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IEC 60114     | Recommendation for heat-treated aluminum alloy bus bar material of the aluminum-magnesium-silicon type                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| IEC 61089     | Round wire concentric lay overhead electrical stranded conductors  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IEC 61395     | Overhead electrical conductors – Creep test procedures for stranded conductors   |  |  |  |  |  |
| IEC 61396     | Electrical, mechanical and physical requirements and test methods of optical ground wire (OPGW)                          |  |  |  |  |  |
| EIA/TIA 598   | Color code of fiber optic cables   |  |  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T G.650   | Definition and test methods for the relevant parameters of single-mode fibers  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T G.652   | Characteristics of a single-mode optical fiber cable   |  |  |  |  |  |
| ITU-T G.655   | Characteristics of a non-zero dispersion shifted single-mode optical fiber cable   |  |  |  |  |  |

#### 3. OPTICAL FIBER: Type G. 652

The optical fiber shall be made of high pure silica and germanium doped silica. UV curable acrylate material is applied over fiber cladding as optical fiber primary protective coating. The detailed data of optical fiber performance are shown in the following table:



#### ZTT G.652D Fiber

|                               | B  | Specifications         |                    |  |
|-------------------------------|--|------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Category                      | Description  | Before cabling         | After cabling      |  |
|                               | Attenuation @1310 nm   | ≤0.34 dB/km (max.)     | ≤0.36 dB/km (max.) |  |
|                               | Attenuation @1383±3 nm   | ≤0.32 dB/km(max.)      | ≤0.35 dB/km(max.)  |  |
|                               | Attenuation @1550 nm   | ≤0.20 dB/km (max.)     | ≤0.22dB/km (max.)  |  |
|                               | Attenuation @1625 nm   | ≤0.23dB/km             | ≤0.25 dB/km        |  |
|                               | Zero Dispersion Wavelength   | 1300~1324 nm           |                    |  |
| Optical<br>Specifications     | Zero Dispersion Slope  | ≤ 0.092 ps/nm²·km      |                    |  |
|                               | PMD Link value (M=20cables Q=0.01% ) maximum $PMD_Q$                         | 0.1 ps/√km             |                    |  |
|                               | Cable Cutoff Wavelength $(\lambda_{cc})$                                     | ≤1260 nm               |                    |  |
|                               | Macro bending Loss (100 turns; Φ50 mm) @1550 nm (100 turns; Φ50 mm) @1625 nm | ≤ 0.05 dB<br>≤ 0.10 dB |                    |  |
|                               | Mode Field Diameter @1310 nm   | 9.2±0.4µm              |                    |  |
|                               | Cladding Diameter  | 125 ±0.7μm             |                    |  |
| Dimensional<br>Specifications | Core/clad concentricity error  | ≤0.5μm                 |                    |  |
|                               | Cladding Non-Circularity   | ≤1.0%                  |                    |  |
| Mechanical<br>Specifications  | Proof stress   | ≥0.69Gpa               |                    |  |



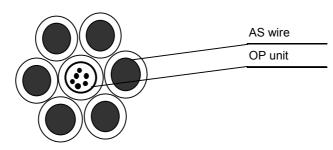
#### 4. CONSTRUCTURE AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR OPGW

| <b>OZTT</b>       |                           | Serial No: | ZTT201013264 |
|-------------------|---------------------------|------------|--------------|
| ZhongTian Hitachi | OPGW Cable Specifications | Bid No:    | OPGW         |

Cable Type: OPGW - 1C 1/36B1 (0/50 -16.0)

Industry standard: OPGW-36B1-50 [51.1;16.0]

**Cross Section:** 



|           |        | Name      | No | Name    | No | Mate      | erial Dia. |
|-----------|--------|-----------|----|---------|----|-----------|------------|
|           | Fiber  | G.652     | 36 | G.655   | 0  |           |            |
| Structure | Center | SUS Tube  | 1  | Fibers  | 36 | Tube-Dia. | 3.20 mm    |
|           | Layer1 | 27%ASwire | 6  | AA wire | 0  | Diameter  | 3.25 mm    |
|           |        |           |    |         |    |           |            |
|           |        |           |    |         |    |           |            |
|           |        |           |    |         |    |           |            |

|                | according to IEC, IEEE standards                             |                                |
|----------------|--|--------------------------------|
|                | Stranded:core and layer1 greased                             |                                |
|                | stranding direction of outer layer is left hand(S-stranding) |                                |
|                | Cable Diameter   | 9.70 mm                        |
|                | Cable Weight   | 328 kg/km                      |
|                | Supporting Cross Section                                     | 50 mm <sup>2</sup>             |
|                | Section of AS Wire 49.77 mm <sup>2</sup>                     |                                |
|                | Section of AA Wire 0.00 mm <sup>2</sup>                      |                                |
|                |  |                                |
|                | Rated Tensile Strength (RTS)                                 | 51.1 kN                        |
| Technical Data | Modulus of Elasticity (E-Modulus)                            | 140.0 kN/mm <sup>2</sup>       |
|                | Thermal Elongation Coefficient                               | 13.4 ×10 <sup>-6</sup> /℃      |
|                | Permissible Maximum Working Stress (40% RTS)                 | 410.4 N/mm <sup>2</sup>        |
|                | Everyday Stress (EDS) (16%~25% RTS)                          | 164.2 ~256.5 N/mm <sup>2</sup> |
|                | Ultimate Exceptional Stress (70% RTS)                        | 718.2 N/mm <sup>2</sup>        |
|                | DC Resistance  | 1.301 Ω/km                     |
|                | Short Time Current (1s, Initial 40℃)                         | 4.0 kA                         |
|                | Short Time Current Capacity I <sup>2</sup> t                 | 16.0 kA <sup>2</sup> s         |
|                | Minimum Bending Radiu Installation:                          | 194 mm                         |
|                | Operating:   | 145 mm                         |
|                | Ratio between Pull and Weight                                | 15.9 km                        |
| Temperature    | Installation   | -10℃ ~ +50℃                    |
| Range:         | Transportation and Operation                                 | -40℃ ~+80℃                     |

Remarks: All Sizes and Values are Nominal Values

| Rev. ZHC-TD 10-2008 | esigner | WangLF | Authorized | 2010-9-1 |
|---------------------|---------|--------|------------|----------|
|                     |         | . 0    |            |          |



#### 5. COLOR IDENTIFICATION OF FIBER IN OPGW

## 5.1 Color code of fiber in OPGW shall be identified referring to the following table:

Typical number of fiber: 36

| Remark             | Fiber No. & Color |        |        |        |      |       |
|--------------------|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|
|                    | 1                 | 2      | 3      | 4      | 5    | 6     |
| Without Color Ding | Blue              | Orange | Green  | Brown  | Gray | White |
| Without Color Ring | 7                 | 8      | 9      | 10     | 11   | 12    |
|                    | Red               | Nature | Yellow | Violet | Pink | Aqua  |
|                    | 13                | 14     | 15     | 16     | 17   | 18    |
| With S60 Color     | Blue              | Orange | Green  | Brown  | Gray | White |
| Ring               | 19                | 20     | 21     | 22     | 23   | 24    |
|                    | Red               | Nature | Yellow | Violet | Pink | Aqua  |
|                    | 25                | 26     | 27     | 28     | 29   | 30    |
| With D80 Color     | Blue              | Orange | Green  | Brown  | Gray | White |
| Ring               | 31                | 32     | 33     | 34     | 35   | 36    |
|                    | Red               | Nature | Yellow | Violet | Pink | Aqua  |

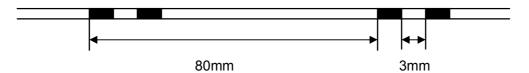
Remark: The black color with color ring is changed into nature color.

#### **Color ring method:**

S60: Use single black color ring on the fiber surface with 60mm alternation:



D80: Use double black color ring on the fiber surface with 80mm alternation:





#### 6. TEST REQUIREMENTS FOR OPGW

#### 6.1 General

There are different test series to assure the quality of OPGW:

- Routine test (in–process testing according to internal quality plan)
- Factory acceptance test (FAT, witnessed by customer)
- Type test (only in case of a basic new design, repetition in exceptional cases)

OPGW tests shall be in accordance with applicable standards or agreements between purchaser and manufacturer.

#### Type test

Type test may be waived by submitting maker's certificate of the similar product performed in an internationally acknowledged independent test organization or laboratory. If type test should be performed, it will be carried out according to an extra type test procedure reached to an agreement between purchaser and manufacturer.

#### Routine test

The optical attenuation coefficient on all production cable lengths is measured according to IEC 60793-1-CIC (Back-scattering technique, OTDR). Standard single-mode fibers are measured at 1310nm and at 1550nm. Non-zero dispersion shifted single-mode (NZDS) fibers are measured at 1550nm.

#### Factory test

Factory acceptance test is carried out on two samples per order in the presence of the customer or his representative. The requirements for quality characteristics are determined by relevant standards and agreed quality plans.

#### 6.2 Test items

The following table shows that the test items shall be carried out according to corresponding references.

#### Test on fibers

| No | Item                          | Reference      |
|----|-------------------------------|----------------|
| 1  | Attenuation coefficient       | IEC 60793-1-40 |
| 2  | Chromatic dispersion          | IEC 60793-1-42 |
| 3  | Mode field diameter           | IEC 60793-1-45 |
| 4  | Cladding diameter             | IEC 60793-1-20 |
| 5  | Cladding non-circularity      | IEC 60793-1-20 |
| 6  | Core/clad concentricity error | IEC 60793-1-20 |
| 7  | Cable cutoff wavelength       | IEC 60793-1-44 |



#### Test on Aluminum clad steel wire before stranding

| No | Item                       | Reference |
|----|----------------------------|-----------|
| 1  | Quality of appearance      | IEC 61232 |
| 2  | Diameter                   | IEC 61232 |
| 3  | Tensile stress test        | IEC 61232 |
| 4  | Elongation test            | IEC 61232 |
| 5  | Torsion test               | IEC 61232 |
| 6  | Resistivity                | IEC 61232 |
| 7  | Minimum aluminum thickness | IEC 61232 |
| 8  | Stress at 1% extension     | IEC 61232 |

#### Test on finished OPGW

| No | Item                             | Reference      |
|----|----------------------------------|----------------|
| 1  | Tensile Test                     | IEC-60794-4-10 |
| 2  | Stress-strain test               | IEC-60794-4-10 |
| 3  | Crush test                       | IEC-60794-4-10 |
| 4  | Impact test                      | IEC-60794-4-10 |
| 5  | Temperature cycling test         | IEC-60794-4-10 |
| 6  | 6 Water penetration test IEC-607 |                |
| 7  | Drip test                        | IEC-60794-4-10 |
| 8  | Sheave test                      | IEC-60794-4-10 |
| 9  | Short circuit test               | IEC-60794-4-10 |
| 10 | Lightning test                   | IEC-60794-4-10 |
| 11 | Aeolian vibration test           | IEC-60794-4-10 |
| 12 | Galloping test                   | IEC-60794-4-10 |
| 13 | Creep test                       | IEC-60794-4-10 |

Note: the above-mentioned items 9-13 (bold font) which are considered as type tests will not be included in factory test report. Other items of completed OPGW can be tested and inspected in our factory.